33.1 ARTICLE 2 33.2 ENVIRONMENT AND NATURAL RESOURCES STATUTORY CHANGES

- 33.3 Section 1. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 16A.531, subdivision 1a, is amended to 33.4 read:
- 33.5 Subd. 1a. **Revenues.** The following revenues must be deposited in the
- 33.6 environmental fund:
- 33.7 (1) revenue from the motor vehicle transfer fee as provided in section 115A.908,
- 33.8 subdivision 2;
- 33.9 (2) all fees collected under section 116.07, subdivision 4d;
- 33.10 (3) all money collected by the Pollution Control Agency in enforcement matters
- 33.11 as provided in section 115.073;
- 33.12 (4) (3) all revenues from license fees for subsurface sewage treatment systems
- 33.13 under section 115.56;
- 33.14 (5) (4) all loan repayments deposited under section 115A.0716;
- 33.15 (6) (5) all revenue from pollution prevention fees imposed under section 115D.12;
- 33.16 (7) (6) all loan repayments deposited under section 116.994;
- 33.17 (8) (7) all fees collected under section 116C.834;
- 33.18 $\frac{(9)}{(8)}$ revenue collected from the solid waste management tax pursuant to chapter 33.19 $\frac{(9)}{(8)}$ revenue collected from the solid waste management tax pursuant to chapter
- 33.20 (10) (9) fees collected under section 473.844;
- 33.21 (11) (10) interest accrued on the fund; and
- 33.22 (12) (11) money received in the form of gifts, grants, reimbursement, or appropriation
- 33.23 from any source for any of the purposes provided in subdivision 2, except federal grants.

75.5 ARTICLE 4 75.6 ENVIRONMENT AND NATURAL RESOURCES STATUTORY CHANGES

- 75.7 Section 1. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 13.7411, subdivision 8, is amended to read:
- 75.8 Subd. 8. Pollution Control Agency. (a) Hazardous waste generators.

- 75.9 Information provided by hazardous waste generators under section 473.151 and for which
- 75.10 confidentiality is claimed is governed by section 116.075, subdivision 2.
- 75.11 (b) **Priority chemicals.** Trade secret information and other information submitted 75.12 to the Pollution Control Agency related to priority chemicals in children's products are
- 75.13 governed by section 116.9408.
- 75.14 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective July 1, 2016.

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- 33.24 Sec. 2. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 16C.073, subdivision 2, is amended to read:
- 33.25 Subd. 2. **Purchases; printing.** (a) Whenever practicable, a public entity shall:
- 33.26 (1) purchase uncoated copy paper, office paper, and printing paper;
- 33.27 (2) purchase recycled content copy paper with at least ten 30 percent postconsumer
- 33.28 material by weight and purchase printing and office paper with at least ten percent
- 33.29 postconsumer material by weight;
- 33.30 (3) purchase copy, office, and printing paper which has not been dyed with colors,
- 33.31 excluding pastel colors;
- 33.32 (4) purchase recycled content copy, office, and printing paper that is manufactured
- 33.33 using little or no chlorine bleach or chlorine derivatives;
- 34.1 (5) use no more than two colored inks, standard or processed, except in formats
- 34.2 where they are necessary to convey meaning;
- 34.3 (6) (5) use reusable binding materials or staples and bind documents by methods
- 34.4 that do not use glue;
- 34.5 (7) (6) use soy-based inks;
- 34.6 (8) (7) produce reports, publications, and periodicals that are readily recyclable
- 34.7 within the state resource recovery program; and
- 34.8 (9) (8) purchase paper which has been made on a paper machine located in Minnesota.
- 34.9 (b) Paragraph (a), clause (1), does not apply to coated paper that is made with at 34.10 least 50 percent postconsumer material.
- 34.11 (c) A public entity shall print documents on both sides of the paper where commonly
- 34.12 accepted publishing practices allow.
- 34.13 (d) Notwithstanding paragraph (a), clause (2), and section 16C.0725, copier paper
- 34.14 purchased by a state agency must contain at least ten percent postconsumer material by
- 34.15 fiber content.
- 34.16 Sec. 3. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 84.415, subdivision 7, is amended to read:
- 34.17 Subd. 7. Existing road right-of-way; Fee exemption. (a) A utility license for
- 34.18 crossing public lands or public waters is exempt from all application fees specified in this
- 34.19 section and in rules adopted under this section when the utility crossing is on an existing
- 34.20 right-of-way of a public road.
- 34.21 (b) This subdivision applies to telephone lines and to electric power lines, cables,
- 34.22 or conduits under 100 kilovolts.
- 34.23 (c) This subdivision does not apply to electric power lines, cables, or conduits 100
- 34.24 kilovolts or greater or to mains or pipelines for gas, liquids, or solids in suspension.

75.15 Sec. 2. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 84.415, subdivision 7, is amended to read:

75.16 Subd. 7. Existing road right-of-way; Application fee exemption. (a) A utility

75.17 license for crossing public lands or public waters is exempt from all application fees

75.18 specified in this section and in rules adopted under this section when the utility crossing is

- 75.19 on an existing right-of-way of a public road.
- 75.20 (b) This subdivision does not apply to electric power lines, cables, or conduits 100
- 75.21 kilovolts or greater or to main pipelines for gas, liquids, or solids in suspension.

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- 34.25 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective retroactively from July 1, 2014, and
- 34.26 does not authorize the retroactive collection of fees.
- 34.27 Sec. 4. [84.69] NATURAL RESOURCES CONSERVATION EASEMENT
- 34.28 STEWARDSHIP ACCOUNT.
- 34.29 Subdivision 1. Account established; sources. The natural resources conservation
- 34.30 easement stewardship account is created in the special revenue fund. The account consists
- 34.31 of money credited to the account and interest and other earnings on money in the account.
- 34.32 The State Board of Investment must manage the account to maximize long-term gain. The
- 34.33 following revenue must be deposited in the natural resources conservation easement
- 34.34 stewardship account:
- 35.1 (1) contributions to the account or specified for any purpose of the account;
- 35.2 (2) contributions under subdivision 3; section 84.66, subdivision 11; or other
- 35.3 applicable law;
- 35.4 (3) money appropriated for any of the purposes described in subdivision 2;
- 35.5 (4) money appropriated for monitoring and enforcement of easements and earnings
- 35.6 on the money appropriated that revert to the state under section 97A.056, subdivision
- 35.7 17, or other applicable law; and
- 35.8 (5) gifts under section 84.085 for conservation easement stewardship.
- 35.9 Subd. 2. Appropriation; purposes of account. Five percent of the balance on
- 35.10 July 1 of each year in the natural resources conservation easement stewardship account
- 35.11 is annually appropriated to the commissioner of natural resources and may be spent
- 35.12 only to cover the costs of managing conservation easements held by the Department
- 35.13 of Natural Resources, including costs associated with monitoring, landowner contacts,
- 35.14 records storage and management, processing landowner notices, requests for approval
- 35.15 or amendments, enforcement, and legal services associated with conservation easement
- 35.16 management activities.
- 35.17 Subd. 3. Financial contributions. The commissioner shall seek a financial
- 35.18 contribution to the natural resources conservation easement stewardship account for each
- 35.19 conservation easement acquired by or assigned to the Department of Natural Resources.
- 35.20 Unless otherwise provided by law, the commissioner shall determine the amount of the
- 35.21 contribution, which must be an amount calculated to earn sufficient money to meet
- 35.22 the costs of managing the conservation easement at a level that neither significantly
- 35.23 overrecovers nor underrecovers the costs. In determining the amount of the financial
- 35.24 contribution, the commissioner shall consider:
- 35.25 (1) the estimated annual staff hours needed to manage the conservation easement,
- 35.26 taking into consideration factors such as easement type, size, location, and complexity;

75.22 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective retroactively from July 1, 2014.

- 75.23 Sec. 3. [84.69] NATURAL RESOURCES CONSERVATION EASEMENT
- 75.24 STEWARDSHIP ACCOUNT.
- 75.25 Subdivision 1. Account established; sources. The natural resources conservation
- 75.26 easement stewardship account is created in the special revenue fund. The account consists
- 75.27 of money credited to the account and interest and other earnings on money in the account.
- 75.28 The State Board of Investment must manage the account to maximize long-term gain. The
- 75.29 following revenue must be deposited in the natural resources conservation easement
- 75.30 stewardship account:
- 75.31 (1) contributions to the account or specified for any purpose of the account;
- 76.1 (2) contributions under subdivision 3; section 84.66, subdivision 11; or other
- 76.2 applicable law;
- 76.3 (3) money appropriated for any of the purposes described in subdivision 2;
- 76.4 (4) money appropriated for monitoring and enforcement of easements and earnings
- 76.5 on the money appropriated that revert to the state under section 97A.056, subdivision
- 76.6 17, or other applicable law; and
- 76.7 (5) gifts under section 84.085 for conservation easement stewardship.
- 76.8 Subd. 2. Appropriation; purposes of account. Five percent of the balance on
- 76.9 July 1 of each year in the natural resources conservation easement stewardship account
- 76.10 is annually appropriated to the commissioner of natural resources and may be spent
- 76.11 only to cover the costs of managing conservation easements held by the Department
- 76.12 of Natural Resources, including costs associated with monitoring, landowner contacts,
- 76.13 records storage and management, processing landowner notices, requests for approval
- 76.14 or amendments, enforcement, and legal services associated with conservation easement
- 76.15 management activities.
- 76.16 Subd. 3. Financial contributions. The commissioner shall seek a financial
- 76.17 contribution to the natural resources conservation easement stewardship account for each
- 76.18 conservation easement acquired by or assigned to the Department of Natural Resources.
- 76.19 Unless otherwise provided by law, the commissioner shall determine the amount of the
- 76.20 contribution, which must be an amount calculated to earn sufficient money to meet
- 76.21 the costs of managing the conservation easement at a level that neither significantly
- 76.22 overrecovers nor underrecovers the costs. In determining the amount of the financial
- 76.23 contribution, the commissioner shall consider:
- 76.24 (1) the estimated annual staff hours needed to manage the conservation easement,
- 76.25 taking into consideration factors such as easement type, size, location, and complexity;

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- 35.27 (2) the average hourly wages for the class or classes of employees expected to
- 35.28 manage the conservation easement;
- 35.29 (3) the estimated annual travel expenses to manage the conservation easement;
- 35.30 (4) the estimated annual miscellaneous costs to manage the conservation easement,
- 35.31 including supplies and equipment, information technology support, and aerial flyovers;
- 35.32 (5) the estimated annualized cost of legal services, including the cost to enforce the
- 35.33 easement in the event of a violation; and
- 35.34 (6) the expected rate of return on investments in the account.
- 35.35 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** Subdivisions 1 and 2 of this section are effective the day
- 35.36 following final enactment. Subdivision 3 of this section is effective for conservation
- 36.1 easements acquired with money appropriated on or after July 1, 2015, and for acquisitions
- 36.2 of conservation easements by gift that are initiated on or after July 1, 2015.
- 36.3 Sec. 5. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 84.788, subdivision 5, is amended to read:
- 36.4 Subd. 5. Report of ownership transfers; fee. A person who sells or transfers (a)
- 36.5 Application for transfer of ownership of an off-highway motorcycle registered under
- 36.6 this section shall report the sale or transfer must be made to the commissioner within
- 36.7 15 days of the date of transfer.
- 36.8 (b) An application for transfer must be executed by the registered owner and the
- 36.9 buyer on a form prescribed by the commissioner with the owner's registration certificate,
- 36.10 purchaser using a bill of sale, and a \$4 fee that includes the vehicle serial number.
- 36.11 (c) The purchaser is subject to the penalties imposed by section 84.774 if the
- 36.12 purchaser fails to apply for transfer of ownership as provided under this subdivision.
- 36.13 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective January 1, 2016.
- 36.14 Sec. 6. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 84.788, is amended by adding a subdivision
- 36.15 to read:
- 36.16 Subd. 5a. **Report of registration transfers.** (a) Application for transfer of
- 36.17 registration under this section must be made to the commissioner within 15 days of the
- 36.18 date of transfer.
- 36.19 (b) An application for transfer must be executed by the registered owner and the
- 36.20 purchaser using a bill of sale that includes the vehicle serial number.
- 36.21 (c) The purchaser is subject to the penalties imposed by section 84.774 if the
- 36.22 purchaser fails to apply for transfer of registration as provided under this subdivision.

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- 76.26 (2) the average hourly wages for the class or classes of employees expected to
- 76.27 manage the conservation easement;
- 76.28 (3) the estimated annual travel expenses to manage the conservation easement;
- 76.29 (4) the estimated annual miscellaneous costs to manage the conservation easement,
- 76.30 including supplies and equipment, information technology support, and aerial flyovers;
- 76.31 (5) the estimated annualized cost of legal services, including the cost to enforce the
- 76.32 easement in the event of a violation; and
- 76.33 (6) the expected rate of return on investments in the account.
- 76.34 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** Subdivisions 1 and 2 of this section are effective the day
- 76.35 following final enactment. Subdivision 3 of this section is effective for conservation
- 77.1 easements acquired with money appropriated on or after July 1, 2015, and for acquisitions
- 77.2 of conservation easements by gift that are initiated on or after July 1, 2015.

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36.23 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective January 1, 2016.

36.24 Sec. 7. [84.8031] GRANT-IN-AID APPLICATIONS; REVIEW PERIOD.

- 36.25 The commissioner must review an off-road vehicle grant-in-aid application and, if
- 36.26 approved, commence public review of the application within 60 days after the application
- 36.27 has been locally approved and submitted to an area parks and trails office. If the
- 36.28 commissioner fails to approve or deny the application within 60 days after submission,
- 36.29 the application is deemed approved and the commissioner must provide for a 30-day
- 36.30 public review period.

- 36.31 Sec. 8. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 84.82, subdivision 6, is amended to read:
- 37.1 Subd. 6. **Exemptions.** Registration is not required under this section for:
- 37.2 (1) a snowmobile owned and used by the United States, an Indian tribal government, 37.3 another state, or a political subdivision thereof:
- 37.4 (2) a snowmobile registered in a country other than the United States temporarily 37.5 used within this state:
- 37.6 (3) a snowmobile that is covered by a valid license of another state and has not been
- 37.7 within this state for more than 30 consecutive days or that is registered by an Indian tribal
- 37.8 government to a tribal member and has not been outside the tribal reservation boundary
- 37.9 for more than 30 consecutive days;
- 37.10 (4) a snowmobile used exclusively in organized track racing events;
- 37.11 (5) a snowmobile in transit by a manufacturer, distributor, or dealer;
- 37.12 (6) a snowmobile at least 15 years old in transit by an individual for use only on
- 37.13 land owned or leased by the individual; or

77.3 Sec. 4. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 84.82, subdivision 2a, is amended to read:

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- 77.4 Subd. 2a. Nontrail use registration. A snowmobile may be registered for nontrail
- 77.5 use. A snowmobile registered under this subdivision may not be operated on a state or
- 77.6 grant-in-aid snowmobile trail. The fee for a nontrail use registration of a snowmobile with
- 77.7 an engine displacement that is greater than 125 cubic centimeters is \$45 for three years. A
- 77.8 nontrail use registration is not transferable. In addition to other penalties prescribed by
- 77.9 law, the penalty for violation of this subdivision is immediate revocation of the nontrail
- 77.10 use registration. The commissioner shall ensure that the registration sticker provided for
- 77.11 limited nontrail use is of a different color and is distinguishable from other snowmobile
- 77.12 registration and state trail stickers provided.
- 77.13 Sec. 5. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 84.82, subdivision 6, is amended to read:
- 77.14 Subd. 6. **Exemptions.** Registration is not required under this section for:
- 77.15 (1) a snowmobile owned and used by the United States, an Indian tribal government, 77.16 another state, or a political subdivision thereof;
- 77.17 (2) a snowmobile registered in a country other than the United States temporarily 77.18 used within this state:
- 77.19 (3) a snowmobile that is covered by a valid license of another state and has not been
- 77.20 within this state for more than 30 consecutive days or that is registered by an Indian tribal
- 77.21 government to a tribal member and has not been outside the tribal reservation boundary
- 77.22 for more than 30 consecutive days;
- 77.23 (4) a snowmobile used exclusively in organized track racing events;
- 77.24 (5) a snowmobile in transit by a manufacturer, distributor, or dealer;
- 77.25 (6) a snowmobile at least 15 years old in transit by an individual for use only on
- 77.26 land owned or leased by the individual; or

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- 37.14 (7) a snowmobile while being used to groom a state or grant-in-aid trail-; or
- 37.15 (8) a snowmobile with an engine displacement that is less than 125 cubic centimeters
- 37.16 provided the snowmobile is not operated on state or grant-in-aid snowmobile trails.
- 37.17 Sec. 9. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 84.84, is amended to read:
- 37 18 84.84 TRANSFER OR TERMINATION OF SNOWMOBILE OWNERSHIP.
- 37.19 (a) Within 15 days after the transfer of ownership, or any part thereof, other than a
- 37.20 security interest, or the destruction or abandonment of any snowmobile, written notice
- 37.21 thereof of the transfer or destruction or abandonment shall be given to the commissioner
- 37.22 in such form as the commissioner shall prescribe.
- 37.23 (b) An application for transfer must be executed by the registered owner and the
- 37.24 purchaser using a bill of sale that includes the vehicle serial number.
- 37.25 (c) The purchaser is subject to the penalties imposed by section 84.88 if the purchaser
- 37.26 fails to apply for transfer of ownership as provided under this subdivision. Every owner
- 37.27 or part owner of a snowmobile shall, upon failure to give such notice of destruction or
- 37.28 abandonment, be subject to the penalties imposed by Laws 1967, chapter 876 section 84.88.

37.29 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective July 1, 2016.

- 37.30 Sec. 10. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 84.92, subdivision 8, is amended to read:
- 37.31 Subd. 8. **All-terrain vehicle or vehicle.** "All-terrain vehicle" or "vehicle" means
- 37.32 a motorized vehicle of with: (1) not less than three, but not more than six low pressure
- 37.33 or non-pneumatic tires, that is limited in engine displacement of less than 1,000 cubic
- 38.1 eentimeters and; (2) a total dry weight of 2,000 pounds or less; and (3) a total width
- 38.2 from outside of tire rim to outside of tire rim that is 65 inches or less. All-terrain vehicle
- 38.3 includes a class 1 all-terrain vehicle and class 2 all-terrain vehicle. All-terrain vehicle does
- 38.4 not include a golf cart, mini-truck, dune buggy, or go-cart or a vehicle designed and used
- 38.5 specifically for lawn maintenance, agriculture, logging, or mining purposes.
- 38.6 Sec. 11. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 84.92, subdivision 9, is amended to read:
- 38.7 Subd. 9. Class 1 all-terrain vehicle. "Class 1 all-terrain vehicle" means an
- 38.8 all-terrain vehicle that has a total dry weight of less than 1,200 pounds width from outside
- 38.9 of tire rim to outside of tire rim that is 50 inches or less.
- 38.10 Sec. 12. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 84.92, subdivision 10, is amended to read:
- 38.11 Subd. 10. Class 2 all-terrain vehicle. "Class 2 all-terrain vehicle" means an
- 38.12 all-terrain vehicle that has a total dry weight of 1,200 to 1,800 pounds width from outside
- 38.13 of tire rim to outside of tire rim that is greater than 50 inches but not more than 65 inches.

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- 77.27 (7) a snowmobile while being used to groom a state or grant-in-aid trail; or
- 77.28 (8) a snowmobile with an engine displacement that is 125 cubic centimeters or less
- 77.29 and the snowmobile is not operated on a state or grant-in-aid trail.

- 77.30 Sec. 6. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 84.92, subdivision 8, is amended to read:
- 77.31 Subd. 8. All-terrain vehicle or vehicle. "All-terrain vehicle" or "vehicle" means
- 77.32 a motorized vehicle $\underline{\text{of}}$ with: (1) not less than three, but not more than six low pressure
- 77.33 or non-pneumatic tires, that is limited in engine displacement of less than 1,000 cubic
- 78.1 eentimeters and; (2) a total dry weight of 2,000 pounds or less; and (3) a total width
- 78.2 from outside of tire rim to outside of tire rim that is 65 inches or less. All-terrain vehicle
- 78.3 includes a class 1 all-terrain vehicle and class 2 all-terrain vehicle. All-terrain vehicle does
- 78.4 not include a golf cart, mini-truck, dune buggy, or go-cart or a vehicle designed and used
- 78.5 specifically for lawn maintenance, agriculture, logging, or mining purposes.
- 78.6 Sec. 7. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 84.92, subdivision 9, is amended to read:
- 78.7 Subd. 9. Class 1 all-terrain vehicle. "Class 1 all-terrain vehicle" means an
- 78.8 all-terrain vehicle that has a total dry weight of less than 1,200 pounds width from outside
- 78.9 of tire rim to outside of tire rim that is 50 inches or less.
- 78.10 Sec. 8. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 84.92, subdivision 10, is amended to read:
- 78.11 Subd. 10. Class 2 all-terrain vehicle. "Class 2 all-terrain vehicle" means an
- 78.12 all-terrain vehicle that has a total dry weight of 1,200 to 1,800 pounds width from outside
- 78.13 of tire rim to outside of tire rim that is greater than 50 inches but not more than 65 inches.

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- 38.14 Sec. 13. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 84.922, subdivision 4, is amended to read:
- 38.15 Subd. 4. Report of transfers. A person who sells or transfers ownership of a
- 38.16 vehicle registered under this section shall report the sale or (a) Application for transfer of
- 38.17 ownership must be made to the commissioner within 15 days of the date of transfer.
- 38.18 (b) An application for transfer must be executed by the registered owner and
- 38.19 the purchaser on a form prescribed by the commissioner with the owner's registration
- 38.20 eertificate, using a bill of sale and a \$4 fee that includes the vehicle serial number.
- 38.21 (c) The purchaser is subject to the penalties imposed by section 84.774 if the
- 38.22 purchaser fails to apply for transfer of ownership as provided under this subdivision.
- 38.23 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective January 1, 2016.

- 38.24 Sec. 14. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 84.925, subdivision 5, is amended to read:
- 38.25 Subd. 5. **Training requirements.** (a) An individual who was born after July 1, 38.26 1987, and who is 16 years of age or older, must successfully complete the independent 38.27 study course component of all-terrain vehicle safety training before operating an all-terrain 38.28 vehicle on public lands or waters, public road rights-of-way, or state or grant-in-aid trails.

- 78.14 Sec. 9. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 84.922, subdivision 5, is amended to read:
- 78.15 Subd. 5. **Fees for registration.** (a) The fee for a three-year registration of

- 78.16 an all-terrain vehicle under this section, other than those registered by a dealer or
- 78.17 manufacturer under paragraph (b) or (c), is:
- 78.18 (1) for public use, \$45 for class 1 all-terrain vehicles and \$48 for class 2 all-terrain 78.19 vehicles;
- 78.20 (2) for private use, \$6; and
- 78.21 (3) for a duplicate or transfer, \$4.
- 78.22 (b) The total registration fee for all-terrain vehicles owned by a dealer and operated for
- 78.23 demonstration or testing purposes is \$50 per year. Dealer registrations are not transferable.
- 78.24 (c) The total registration fee for all-terrain vehicles owned by a manufacturer and
- 78.25 operated for research, testing, experimentation, or demonstration purposes is \$150 per
- 78.26 year. Manufacturer registrations are not transferable.
- 78.27 (d) The onetime fee for registration of an all-terrain vehicle under subdivision 2b is \$6.
- 78.28 (e) The fees collected under this subdivision must be credited to the all-terrain 78.29 vehicle account.

38.29 (b) An individual who is convicted of violating a law related to the operation of an

- 38.30 all-terrain vehicle must successfully complete the independent study course component of 38.31 all-terrain vehicle safety training before continuing operation of an all-terrain vehicle.
- 39.1 (c) An individual who is convicted for a second or subsequent excess speed, trespass,
- 39.2 or wetland violation in an all-terrain vehicle season, or any conviction for careless or
- 39.3 reckless operation of an all-terrain vehicle, must successfully complete the independent
- 39.4 study and the testing and operating course components of all-terrain vehicle safety training
- 39.5 before continuing operation of an all-terrain vehicle.
- 39.6 (d) An individual who receives three or more citations and convictions for violating a
- 39.7 law related to the operation of an all-terrain vehicle in a two-year period must successfully
- 39.8 complete the independent study and the testing and operating course components of
- 39.9 all-terrain vehicle safety training before continuing operation of an all-terrain vehicle.
- 39.10 (e) An individual must present evidence of compliance with this subdivision before
- 39.11 an all-terrain vehicle registration is issued or renewed. A person may use the following as
- 39.12 evidence of meeting all-terrain vehicle safety certificate requirements:
- 39.13 (1) a valid all-terrain vehicle safety certificate issued by the commissioner;
- 39.14 (2) a driver's license that has a valid all-terrain vehicle safety certificate indicator
- 39.15 issued under section 171.07, subdivision 18; or
- 39.16 (3) an identification card that has a valid all-terrain vehicle safety certificate indicator
- 39.17 issued under section 171.07, subdivision 18.
- 39.18 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective January 1, 2016, or the date the new
- 39.19 driver and vehicle services information technology system is implemented, whichever
- 39.20 comes later.
- 39.21 Sec. 15. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 84.9256, subdivision 1, is amended to read:
- 39.22 Subdivision 1. **Prohibitions on youthful operators.** (a) Except for operation on
- 39.23 public road rights-of-way that is permitted under section 84.928 and as provided under
- 39.24 paragraph (j), a driver's license issued by the state or another state is required to operate an
- 39.25 all-terrain vehicle along or on a public road right-of-way.
- 39.26 (b) A person under 12 years of age shall not:
- 39.27 (1) make a direct crossing of a public road right-of-way;
- 39.28 (2) operate an all-terrain vehicle on a public road right-of-way in the state; or
- 39.29 (3) operate an all-terrain vehicle on public lands or waters, except as provided in 39.30 paragraph (f).

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39.31 (c) Except for public road rights-of-way of interstate highways, a person 12 years 39.32 of age but less than 16 years may make a direct crossing of a public road right-of-way 39.33 of a trunk, county state-aid, or county highway or operate on public lands and waters or 39.34 state or grant-in-aid trails, only if that person possesses a valid all-terrain vehicle safety 40.1 certificate issued by the commissioner and is accompanied by a person 18 years of age or 40.2 older who holds a valid driver's license.

- 40.3 (d) To be issued an all-terrain vehicle safety certificate, a person at least 12 years 40.4 old, but less than 16 years old, must:
- 40.5 (1) successfully complete the safety education and training program under section 40.6 84.925, subdivision 1, including a riding component; and
- 40.7 (2) be able to properly reach and control the handle bars and reach the foot pegs 40.8 while sitting upright on the seat of the all-terrain vehicle.
- 40.9 (e) A person at least 11 years of age may take the safety education and training 40.10 program and may receive an all-terrain vehicle safety certificate under paragraph (d), but 40.11 the certificate is not valid until the person reaches age 12.
- 40.12 (f) A person at least ten years of age but under 12 years of age may operate an 40.13 all-terrain vehicle with an engine capacity up to 90cc on public lands or waters if 40.14 accompanied by a parent or legal guardian.
- 40.15 (g) A person under 15 years of age shall not operate a class 2 all-terrain vehicle.
- 40.16 (h) A person under the age of 16 may not operate an all-terrain vehicle on public 40.17 lands or waters or on state or grant-in-aid trails if the person cannot properly reach and 40.18 control the handle bars and reach the foot pegs while sitting upright on the seat of the 40.19 all-terrain vehicle.
- 40.20 (i) Notwithstanding paragraph (c), a nonresident at least 12 years old, but less than 40.21 16 years old, may make a direct crossing of a public road right-of-way of a trunk, county 40.22 state-aid, or county highway or operate an all-terrain vehicle on public lands and waters 40.23 or state or grant-in-aid trails if:
- 40.24 (1) the nonresident youth has in possession evidence of completing an all-terrain 40.25 safety course offered by the ATV Safety Institute or another state as provided in section 40.26 84.925, subdivision 3; and
- 40.27 (2) the nonresident youth is accompanied by a person 18 years of age or older who 40.28 holds a valid driver's license.
- 40.29 (j) A person 12 years of age but less than 16 years of age may operate an all-terrain 40.30 vehicle on the <u>roadway</u> bank, slope, or ditch of a public road right-of-way as permitted 40.31 under section 84.928 if the person:

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40.32 (1) possesses a valid all-terrain vehicle safety certificate issued by the commissioner; 40.33 and

- 40.34 (2) is accompanied by a parent or legal guardian on a separate all-terrain vehicle.
- 40.35 Sec. 16. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 84.928, subdivision 1, is amended to read:
- 41.1 Subdivision 1. Operation on roads and rights-of-way. (a) Unless otherwise
- 41.2 allowed in sections 84.92 to 84.928 or by local ordinance under paragraph (k), a person shall
- 41.3 not operate an all-terrain vehicle in this state along or on the roadway, shoulder, or inside
- 41.4 bank or slope of a public road right-of-way of a trunk, county state-aid, or county highway.
- 41.5 (b) A person may operate a class 1 all-terrain vehicle in the ditch or the outside
- 41.6 bank or slope of a trunk, county state-aid, or county highway unless prohibited under
- 41.7 paragraph (d) or (f).
- 41.8 (c) A person may operate a class 1 all-terrain vehicle designed by the manufacturer
- 41.9 for off-road use to be driven by a steering wheel and equipped with operator and passenger
- 41.10 seat belts and a roll-over protective structure or a class 2 all-terrain vehicle:
- 41.11 (1) within the public road right-of-way of a county state-aid or county highway on
- 41.12 the right shoulder or the extreme right-hand side of the road and left turns may be made
- 41.13 from any part of the road if it is safe to do so under the prevailing conditions, unless
- 41.14 prohibited under paragraph (d) or (f);
- 41.15 (2) on the bank, slope, or ditch of a public road right-of-way of a trunk, county
- 41.16 state-aid, or county highway but only to access businesses or make trail connections, and
- 41.17 left turns may be made from any part of the road if it is safe to do so under the prevailing
- 41.18 conditions, unless prohibited under paragraph (d) or (f); and
- 41.19 (3) on the bank or ditch of a public road right-of-way on a designated class 2
- 41.20 all-terrain vehicle trail.
- 41.21 (d) A road authority as defined under section 160.02, subdivision 25, may after a
- 41.22 public hearing restrict the use of all-terrain vehicles in the public road right-of-way under
- 41.23 its jurisdiction.
- 41.24 (e) The restrictions in paragraphs (a), (d), (h), (i), and (j) do not apply to the
- 41.25 operation of an all-terrain vehicle on the shoulder, inside bank or slope, ditch, or outside
- 41.26 bank or slope of a trunk, interstate, county state-aid, or county highway:
- 41.27 (1) that is part of a funded grant-in-aid trail; or
- 41.28 (2) when the all-terrain vehicle is owned by or operated under contract with:
- 41.29 (i) a road authority as defined under section 160.02, subdivision 25; or
- 41.30 (ii) a publicly or privately owned utility or pipeline company and used for work
- 41.31 on utilities or pipelines.

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41.32 (f) The commissioner may limit the use of a right-of-way for a period of time if the

41.33 commissioner determines that use of the right-of-way causes:

41.34 (1) degradation of vegetation on adjacent public property;

41.35 (2) siltation of waters of the state;

41.36 (3) impairment or enhancement to the act of taking game; or

42.1 (4) a threat to safety of the right-of-way users or to individuals on adjacent public

42.2 property.

42.3 The commissioner must notify the road authority as soon as it is known that a closure

42.4 will be ordered. The notice must state the reasons and duration of the closure.

42.5 (g) A person may operate an all-terrain vehicle registered for private use and used

42.6 for agricultural purposes on a public road right-of-way of a trunk, county state-aid, or

42.7 county highway in this state if the all-terrain vehicle is operated on the extreme right-hand

42.8 side of the road, and left turns may be made from any part of the road if it is safe to do so

42.9 under the prevailing conditions.

42.10 (h) A person shall not operate an all-terrain vehicle within the public road

42.11 right-of-way of a trunk, county state-aid, or county highway from April 1 to August 1 in

42.12 the agricultural zone unless the vehicle is being used exclusively as transportation to and

42.13 from work on agricultural lands. This paragraph does not apply to an agent or employee

42.14 of a road authority, as defined in section 160.02, subdivision 25, or the Department of

42.15 Natural Resources when performing or exercising official duties or powers.

42.16 (i) A person shall not operate an all-terrain vehicle within the public road right-of-way

42.17 of a trunk, county state-aid, or county highway between the hours of one-half hour after

42.18 sunset to one-half hour before sunrise, except on the right-hand side of the right-of-way

42.19 and in the same direction as the highway traffic on the nearest lane of the adjacent roadway.

42.20 (j) A person shall not operate an all-terrain vehicle at any time within the

42.21 right-of-way of an interstate highway or freeway within this state.

42.22 (k) A county, city, or town, acting through its governing body, may by ordinance

42.23 allow a person to operate an all-terrain vehicle on a public road or street under its

42.24 jurisdiction to access businesses and residences and to make trail connections.

42.25 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** The amendments to paragraph (e) of this section are effective

42.26 the day following final enactment.

42.27 Sec. 17. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 84D.01, is amended by adding a subdivision 42.28 to read:

78.30 Sec. 10. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 84D.01, is amended by adding a subdivision 78.31 to read:

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- 42.29 Subd. 1a. Aquatic invasive species affirmation. "Aquatic invasive species
- 42.30 affirmation" means an affirmation of the summary of the aquatic invasive species laws of
- 42.31 this chapter that is part of watercraft licenses and nonresident fishing licenses, as provided
- 42.32 in section 84D.106.
- 42.33 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective January 1, 2016.
- 43.1 Sec. 18. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 84D.01, subdivision 13, is amended to read:
- 43.2 Subd. 13. **Prohibited invasive species.** "Prohibited invasive species" means a
- 43.3 nonnative species that has been <u>listed designated</u> as a prohibited invasive species in a rule
- 43.4 adopted by the commissioner under section 84D.12.
- 43.5 Sec. 19. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 84D.01, subdivision 15, is amended to read:
- 43.6 Subd. 15. Regulated invasive species. "Regulated invasive species" means a
- 43.7 nonnative species that has been listed designated as a regulated invasive species in a rule
- 43.8 adopted by the commissioner under section 84D.12.
- 43.9 Sec. 20. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 84D.01, subdivision 17, is amended to read:
- 43.10 Subd. 17. Unlisted nonnative species. "Unlisted nonnative species" means a
- 43.11 nonnative species that has not been listed designated as a prohibited invasive species, a
- 43.12 regulated invasive species, or an unregulated nonnative species in a rule adopted by the
- 43.13 commissioner under section 84D.12.
- 43.14 Sec. 21. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 84D.01, subdivision 18, is amended to read:
- 43.15 Subd. 18. Unregulated nonnative species. "Unregulated nonnative species" means
- 43.16 a nonnative species that has been listed designated as an unregulated nonnative species in
- 43.17 a rule adopted by the commissioner under section 84D.12.
- 43.18 Sec. 22. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 84D.06, is amended to read:
- 43.19 84D.06 UNLISTED NONNATIVE SPECIES.
- 43.20 Subdivision 1. **Process.** A person may not introduce an unlisted nonnative aquatic
- 43.21 plant or wild animal species unless:
- 43.22 (1) the person has notified the commissioner in a manner and form prescribed by
- 43.23 the commissioner;
- 43.24 (2) the commissioner has made the classification determination required in
- 43.25 subdivision 2 and listed designated the species as appropriate; and
- 43.26 (3) the introduction is allowed under the applicable provisions of this chapter.

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- 79.1 Subd. 1a. Aquatic invasive species affirmation. "Aquatic invasive species
- 79.2 affirmation" means an affirmation of the summary of the aquatic invasive species laws of
- 79.3 this chapter that is part of watercraft licenses and nonresident fishing licenses, as provided
- 79.4 in section 84D.106.
- 79.5 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective January 1, 2016.

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- 43.27 Subd. 2. **Classification.** (a) If the commissioner determines that a species for which 43.28 a notification is received under subdivision 1 should be classified as a prohibited invasive 43.29 species, the commissioner shall:
- 43.30 (1) adopt a rule under section 84D.12, subdivision 3, <u>listing designating</u> the species 43.31 as a prohibited invasive species; and
- 44.1 (2) notify the person from which the notification was received that the species is 44.2 subject to section 84D.04.
- 44.3 (b) If the commissioner determines that a species for which a notification is 44.4 received under subdivision 1 should be classified as an unregulated nonnative species, 44.5 the commissioner shall:
- 44.6 (1) adopt a rule under section 84D.12, subdivision 3, <u>listing designating</u> the species 44.7 as an unregulated nonnative species; and
- 44.8 (2) notify the person from which the notification was received that the species is not 44.9 subject to regulation under this chapter.
- 44.10 (c) If the commissioner determines that a species for which a notification is received 44.11 under subdivision 1 should be classified as a regulated invasive species, the commissioner 44.12 shall notify the applicant that the species is subject to the requirements in section 84D.07.
- 44.13 Sec. 23. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 84D.10, subdivision 3, is amended to read:
- 44.14 Subd. 3. **Removal and confinement.** (a) A conservation officer or other licensed 44.15 peace officer may order:
- 44.16 (1) the removal of aquatic macrophytes or prohibited invasive species from
- 44.17 water-related equipment, including decontamination using hot water or high pressure
- 44.18 equipment when available on site, before it the water-related equipment is transported or
- 44.19 before it is placed into waters of the state;
- 44.20 (2) confinement of the water-related equipment at a mooring, dock, or other location 44.21 until the water-related equipment is removed from the water;
- 44.22 (3) removal of water-related equipment from waters of the state to remove prohibited
- 44.23 invasive species if the water has not been listed by the commissioner as being infested
- 44.24 with that species; and
- 44.25 (4) a prohibition on placing water-related equipment into waters of the state when
- 44.26 the water-related equipment has aquatic macrophytes or prohibited invasive species
- 44.27 attached in violation of subdivision 1 or when water has not been drained or the drain plug
- 44.28 has not been removed in violation of subdivision 4-; and
- 44.29 (5) decontamination of water-related equipment when available on site.

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- 44.30 (b) An order for removal of prohibited invasive species under paragraph (a), clause
- 44.31 (1), or decontamination of water-related equipment under paragraph (a), clause (5),
- 44.32 may include tagging the water-related equipment and issuing a notice that specifies
- 44.33 a time frame for completing the removal or decontamination and reinspection of the
- 44.34 water-related equipment.
- 45.1 (b) (c) An inspector who is not a licensed peace officer may issue orders under
- 45.2 paragraph (a), clauses (1), (3), and (4), and (5).
- 45.3 Sec. 24. [84D.106] AQUATIC INVASIVE SPECIES AFFIRMATION.
- 45.4 Aquatic invasive species affirmation is required for all:
- 45.5 (1) watercraft licenses issued under section 86B.401; and
- 45.6 (2) all nonresident fishing licenses, as provided in section 97C.301, subdivision 2a.
- 45.7 EFFECTIVE DATE. Clause (1) of this section is effective January 1, 2016, and
- 45.8 clause (2) of this section is effective March 1, 2016.
- 45.9 Sec. 25. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 84D.11, subdivision 1, is amended to read:
- 45.10 Subdivision 1. **Prohibited invasive species.** The commissioner may issue a permit
- 45.11 for the propagation, possession, importation, purchase, or transport of a prohibited invasive
- 45.12 species for the purposes of disposal, decontamination, control, research, or education.
- 45.13 Sec. 26. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 84D.12, subdivision 1, is amended to read:
- 45.14 Subdivision 1. **Required rules.** The commissioner shall adopt rules:
- 45.15 (1) listing designating prohibited invasive species, regulated invasive species, and
- 45.16 unregulated nonnative species of aquatic plants and wild animals;
- 45.17 (2) governing the application for and issuance of permits under this chapter, which
- 45.18 rules may include a fee schedule; and
- 45.19 (3) governing notification under section 84D.08.
- 45.20 Sec. 27. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 84D.12, subdivision 3, is amended to read:
- 45.21 Subd. 3. **Expedited rules.** The commissioner may adopt rules under section 84.027,
- 45.22 subdivision 13, that list designate:
- 45.23 (1) prohibited invasive species of aquatic plants and wild animals;
- 45.24 (2) regulated invasive species of aquatic plants and wild animals; and
- 45.25 (3) unregulated nonnative species of aquatic plants and wild animals.

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- 79.6 Sec. 11. [84D.106] AQUATIC INVASIVE SPECIES AFFIRMATION.
- 79.7 Aquatic invasive species affirmation is required for all:
- 79.8 (1) watercraft licenses issued under section 86B.401; and
- 79.9 (2) all nonresident fishing licenses, as provided in section 97C.301, subdivision 2a.
- 79.10 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** Clause (1) of this section is effective January 1, 2016. Clause
- 79.11 (2) of this section is effective March 1, 2016.

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- 45.26 Sec. 28. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 84D.13, subdivision 5, is amended to read:
- 45.27 Subd. 5. Civil penalties. (a) A civil citation issued under this section must impose 45.28 the following penalty amounts:
- 45.29 (1) for transporting aquatic macrophytes in violation of section 84D.09. \$100:
- 45.30 (2) for placing or attempting to place into waters of the state water-related equipment 45.31 that has aquatic macrophytes attached, \$200;
- 46.1 (3) for unlawfully possessing or transporting a prohibited invasive species other 46.2 than an aquatic macrophyte, \$500;
- 46.3 (4) for placing or attempting to place into waters of the state water-related equipment 46.4 that has prohibited invasive species attached when the waters are not listed by the 46.5 commissioner as being infested with that invasive species, \$500;
- 46.6 (5) for intentionally damaging, moving, removing, or sinking a buoy marking, as 46.7 prescribed by rule, Eurasian water milfoil, \$100;
- 46.8 (6) for failing to have drain plugs or similar devices removed or opened while 46.9 transporting water-related equipment or for failing to remove plugs, open valves, and 46.10 drain water from water-related equipment, other than marine sanitary systems, before
- 46.11 leaving waters of the state, \$100; and
- 46.12 (7) for transporting infested water off riparian property without a permit as required 46.13 by rule, \$200; and
- 46.14 (8) for failing to have aquatic invasive species affirmation displayed or available for 46.15 inspection as provided in sections 86B.401 and 97C.301, subdivision 2a, \$25.
- 46.16 (b) A civil citation that is issued to a person who has one or more prior convictions 46.17 or final orders for violations of this chapter is subject to twice the penalty amounts listed 46.18 in paragraph (a).
- 46.19 Sec. 29. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 84D.15, subdivision 3, is amended to read:
- 46.20 Subd. 3. Use of money in account. Money credited to the invasive species account
- 46.21 in subdivision 2 shall be used for management of invasive species and implementation of
- 46.22 this chapter as it pertains to invasive species, including control, public awareness, law
- 46.23 enforcement, assessment and monitoring, management planning, habitat improvements,
- 46.24 and research.

46.25 Sec. 30. [84D.16] COUNTY AQUATIC INVASIVE SPECIES PREVENTION 46.26 **GRANTS.**

46.27 Subdivision 1. **Definitions.** (a) When used in this section, the following terms 46.28 have the meanings given them.

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- 79.12 Sec. 12. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 84D.13, subdivision 5, is amended to read:
- 79.13 Subd. 5. Civil penalties. (a) A civil citation issued under this section must impose 79.14 the following penalty amounts:
- 79.15 (1) for transporting aquatic macrophytes in violation of section 84D.09. \$100:
- 79.16 (2) for placing or attempting to place into waters of the state water-related equipment 79.17 that has aquatic macrophytes attached, \$200;
- 79.18 (3) for unlawfully possessing or transporting a prohibited invasive species other 79.19 than an aquatic macrophyte, \$500;
- 79.20 (4) for placing or attempting to place into waters of the state water-related equipment 79.21 that has prohibited invasive species attached when the waters are not listed by the 79.22 commissioner as being infested with that invasive species, \$500;
- 79.23 (5) for intentionally damaging, moving, removing, or sinking a buoy marking, as 79.24 prescribed by rule, Eurasian water milfoil, \$100;
- 79.25 (6) for failing to have drain plugs or similar devices removed or opened while 79.26 transporting water-related equipment or for failing to remove plugs, open valves, and 79.27 drain water from water-related equipment, other than marine sanitary systems, before 79.28 leaving waters of the state, \$100; and
- 79.29 (7) for transporting infested water off riparian property without a permit as required 79.30 by rule, \$200; and
- 79.31 (8) for failing to have aquatic invasive species affirmation displayed or available for 79.32 inspection as provided in sections 86B.401 and 97C.301, subdivision 2a, \$25.
- 80.1 (b) A civil citation that is issued to a person who has one or more prior convictions 80.2 or final orders for violations of this chapter is subject to twice the penalty amounts listed 80.3 in paragraph (a).
- 80.4 Sec. 13. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 84D.15, subdivision 3, is amended to read:
- 80.5 Subd. 3. Use of money in account. Money credited to the invasive species account 80.6 in subdivision 2 shall be used for management of invasive species and implementation of
- 80.7 this chapter as it pertains to invasive species, including control, public awareness, law
- 80.8 enforcement, assessment and monitoring, management planning, habitat improvements,
- 80.9 and research.

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- 46.29 (b) "Aquatic invasive species" means nonnative aquatic organisms that invade water
- 46.30 beyond their natural and historic range.
- 46.31 (c) "Watercraft trailer launch" means any public water access site designed for
- 46.32 launching watercraft.
- 46.33 (d) "Watercraft trailer parking space" means a parking space designated for a boat
- 46.34 trailer at any public water access site designed for launching watercraft.
- 47.1 Subd. 2. **Grants.** (a) The commissioner shall award aquatic invasive species
- 47.2 prevention grants to all counties in the state as follows: 50 percent based on each county's
- 47.3 share of watercraft trailer launches and 50 percent based on each county's share of
- 47.4 watercraft trailer parking spaces.
- 47.5 (b) The commissioner must compute the amount of each county's aquatic invasive
- 47.6 species prevention grant under this section for the next fiscal year based upon available
- 47.7 funds by August 1, 2015, and by August 1 each year thereafter, and notify each county of
- 47.8 the amount of the grant. Beginning November 1, 2015, and each November 1 thereafter, the
- 47.9 county proposed to receive a grant under this section must submit a copy of its guidelines
- 47.10 for use of the grant to the commissioner or notify the commissioner of the county's intent
- 47.11 to refuse the grant. Any refused funds are available in the next fiscal year for allocation to
- 47.12 counties as provided in this subdivision. The commissioner shall award grants to counties
- 47.13 in two payments to occur on July 20 and December 26 of the following calendar year.
- 47.14 Subd. 3. Use of proceeds. A county that receives a grant under this section must use
- 47.15 the proceeds solely to prevent the introduction or limit the spread of aquatic invasive species
- 47.16 at all access sites within the county. The county must establish, by resolution or through
- 47.17 adoption of a plan, guidelines for the use of the proceeds. The guidelines set by the county
- 47.18 board may include but are not limited to providing for site-level management, countywide
- 47.19 awareness, and other procedures that the county finds necessary to achieve compliance.
- 47.20 The county may appropriate the proceeds directly or may use any portion of the proceeds
- 47.21 to provide funding for a joint powers board or cooperative agreement with another political
- 47.22 subdivision, a soil and water conservation district in the county, a watershed district in the
- 47.23 county, or a lake association located in the county. Any money appropriated by the county
- 47.24 to a different entity or political subdivision must be used as required under this section.
- 47.25 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** Subdivision 2, paragraph (a), of this section is effective
- 47.26 July 1, 2016.
- 47.27 Sec. 31. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 85.015, is amended by adding a subdivision 47.28 to read:
- 47.29 Subd. 1e. Connection to state parks and recreation areas. Trails designated under
- 47.30 this section may include connections to state parks or recreation areas that generally lie in
- 47.31 between or within the vicinity of the waymarks specifically named in the designation.

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- 47.32 Sec. 32. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 85.015, subdivision 28, is amended to read:
- 47.33 Subd. 28. Camp Ripley/Veterans State Trail, Crow Wing, Cass, and Morrison 47.34 Counties. The trail shall originate at Crow Wing State Park in Crow Wing County at 48.1 the southern end of the Paul Bunyan Trail and shall extend from Crow Wing State Park 48.2 westerly to the city of Pillager, then southerly along the west side of Camp Ripley, then 48.3 easterly along the south side of Camp Ripley across to the east side of the Mississippi 48.4 River, and then northerly through Fort Ripley to Crow Wing State Park. A second segment 48.5 of the trail shall be established that shall extend in a southerly direction and in close 48.6 proximity to the Mississippi River from the southeasterly portion of the first segment of 48.7 the trail to the city of Little Falls, and then terminate at the Soo Line Trail in Morrison 48.8 County. Separation of motorized and nonmotorized corridors is acceptable as needed.

48.9 Sec. 33. **[85.0506] LAKE VERMILION-SOUDAN UNDERGROUND MINE** 48.10 STATE PARK; HOISTS.

- 48.11 The Lake Vermilion-Soudan Underground Mine State Park mine tour operation is
- 48.12 exempt from sections 326B.163 to 326B.191. The federal mine code for hoists that lift
- 48.13 people under Code of Federal Regulations, title 30, part 57, subpart R, applies to the
- 48.14 Lake Vermilion-Soudan Underground Mine State Park hoist. The commissioner shall
- 48.15 employ a hoist safety expert to conduct an annual inspection of the hoist system at the
- 48.16 Lake Vermilion-Soudan Underground Mine State Park.
- 48.17 Sec. 34. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 85.054, subdivision 12, is amended to read:
- 48.18 Subd. 12. Lake Vermilion-Soudan Underground Mine State Park. A state park
- 48.19 permit is not required and a fee may not be charged for motor vehicle entry or parking
- 48.20 at the visitor parking area of Soudan Underground Mine State Park and the Stuntz Bay
- 48.21 boat house area.

- 80.10 Sec. 14. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 85.015, is amended by adding a subdivision 80.11 to read:
- 80.12 Subd. 6a. Mississippi Blufflands Trail; Goodhue and Wabasha Counties. (a)

- 80.13 The Mississippi Blufflands Trail shall originate at the Cannon Valley Trail and thence
- 80.14 extend generally southeasterly along the Mississippi River through Frontenac State Park in
- 80.15 Goodhue County and continue through Goodhue and Wabasha Counties to the city of Lake
- 80.16 City, and there terminate. The trail shall include connections to the Rattlesnake Bluff Trail.
- 80.17 (b) The trail shall be developed primarily for riding and hiking.
- 80.18 (c) In establishing, developing, maintaining, and operating the trail, the
- 80.19 commissioner shall cooperate with local units of government and private individuals and
- 80.20 groups whenever feasible.

- 48.22 Sec. 35. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 85.32, subdivision 1, is amended to read:
- 48.23 Subdivision 1. Areas marked. The commissioner of natural resources is authorized
- 48.24 in cooperation with local units of government and private individuals and groups when
- 48.25 feasible to mark state water trails on the Little Fork, Big Fork, Minnesota, St. Croix,
- 48.26 Snake, Mississippi, Red Lake, Cannon, Straight, Des Moines, Crow Wing, St. Louis, Pine,
- 48.27 Rum, Kettle, Cloquet, Root, Zumbro, Pomme de Terre within Swift County, Watonwan,
- 48.28 Cottonwood, Whitewater, Chippewa from Benson in Swift County to Montevideo in
- 48.29 Chippewa County, Long Prairie, Red River of the North, Sauk, Otter Tail, Redwood,
- 48.30 Blue Earth, Cedar, Shell Rock, and Crow Rivers which have historic and scenic values
- 48.31 and to mark appropriately points of interest, portages, camp sites, and all dams, rapids,
- 48.32 waterfalls, whirlpools, and other serious hazards which are dangerous to canoe, kayak,
- 48.33 and watercraft travelers.
- 49.1 Sec. 36. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 86B.401, subdivision 3, is amended to read:
- 49.2 Subd. 3. Licensing. (a) The license agent shall register the watercraft on receiving
- 49.3 an application and the license fee. A license and registration sticker with a registration
- 49.4 number shall be issued and must be affixed to the watercraft as prescribed by the
- 49.5 commissioner of natural resources.
- 49.6 (b) A license includes aquatic invasive species affirmation as provided in section
- 49.7 84D.106. The aquatic invasive species affirmation portion of the license must be displayed
- 49.8 with the signed license certificate. The aquatic invasive species affirmation will be
- 49.9 provided with an application for a new, transfer, duplicate, or renewal watercraft license.
- 49.10 (c) The license is not valid unless signed by at least one owner.

80.21 Sec. 15. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 85.055, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

- 80.22 Subdivision 1. **Fees.** The fee for state park permits for:
- 80.23 (1) an annual use of state parks is \$25 \$30;
- 80.24 (2) a second or subsequent vehicle state park permit is \$18;
- 80.25 (3) a state park permit valid for one day is \$5 \$6;
- 80.26 (4) a daily vehicle state park permit for groups is \$3;
- 80.27 (5) an annual permit for motorcycles is \$20;
- 80.28 (6) an employee's state park permit is without charge; and
- 80.29 (7) a state park permit for persons with disabilities under section 85.053, subdivision
- 80.30 7, paragraph (a), clauses (1) to (3), is \$12.
- 80.31 The fees specified in this subdivision include any sales tax required by state law.
- 80.32 Sec. 16. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 85.32, subdivision 1, is amended to read:
- 81.1 Subdivision 1. **Areas marked.** The commissioner of natural resources is authorized
- 81.2 in cooperation with local units of government and private individuals and groups when
- 81.3 feasible to mark state water trails on the Little Fork, Big Fork, Minnesota, St. Croix,
- 81.4 Snake, Mississippi, Red Lake, Cannon, Straight, Des Moines, Crow Wing, St. Louis, Pine,
- 81.5 Rum, Kettle, Cloquet, Root, Zumbro, Pomme de Terre within Swift County, Watonwan,
- 81.6 Cottonwood, Whitewater, Chippewa from Benson in Swift County to Montevideo in
- 81.7 Chippewa County, Long Prairie, Red River of the North, Sauk, Otter Tail, Redwood,
- 81.8 Blue Earth, Cedar, Shell Rock, and Crow Rivers which have historic and scenic values
- 81.9 and to mark appropriately points of interest, portages, camp sites, and all dams, rapids,
- 81.10 waterfalls, whirlpools, and other serious hazards which are dangerous to canoe, kayak,
- 81.11 and watercraft travelers.
- 81.12 Sec. 17. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 86B.401, subdivision 3, is amended to read:
- 81.13 Subd. 3. Licensing. (a) The license agent shall register the watercraft on receiving
- 81.14 an application and the license fee. A license and registration sticker with a registration
- 81.15 number shall be issued and must be affixed to the watercraft as prescribed by the
- 81.16 commissioner of natural resources.
- 81.17 (b) A license includes aquatic invasive species affirmation as provided in section
- 81.18 84D.106. The aquatic invasive species affirmation portion of the license must be displayed
- 81.19 with the signed license certificate. The aquatic invasive species affirmation will be
- 81.20 provided with an application for a new, transfer, duplicate, or renewal watercraft license.
- 81.21 (c) The license is not valid unless signed by at least one owner.

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- 49.11 (d) Failure to complete the aquatic invasive species affirmation in this subdivision is 49.12 subject to the penalty prescribed in section 84D.13, subdivision 5.
- 49.13 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective January 1, 2016.

- 49.14 Sec. 37. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 88.17, subdivision 3, is amended to read:
- 49.15 Subd. 3. **Special permits.** The following special permits are required at all times, 49.16 including when the ground is snow-covered:
- 49.17 (a) Fire training. A permit to start a fire for the instruction and training of
- 49.18 firefighters, including liquid fuels training, may be given by the commissioner or agent of
- 49.19 the commissioner. Except for owners or operators conducting fire training in specialized
- 49.20 industrial settings pursuant to applicable federal, state, or local standards, owners
- 49.21 or operators conducting open burning for the purpose of instruction and training of
- 49.22 firefighters with regard to structures must follow the techniques described in a document
- 49.23 entitled: Structural Burn Training Procedures for the Minnesota Technical College System
- 49.24 use only fuel materials as outlined in the current edition of National Fire Protection
- 49.25 Association 1403, Standard on Live Fire Training Evolutions, and obtain the applicable
- 49.26 live burn documents in accordance with the current edition of the Board of Firefighter
- 49.27 Training and Education's live burn plan established according to section 299N.02,
- 49.28 subdivision 3, clause (2).
- 49.29 (b) Permanent tree and brush open burning sites. A permit for the operation of
- 49.30 a permanent tree and brush burning site may be given by the commissioner or agent of
- 49.31 the commissioner. Applicants for a permanent open burning site permit shall submit a
- 49.32 complete application on a form provided by the commissioner. Existing permanent tree
- 49.33 and brush open burning sites must submit for a permit within 90 days of the passage of
- 49.34 this statute for a burning permit. New site applications must be submitted at least 90
- 50.1 days before the date of the proposed operation of the permanent open burning site. The 50.2 application must be submitted to the commissioner and must contain:

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- 81.22 (d) Failure to complete the aquatic invasive species affirmation in this subdivision is
- 81.23 subject to the penalty prescribed in section 84D.13, subdivision 5.
- 81.24 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective January 1, 2016.
- 81.25 Sec. 18. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 87A.10, is amended to read:
- 81.26 87A.10 TRAP, SKEET, AND ARCHERY SHOOTING SPORTS FACILITY
- 81.27 **GRANTS.**
- 81.28 The commissioner of natural resources shall administer a program to provide
- 81.29 cost-share grants to local recreational shooting clubs or local units of government for up to
- 81.30 50 percent of the costs of developing or rehabilitating trap, skeet, and archery shooting
- 81.31 sports facilities for public use. A facility rehabilitated or developed with a grant under this
- 81.32 section must be open to the general public at reasonable times and for a reasonable fee
- 82.1 on a walk-in basis. The commissioner shall give preference to projects that will provide
- 82.2 the most opportunities for youth.

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- 50.3 (1) the name, address, and telephone number of all owners of the site proposed for 50.4 use as the permanent open burning site;
- 50.5 (2) if the operator for the proposed permanent open burning site is different from the 50.6 owner, the name, address, and telephone number of the operator;
- 50.7 (3) a general description of the materials to be burned, including the source and 50.8 estimated quantity, dimensions of the site and burn pile areas, hours and dates of operation, 50.9 and provisions for smoke management; and
- 50.10 (4) a topographic or similarly detailed map of the site and surrounding area within 50.11 a one-mile circumference showing all structures that might be affected by the operation 50.12 of the site.
- 50.13 Only trees, tree trimmings, or brush that cannot be disposed of by an alternative
- 50.14 method such as chipping, composting, or other method shall be permitted to be burned
- 50.15 at a permanent open burning site. A permanent tree and brush open burning site must
- 50.16 be located and operated so as not to create a nuisance or endanger water quality. The
- 50.17 commissioner shall revoke the permit or order actions to mitigate threats to public health,
- 50.18 safety, and the environment in the event that permit conditions are violated.
- 50.19 Sec. 38. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 88.49, subdivision 3, is amended to read:
- 50.20 Subd. 3. Recording Provisions of auxiliary forest contract to run with the land.
- 50.21 The commissioner shall submit such contract in recordable form to the owner of the land
- 50.22 eovered thereby. If the owner shall indicate to the commissioner an unwillingness to
- 50.23 execute the same, or if the owner or any of the persons having an interest therein or lien
- 50.24 thereon fail to execute it within 60 days from the time of its submission to the owner, all
- 50.25 proceedings relating to the making of this land into an auxiliary forest shall be at an end.
- 50.26 When the contract shall have been executed it shall forthwith be recorded in the
- 50.27 office of the county recorder at the expense of the owner or, if the title to the land be
- 50.28 registered, with the registrar of titles. At the time the contract is recorded with the county
- 50.29 recorder for record the owner, at the owner's expense, shall record with the county recorder
- 50.30 a certificate from the county attorney to the effect that no change in record title thereof has
- 50.31 occurred, that no liens or other encumbrances have been placed thereon, and that no taxes
- 50.32 have accrued thereon since the making of the previous certificate. It shall be the duty of
- 50.33 the county attorney to furnish this certificate without further compensation.
- 50.34 All the provisions of the a recorded contract shall be for an auxiliary forest are deemed
- 50.35 covenants running with the land from the date of the filing of the contract for record.
- 51.1 Sec. 39. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 88.49, subdivision 4, is amended to read:

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51.2 Subd. 4. **Effect.** Upon the filing of the contract for record, the land therein described 51.3 in the contract shall become, and; during the life of the contract; remain and be, an 51.4 auxiliary forest entitled to all the benefits and subject to all the restrictions of sections 51.5 88.47 88.49 to 88.53, all of which shall be deemed a. These sections are part of the 51.6 obligation of the contract and shall be are inviolate, subject only to the police power of the 51.7 state, to the power of eminent domain, and to the right of the parties thereto by mutual 51.8 agreement to make applicable to the contract any laws of the state enacted subsequent to its 51.9 the execution and filing. This provision shall not be so construed as to prevent amendatory 51.10 or supplementary legislation which does of the contract. Laws enacted subsequent to 51.11 the date of execution of the contract are applicable to the contract, so long as the laws 51.12 do not impair these the contract rights of the parties thereto, or as to prevent amendatory 51.13 or supplementary legislation in respect of the culture, care, or management of the lands 51.14 included in any such contract signatories of the contract or their successors or assigns.

51.15 Sec. 40. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 88.49, subdivision 5, is amended to read:

51.16 Subd. 5. Cancellation. Upon the failure of (a) If the owner fails to faithfully to 51.17 fulfill and perform such the contract or, any provision thereof of the contract, or any 51.18 requirement of sections 88.47 88.49 to 88.53, or any rule adopted by the commissioner 51.19 thereunder adopts under those sections, the commissioner may cancel the contract in 51.20 the manner herein provided. The commissioner shall give to the owner, in the manner 51.21 prescribed in section 88.48, subdivision 4, 60 days' notice of a hearing thereon at which 51.22 the owner may appear and show cause, if any, why the contract should not be canceled. 51.23 The commissioner shall thereupon then determine whether the contract should be canceled 51.24 and make an order to that effect. Notice of the commissioner's determination and the 51.25 making of the order shall be given to The commissioner shall give the owner in the manner 51.26 provided in section 88.48, subdivision 4 notice of the commissioner's determination and 51.27 order. On determining If the commissioner determines that the contract should be canceled 51.28 and no appeal therefrom be taken the owner does not appeal the determination as provided 51.29 in subdivision 7, the commissioner shall send notice thereof of the cancellation to the 51.30 auditor of the county and to the town clerk of the town affected and file with the recorder a 51.31 certified copy of the order, who. The recorder shall forthwith note the cancellation upon 51.32 the record thereof, and thereupon the land therein described in the contract shall cease to 51.33 be an auxiliary forest and, together with the timber thereon on the land, become liable 51.34 to for all taxes and assessments that otherwise would have been levied against it had it 51.35 never been an auxiliary forest the land from the time of the making of the contract, any 52.1 notwithstanding provisions of the statutes of limitation to the contrary notwithstanding, 52.2 less. The amount of taxes paid under the provisions of section 88.51, subdivision 1, 52.3 together with interest on such taxes and assessments at six percent per annum, but without 52.4 penalties, must be subtracted from the tax owed by the owner.

52.5 (b) The commissioner may in like manner and with like effect cancel the contract 52.6 upon written application of the owner.

- 52.7 (c) The commissioner shall cancel any the contract if the owner has made successful sapplied under sections 290C.01 to 290C.11, the Sustainable Forest 52.9 Incentive Act, sections 290C.01 to 290C.11, and has paid to the county treasurer the tax 52.10 difference between the amount which that would have been paid had the land under contract 52.11 been subject to the Minnesota Tree Growth Tax Law and the Sustainable Forest Incentive 52.12 Act from the date of the recording of the contract and the amount actually paid under 52.13 section 88.51, subdivisions subdivision 1, and Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 88.51, 52.14 subdivision 2. This tax difference must be calculated based on the years the lands would 52.15 have been taxed under the Tree Growth Tax Law and the Sustainable Forest Incentive Act. 52.16 The sustainable forest tax difference is net of the incentive payment of section 290C.07. 52.17 If the amount which that would have been paid, had if the land under contract had been 52.18 under the Minnesota Tree Growth Tax Law and the Sustainable Forest Incentive Act from 52.19 the date of the filing of the contract; was filed is less than the amount actually paid under 52.20 the contract, the cancellation shall be made without further payment by the owner.
- 52.21 When (d) If the execution of any the contract creating an auxiliary forest shall have 52.22 been is procured through fraud or deception practiced upon on the county board or, the 52.23 commissioner, or any other person or body representing the state, it may be canceled 52.24 cancel it upon suit brought by the attorney general at the direction of the commissioner. 52.25 This cancellation shall have has the same effect as the cancellation of a contract by the 52.26 commissioner.
- 52.27 Sec. 41. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 88.49, subdivision 6, is amended to read:
- 52.28 Subd. 6. Assessment after cancellation. (a) For the purpose of levying such taxes, 52.29 the county auditor shall, immediately upon receipt of receiving notice of the cancellation 52.30 of any a contract creating an auxiliary forest, direct the local assessor to assess the lands 52.31 within the forest, excluding the value of merchantable timber and minerals and other 52.32 things of value taxed under the provisions of Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 88.51, 52.33 subdivision 2, as of for each of the years during which the lands have been were included 52.34 within the auxiliary forest. The local assessor shall forthwith make the assessment and 52.35 certify the same to the county auditor. The county auditor shall thereupon levy a tax on the 53.1 assessable value of the land as, fixed by section 273.13, for each of the years during which 53.2 the land has been was within an auxiliary forest, at the rate at which other real estate 53.3 within the taxing district was taxed in those years. The tax so assessed and levied against 53.4 any land shall be is a first and prior lien upon the land and upon all timber and forest 53.5 products growing, grown, or cut thereon on the land and removed therefrom from the land 53.6 These taxes shall must be enforced in the same manner as other taxes on real estate are 53.7 enforced and, in addition thereto, the lien of the tax on forest products cut or removed 53.8 from this land shall must be enforced by the seizure and sale of the forest products.

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53.9 (b) No person shall, after the mailing by the commissioner, as provided in subdivision

53.10 5, of notice of hearing on the cancellation of a the contract making any lands an auxiliary

53.11 forest, cut or remove from these lands any timber or forest products growing, grown, or

53.12 cut thereon until all taxes levied under this subdivision $\frac{1}{2}$ shall have been $\frac{1}{2}$ paid, or, $\frac{1}{2}$ in the

53.13 event such if the levy shall is not have been completed, until the owner shall have has given

53.14 a bond payable to the county, with sureties approved by the county auditor, in such the

53.15 amount as the county auditor shall deem deems ample for the payment of all taxes that may

53.16 be levied thereon under this subdivision, conditioned for the payment of such the taxes.

53.17 (c) Any person who shall violate any of the provisions of violates this subdivision 53.18 shall be is guilty of a felony.

53.19 Sec. 42. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 88.49, subdivision 7, is amended to read:

53.20 Subd. 7. Appeal. (a) The owner may appeal from any cancellation order of the

53.21 commissioner to the district court of the county wherein where the land is situate, located

53.22 by serving notice of appeal on the commissioner and filing the same with the court

53.23 administrator of the district court within 30 days after the date of mailing of notice

53.24 of such order.

53.25 (b) The appeal shall must be tried between the state of Minnesota and the owner by

53.26 the court as a suit for the rescission of a contract is tried, and the judgment of the court

53.27 shall be is substituted for the cancellation order of the commissioner, and shall be is final.

53.28 Sec. 43. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 88.49, subdivision 8, is amended to read:

53.29 Subd. 8. Proceedings in lieu of cancellation. If cause for the cancellation of any a

53.30 contract shall exist exists, the commissioner may, in lieu of canceling such the contract,

53.31 perform the terms and conditions, other than the payment of that the owner was required

53.32 to perform, except that the commissioner may not pay any taxes, that the owner was

53.33 required, by the contract or by law or by the rules of the commissioner, to be performed by

53.34 the owner, and may for that purpose to have paid by law. The commissioner may use any

54.1 available moneys appropriated for the maintenance of the commissioner's division and

54.2 any other lawful means to perform all other terms and conditions required to maintain the

54.2 any other fawful means to perform all other terms and conditions required to maintain the 54.3 auxiliary forest status. The commissioner shall, on December 1 each year, certify to the

54.4 auditor of each county the amount of moneys thus expended on and the value of services

54.5 thus rendered in respect of any lands therein for land in the county since December 1 of

34.3 thus rendered in respect of any fands therein for fand in the county since December 1 of

54.6 the preceding year. The county auditor shall forthwith assess and levy the amount shown

54.7 by this certificate against the lands described therein. This amount shall bear bears interest

54.8 at the rate of six percent per annum and shall be is a lien upon the lands described therein;

54.9 and. The collection thereof of the tax must be enforced in the same manner as taxes

54.10 levied under section 88.52, subdivision 1;, and, if such the tax be is not sooner paid, it

5 ... to levied didded section 60.52, Subarvision 1, and the section will be section for the section of the sec

54.11 shall must be added to, and the payment thereof enforced with, the yield tax imposed

54.12 under section 88.52, subdivision 2.

54.13 Sec. 44. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 88.49, subdivision 9, is amended to read:

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54.14 Subd. 9. **Auxiliary forests; withdrawal of land from.** (a) Land needed for other 54.15 purposes may be withdrawn from an auxiliary forest as herein provided. The owner may 54.16 submit a verified application therefor in a form prescribed by the commissioner of natural

54.17 resources may be made by the owner to the county board of the county in which the land is

54.18 situated, describing the land and stating the purpose of withdrawal. Like proceedings shall

54.19 be had upon the application as upon an application for the establishment of an auxiliary 54.20 forest, except that consideration need be given only to the questions to be determined as

54.21 provided in this subdivision. The county board shall consider the application and hear any

54.21 provided in this subdivision. The county board shall consider the application and hear any 54.22 matter offered in support of or in opposition to the application. The county board shall

54.23 make proper record of its action upon the application. If the application is rejected, the

54.24 county board shall prepare a written statement stating the reasons for the rejection within

54.25 30 days of the date of rejection. If the application is rejected, the county auditor shall,

54.26 within 30 days of the rejection, endorse the rejection on the application and return it,

54.27 together with a copy of the written statement prepared by the county board stating the

54.28 reasons for rejection to the applicant. The rejected application and written statement must

54.29 be sent to the owner by certified mail at the address given in the application.

54.30 (b) If the application is disapproved as to only a part of the lands described, the

54.31 county auditor shall notify the applicant in the same manner as if the application were

54.32 rejected. The applicant may amend the application within 60 days after the notice is

54.33 mailed. If it is not amended, the application is deemed rejected.

54.34 (c) If the county board shall determine determines that the land proposed to be

54.35 withdrawn is needed and is suitable for the purposes set forth in the application, and

55.1 that the remaining land in the auxiliary forest is suitable and sufficient for the purposes

55.2 thereof of the auxiliary forest as provided by law, the board may, in its discretion, grant

55.3 the application, subject to the approval of the commissioner. Upon such approval a

55.4 supplemental contract evidencing the withdrawal shall be executed, filed, and recorded

55.5 or registered as the case may require, in like manner as an original auxiliary forest

55.6 eontraet. Thereupon by both the county board and the commissioner, the county auditor 55.7 shall notify the applicant and the commissioner. Upon notice from the county auditor,

55.8 the commissioner shall cause to be prepared a supplemental contract executed by the

55.9 commissioner on behalf of the state and by the owner of the fee title or the holder of

55.9 commissioner on behalf of the state and by the owner of the fee title or the holder of 55.10 a state deed and by all other persons having any liens on the land and witnessed and

55.11 acknowledged as provided by law for the execution of recordable deeds of conveyance.

55.12 Notices sent by certified mail to the owner in fee at the address given in the application

55.12 Notices sent by certified mail to the owner in fee at the address given in the application 55.13 is deemed notice to all persons executing the supplemental contract. The supplemental

55.13 is deemed notice to all persons executing the supplemental contract. The supplemental contract must be prepared by the director of the Division of Forestry on a recordable

55.14 contract must be prepared by the director of the Division of Forestry on a recordable 55.15 form approved by an attorney appointed by the commissioner. Every supplemental

55.16 contract must be approved by the Executive Council. The commissioner shall submit the

55.17 supplemental contract to the owner of the land. If the owner indicates to the commissioner

55.18 an unwillingness to execute the supplemental contract, or if the owner or any of the

55.19 persons with an interest in the land or a lien upon the land fail to execute the contract

55.20 within 60 days from the time of submission of the contract to the owner for execution, all

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55.21 proceedings relating back to the withdrawal of the land from an auxiliary forest shall be at 55.22 an end. When the supplemental contract is executed, it must be recorded in the office of 55.23 the county recorder at the expense of the owner or, if the title to the land is registered, the 55.24 supplemental contract must be recorded with the registrar of titles. At the time the contract 55.25 is recorded with the county recorder, the owner, at the owner's expense, shall record with 55.26 the county recorder a certificate from the county attorney to the effect that no change in 55.27 record title to the land has occurred, that no liens or other encumbrances have been placed on the land, and that no taxes have accrued on the land since the making of the previous certificate. The county attorney must furnish this certificate without further compensation. 55.30 Upon execution and recording of the supplemental contract, the land described in the 55.31 supplemental contract shall cease that is to be withdrawn from the auxiliary forest ceases 55.32 to be part of the auxiliary forest, and, together with the timber thereon, shall be the owner 55.33 is liable to taxes and assessments of the withdrawn portion together with the timber on the

55.34 withdrawn portion in like manner as upon cancellation of an auxiliary forest contract. 55.35 Sec. 45. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 88.49, subdivision 11, is amended to read:

56.1 Subd. 11. Auxiliary forests; transfer of title; procedure on division. The title to 56.2 the land in an auxiliary forest or any part thereof of an auxiliary forest is subject to transfer 56.3 in the same manner as the title to other real estate, subject to the auxiliary forest contract 56.4 therefor and to applicable provisions of law. In ease If the ownership of such a an auxiliary 56.5 forest is divided into two or more parts by any transfer or transfers of title and the owners 56.6 of all such the parts desire to have the same parts made separate auxiliary forests, they the 56.7 owners may join in a verified application therefor to the county board of the county in 56.8 which the forest is situated in a form prescribed by the commissioner of natural resources. 56.9 If the county board determines that each of the parts into which the forest has been divided 56.10 is suitable and sufficient for a separate auxiliary forest as provided by law, it may in 56.11 its discretion, grant the application, subject to the approval of the commissioner. Upon 56.12 such approval, the commissioner shall prepare a new auxiliary forest contract for each 56.13 part transferred, with like provisions and for the remainder of the same term as the prior 56.14 contract in force for the entire forest at the time of the transfer, and shall also prepare a 56.15 modification of such the prior contract, eliminating therefrom the part or parts of the land 56.16 transferred but otherwise leaving the remaining land subject to all the provisions of such 56.17 the contract. The new contract or contracts and modification of the prior contract shall 56.18 must be executed and otherwise dealt with in like manner as provided for an original a 56.19 supplemental auxiliary forest contract in subdivision 9, but no such instrument shall must 56.20 take effect until all of them, covering together all parts of the forest existing before the 56.21 transfer, have been executed, filed, and recorded or registered, as the case may require. 56.22 Upon the taking effect of When all such the instruments take effect, the owner of the 56.23 forest prior to the transfer shall be is divested of all rights and relieved from all liabilities 56.24 under the contract then in force with respect to the parts transferred except such those as 56.25 may have existed or accrued at the time of the taking effect of such instruments, and 56.26 thereafter the several tracts into which the forest has been divided and the respective 56.27 owners thereof shall be are subject to the new contract or contracts or the modified prior

56.28 contract relating thereto, as the case may be, as provided for an original auxiliary forest 56.29 contract. The provisions of this subdivision shall not supersede or affect the application 56.30 of any other provision of law to any auxiliary forest which is divided by transfer of title

56.31 unless the procedure herein authorized is fully consummated.

56.32 Sec. 46. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 88.491, subdivision 2, is amended to read:

56.33 Subd. 2. **Effect of expired contract.** When auxiliary forest contracts expire,

56.34 or prior to expiration by mutual agreement between the land owner landowner and the

56.35 appropriate county office, the lands previously covered by an auxiliary forest contract

57.1 automatically qualify for inclusion under the provisions of the Sustainable Forest Incentive

57.2 Act; provided that when such lands are included in the Sustainable Forest Incentive Act

57.3 prior to expiration of the auxiliary forest contract, they will be transferred and a tax paid as

57.4 provided in section 88.49, subdivision 5, upon application and inclusion in the sustainable

57.5 forest incentive program. The land owner landowner shall pay taxes in an amount equal to

57.6 the difference between:

57.7 (1) the sum of:

57.8 (i) the amount which would have been paid from the date of the recording of the

57.9 contract had the land under contract been subject to the Minnesota Tree Growth Tax

57.10 Law; plus

57.11 (ii) beginning with taxes payable in 2003, the taxes that would have been paid if the

57.12 land had been enrolled in the sustainable forest incentive program; and

57.13 (2) the amount actually paid under section 88.51, subdivisions subdivision 1, and

57.14 Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 88.51, subdivision 2.

57.15 Sec. 47. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 88.50, is amended to read:

57.16 **88.50 TAXATION.**

57.17 Every auxiliary forest in this state shall must be taxed in the manner and to the extent

57.18 hereinafter provided according to sections 88.49 to 88.53 and not otherwise. Except as

57.19 expressly permitted by sections 88.47 88.49 to 88.53, no auxiliary forest shall be taxed

57.20 for, or in any manner, directly or indirectly made to contribute to, or become liable for

57.21 the payment of, any tax or assessment, general or special, or any bond, certificate of

57.22 indebtedness, or other public obligation of any name or kind, made, issued, or created

57.23 subsequent to the filing of the contract creating the auxiliary forest, provided that

57.24 temporary buildings, structures, or other fixtures of whatsoever kind located upon land

57.25 within an auxiliary forest shall be valued and assessed as personal property and classified

57.26 as class 3 under the general system of ad valorem taxation. In any proceeding for the

57.27 making of a special improvement under the laws of this state by which any auxiliary forest

57.28 will be benefited, the owner thereof may subject the lands therein to assessment therefor in

57.29 the manner provided by law, by filing the owner's written consent in writing to the making

57.30 of the assessment in the tribunal in which the proceeding is pending, whereupon. The lands

57.31 shall for the purposes of the improvement and assessment <u>not</u> be treated as lands not in an 57.32 auxiliary forest; but the lien of any assessment so levied on lands in any auxiliary forest shall 57.33 be is subject to the provisions of the contract creating the auxiliary forest and subordinate 57.34 to the lien of any tax imposed under the provisions of sections 88.47 88.49 to 88.53.

- 58.1 Sec. 48. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 88.51, subdivision 1, is amended to read:
- 58.2 Subdivision 1. Annual tax, ten cents per acre. (a) From and after the filing of the
- 58.3 contract creating any tract of land an auxiliary forest under sections 88.47 88.49 to 88.53
- 58.4 and hereafter upon any tract heretofore created as an auxiliary forest, the surface of the
- 58.5 land therein, exclusive of mineral or anything of value thereunder, shall must be taxed
- 58.6 annually at the rate of 10 cents per acre. This tax shall must be levied and collected, and
- 58.7 the payment thereof of the tax, with penalties and interest, enforced in the same manner as
- 58.8 other taxes on real estate, and shall must be credited to the funds of the taxing districts
- 58.9 affected in the proportion of their interest in the taxes on this land if it had not been so
- 58.10 made an auxiliary forest; provided, that such tax shall be is due in full on or before May
- 58.11 31, after the levy thereof. Failure to pay when due any tax so levied shall be is cause
- 58.12 for cancellation of the contract.
- 58.13 (b) The levy upon the land of the taxes provided for by section 88.49, subdivision 5,
- 58.14 upon the cancellation of a contract, shall discharge and annul discharges and annuls all
- 58.15 unpaid taxes levied or assessed thereon on the land.
- 58.16 Sec. 49. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 88.51, subdivision 3, is amended to read:
- 58.17 Subd. 3. **Determination of estimated market value.** In determining the net tax
- 58.18 capacity of property within any taxing district, the value of the surface of lands within any
- 58.19 auxiliary forest therein in the taxing district, as determined by the county board under the
- 58.20 provisions of section 88.48, subdivision 3, shall, for all purposes except the levying of
- 58.21 taxes on lands within any such forest, be deemed the estimated market value thereof of
- 58.22 those surface lands.
- 58.23 Sec. 50. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 88.52, subdivision 2, is amended to read:

58.24 Subd. 2. **Examination, report.** When any timber growing or standing in any 58.25 auxiliary forest shall have become is suitable for merchantable forest products, the 58.26 commissioner shall, at the written request of the owner, a copy of which shall at the time be 58.27 filed in the office of the county auditor, make an examination of the timber and designate 58.28 for the owner the kind and number of trees most suitable to be cut if in the judgment of 58.29 the commissioner there be any, and. The cutting and removal of these designated trees so 58.30 designated shall must be in accordance with the instructions of the commissioner. The 58.31 commissioner shall inspect the cutting or removal and determine whether it or the manner 58.32 of its performance constitute a violation of the terms of the contract creating the auxiliary 58.33 forest or of the laws applicable thereto laws, or of the instructions of the commissioner 58.34 relative to the cutting and removal. Any such violation shall be is ground for cancellation 59.1 of the contract by the commissioner; otherwise the contract shall continue continues in 59.2 force for the remainder of the period therein stated in the contract, regardless of the cutting 59.3 and removal. Within 90 days after the completion of any cutting or removal operation, 59.4 the commissioner shall make a report of findings thereon and transmit copies of such the 59.5 report to the county auditor and the surveyor general.

59.6 Sec. 51. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 88.52, subdivision 3, is amended to read:

59.7 Subd. 3. **Kinds, permit, scale report, assessment and payment of tax.** (a) Upon 59.8 the filing of the <u>owner's written request of the owner as provided in subdivision 2</u>, the 59.9 director of lands and forestry, with the county board or the county land commissioner, 59.10 shall determine within 30 days the kinds, quantities, and value on the stump of the timber 59.11 proposed to be cut.

59.12 Before the cutting is to begin, the director of lands and forestry shall file with the 59.13 county auditor a report showing the kinds, quantities, and value of the timber proposed to 59.14 be cut or removed and approved by the director of lands and forestry for cutting within 59.15 two years after the date of approval of the report by the director of lands and forestry. The 59.16 county auditor shall assess and levy the estimated yield tax thereon, make proper record 59.17 of this assessment and levy in the auditor's office, and notify the owner of the auxiliary 59.18 forest of the tax amount thereof. The owner shall, before any timber in the forest is cut or 59.19 removed, give a bond payable to the state of Minnesota, or in lieu thereof, a deposit in 59.20 cash with the county treasurer, in the amount required by the report, which shall be and not 59.21 less than 150 percent of the amount of the levy, conditioned for the payment of all taxes on 59.22 the timber to be cut or removed. Upon receipt of notification from the county auditor that 59.23 the bond or cash requirement has been deposited, the director of lands and forestry will 59.24 issue a cutting permit in accordance with the report. The owner shall keep an accurate 59.25 count or scale of all timber cut. On or before the fifteenth day of April 15 following 59.26 issuance of such the cutting permit, and on or before the fifteenth day of April 15 of each 59.27 succeeding year in which any merchantable wood products were cut on auxiliary forest 59.28 lands prior to the termination of such the permit, the owner of the timber covered by the 59.29 permit shall file with the director of lands and forestry a sworn statement, submitted in 59.30 duplicate, on a form prepared by the director of lands and forestry, one copy of which

59.31 shall must be transmitted to the county auditor, specifying the quantity and value of each 59.32 variety of timber and kind of product cut during the preceding year ending on March 31, 59.33 as shown by the scale or measurement thereof made on the ground as cut, skidded, or 59.34 loaded as the case may be. If no such scale or measurement shall have been was made on 59.35 the ground, an estimate thereof shall must be made and such estimate corrected by the first 60.1 scale or measurement, made in the due course of business, and such. The correction must 60.2 at once be filed with the director of lands and forestry who shall immediately transmit it to 60.3 the county auditor. On or before the fifteenth day of May 15 following the filing of the 60.4 sworn statement covering the quantity and value of timber cut under an authorized permit, 60.5 the auditor shall assess and levy a yield (severance) tax, according to Minnesota Statutes 60.6 2014, section 88.51, subdivision 2, of the timber cut during the year ending on the March 60.7 31st 31 preceding the date of assessing and levying this tax. This tax is payable and must 60.8 be paid to the county treasurer on or before the following May 31 next following. Copies 60.9 of the yield (severance) tax assessment and of the yield (severance) tax payment shall must 60.10 be filed with the director of lands and forestry and the county auditor. Except as otherwise 60.11 provided, all yield (severance) taxes herein provided for shall must be levied and collected, 60.12 and payment thereof, with penalties and interest, enforced in the same manner as taxes 60.13 imposed under the provisions of section 88.51, subdivision 1, and shall must be credited to 60.14 the funds of the taxing districts affected in the proportion of their interests in the taxes on 60.15 the land producing the yield (severance) tax. At any time On deeming it necessary, the 60.16 director of lands and forestry may order an inspection of any or all cutting areas within 60.17 an auxiliary forest and also may require the owner of the auxiliary forest to produce for 60.18 inspection by the director of lands and forestry of any or all cutting records pertaining to 60.19 timber cutting operations within an auxiliary forest for the purpose of determining the 60.20 accuracy of scale or measurement reports, and if intentional error in scale or measurement 60.21 reports is found to exist, shall levy and assess a tax triple the yield (severance) tax on the 60.22 stumpage value of the timber cut in excess of the quantity and value reported.

60.23 (b) The following alternative method of assessing and paying annually the yield tax 60.24 on an auxiliary forest is to be available to an auxiliary forest owner upon application and 60.25 upon approval of the county board of the county within which the auxiliary forest is located.

60.26 For auxiliary forests entered under this subdivision paragraph, the county auditor 60.27 shall assess and levy the yield tax by multiplying the acreage of each legal description 60.28 included within the auxiliary forest by the acre quantity of the annual growth by species, 60.29 calculated in cords, or in thousands of feet board measure Minnesota standard log scale 60.30 rule, whichever is more reasonably usable, for the major species found in each type by 60.31 the from year-to-year appraised stumpage prices for each of these species, used by the 60.32 Division of Lands and Forestry, Department of Natural Resources, in selling trust fund 60.33 timber located within the district in which the auxiliary forest is located. The assessed 60.34 value of the annual growth of the auxiliary forest, thus determined, shall be is subject to 60.35 a ten percent of stumpage value yield tax, payable annually on or before May 31. In all 61.1 other respects the assessment, levying and collection of the yield tax, as provided for in 61.2 this subdivision shall must follow the procedures specified in elause paragraph (a).

61.3 Forest owners operating under this subdivision shall be paragraph are subject to all 61.4 other provisions of the auxiliary forest law except such the provisions of clause paragraph 61.5 (a) as that are in conflict with this subdivision paragraph. Penalties for intentional failure 61.6 by the owner to report properly the quantity and value of the annual growth upon an 61.7 auxiliary forest entered under this subdivision paragraph and for failure to pay the yield 61.8 tax when due shall be are the same as the penalties specified in other subdivisions of this 61.9 law for like failure to abide by its provisions.

61.10 To qualify for the assessment and levying of the yield tax by this method, the 61.11 owner of the forest requesting this method of taxation must submit a map or maps 61.12 and a tabulation in acres and in quantity of growth by legal descriptions showing the 61.13 division of the area covered by the auxiliary forest for which this method of taxation is 61.14 requested into the following forest types, namely: white and Norway red pine; jack pine; 61.15 aspen-birch; spruce-balsam fir; swamp black spruce; tamarack; cedar; upland hardwoods; 61.16 lowland hardwoods; upland brush and grass (temporarily nonproductive); lowland brush 61.17 (temporarily nonproductive); and permanently nonproductive (open bogs, stagnant 61.18 swamps, rock outcrops, flowage, etc.). Definition of these types and determination of the 61.19 average rate or rates of growth (in cords or thousand feet, board measure, Minnesota 61.20 standard log scale rule, which ever whichever is more logically applicable for each of 61.21 them) shall must be made by the director of the Division of Lands and Forestry, Minnesota 61.22 Department of Natural Resources, with the advice and assistance of the land commissioner 61.23 of the county in which the auxiliary forest is located; the director of the United States 61.24 Forest Service's North Central Forest Experiment Station; and the director of the School of 61.25 Forestry, University of Minnesota. Before the approval of the application of the owner of 61.26 an auxiliary forest to have the auxiliary or proposed auxiliary forest taxed under provisions 61.27 of this subdivision paragraph is submitted to the county board, the distribution between 61.28 types of the area as shown on the maps and in the tabulations submitted by the owner of the 61.29 auxiliary or proposed auxiliary forest shall must be examined and their accuracy determined 61.30 by the director of the Division of Lands and Forestry, Department of Natural Resources, 61.31 with the assistance of the county board of the county in which the auxiliary forest is located.

- 61.32 During the life of the auxiliary forest, contract timber cutting operations within the 61.33 various types shown upon the type map accepted as a part of the approved auxiliary forest 61.34 application shall do not bring about a reclassification of the forest types shown upon that 61.35 map or those maps until after the passage of ten years following the termination of said the 61.36 timber cutting operations and then only upon proof of a change in type.
- 62.1 Sec. 52. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 88.52, subdivision 4, is amended to read:

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62.2 Subd. 4. **Hearing, procedure.** The owner of any land or timber upon which a yield 62.3 tax is assessed and levied as provided in this section may, within 15 days after mailing 62.4 of notice of the amount of the tax, file with the county auditor a demand for hearing 62.5 thereon on the tax before the county board. The county auditor shall thereupon fix a date 62.6 of hearing, which shall must be held within 30 days after the filing of the demand, and 62.7 mail to the owner notice of the time and place of the hearing. The owner may appear at 62.8 the meeting and present evidence and argument as to the amount of the tax and as to any 62.9 related matter relating thereto. The county board shall thereupon determine whether the 62.10 tax as levied is proper in amount and make its order thereon. The county auditor shall 62.11 forthwith mail to the owner a notice of the order. If the amount of the tax is increased or 62.12 reduced by the order, the county auditor shall make a supplemental assessment and levy 62.13 thereof, as in this subdivision provided.

- 62.14 Sec. 53. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 88.52, subdivision 5, is amended to read:
- 62.15 Subd. 5. **Yield tax, a prior lien.** Throughout the life of any such auxiliary forest.
 62.16 the yield tax accruing thereon shall constitute and be yield tax constitutes and is a first and 62.17 prior lien upon all the merchantable timber and forest products growing or grown thereon; 62.18 and, if not paid when due, this yield tax, together with penalties and interest thereon as 62.19 otherwise provided by law and all expenses of collecting same, shall continue continues to 62.20 be a lien upon the timber and forest products and every part and parcel thereof wherever 62.21 the same may be or however much changed in form or otherwise improved until the yield 62.22 tax is fully paid. Such The lien may be foreclosed and the property subject thereto to 62.23 the lien dealt with by action in the name of the state, brought by the county attorney at 62.24 the request of the county auditor.
- 62.25 Sec. 54. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 88.52, subdivision 6, is amended to read:
- 62.26 Subd. 6. **Timber held exempt from yield tax.** Timber cut from an auxiliary forest 62.27 by an owner and used by the owner for fuel, fencing, or building on land occupied by the 62.28 owner which is within or contiguous to the auxiliary forest where cut shall be is exempt 62.29 from the yield tax, and, as to timber so cut and used, the requirements of subdivisions 62.30 1 and 2 shall do not be applicable and in lieu thereof apply. The owner shall, prior to 62.31 cutting, file with the county auditor, on a form prepared by the commissioner, a statement 62.32 showing the quantity of each kind of forest products proposed to be cut and the purposes 62.33 for which the same the products will be used.
- 63.1 Sec. 55. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 88.523, is amended to read:
- 63.2 88.523 AUXILIARY FOREST CONTRACTS; SUPPLEMENTAL
- 63.3 AGREEMENTS.

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- 63.4 Upon application of the owner, any auxiliary forest contract heretofore or hereafter
- 63.5 executed may be made subject to any provisions of law enacted subsequent to the execution
- 63.6 of the contract and in force at the time of application, so far as not already applicable, with
- 63.7 the approval of the county board and the commissioner of natural resources. As evidence
- 63.8 thereof A supplemental agreement in a form prescribed by the commissioner and approved
- 63.9 by the attorney general shall must be executed by the commissioner in behalf of the state
- 63.10 and by the owner. Such The supplemental agreement shall must be filed and recorded in
- 63.11 like manner as the original supplemental contract under section 88.49, subdivision 9, and
- 63.12 shall thereupon take takes effect upon filing and recording.
- 63.13 Sec. 56. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 88.53, subdivision 1, is amended to read:
- 63.14 Subdivision 1. Time for disposal. Any corporation, association, or organization
- 63.15 may acquire and hold any amount of land without restriction and without limit as to
- 63.16 acreage or quantity for the purpose of including same within and holding same as an
- 63.17 auxiliary forest under the provisions of sections 88.47 to 88.53. When the same shall
- 63.18 eease land ceases to be an auxiliary forest, the owners shall have five years within which
- 63.19 to dispose of the land, any provisions of general law to the contrary notwithstanding.
- 63.20 Sec. 57. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 88.53, subdivision 2, is amended to read:
- 63.21 Subd. 2. Rules. The director shall make rules and adopt and prescribe such forms
- 63.22 and procedure as shall be is necessary in carrying out the provisions of sections 88.47
- 63.23 88.49 to 88.53; and the director and every county board, county recorder, registrar of titles,
- 63.24 assessor, tax collector, and every other person in official authority having any duties to
- 63.25 perform under or growing out of sections 88.47 88.49 to 88.53 are hereby severally vested
- 63.26 with full power and authority to enforce such rules, employ help and assistance, acquire
- 63.27 and use equipment and supplies, or do any other act or thing reasonably necessary to the
- 63.28 proper performance of duties under or arising from the administration and enforcement of
- 63.29 sections 88.47 88.49 to 88.53. It shall be the duty of The director to must cause periodic
- 63.30 inspections to be made of all auxiliary forests for the purpose of determining whether
- 63.31 relative contract and statutory provisions relative thereto are being complied with.
- 63.32 Sec. 58. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 88.6435, subdivision 4, is amended to read:
- 64.1 Subd. 4. Forest bough account; disposition of fees. (a) The forest bough account
- 64.2 is established in the state treasury within the natural resources fund.
- 64.3 (b) Fees for permits issued under this section shall must be deposited in the state
- 64.4 treasury and credited to the forest bough account and, except for the electronic licensing
- 64.5 system commission established by the commissioner under section 84.027, subdivision
- 64.6 15, are annually appropriated to the commissioner of natural resources for costs associated
- 64.7 with balsam bough educational special forest product information and education programs
- 64.8 for harvesters and buyers.

- 82.3 Sec. 19. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 88.6435, subdivision 4, is amended to read:
- 82.4 Subd. 4. Forest bough account; disposition of fees. (a) The forest bough account
- 82.5 is established in the state treasury within the natural resources fund.
- 82.6 (b) Fees for permits issued under this section shall must be deposited in the state
- 82.7 treasury and credited to the forest bough account and, except for the electronic licensing
- 82.8 system commission established by the commissioner under section 84.027, subdivision
- 82.9 15, are annually appropriated to the commissioner of natural resources for costs associated
- 82.10 with balsam bough educational special forest product information and education programs
- 82.11 for harvesters and buyers.

64.9 Sec. 59. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 90.14, is amended to read: 64.10 **90.14 AUCTION SALE PROCEDURE.**

- 64.11 (a) All state timber shall be offered and sold by the same unit of measurement as it 64.12 was appraised. No tract shall be sold to any person other than the purchaser in whose name 64.13 the bid was made. The commissioner may refuse to approve any and all bids received and 64.14 cancel a sale of state timber for good and sufficient reasons.
- 64.15 (b) The purchaser at any sale of timber shall, immediately upon the approval of the 64.16 bid, or, if unsold at public auction, at the time of purchase at a subsequent sale under section 64.17 90.101, subdivision 1, pay to the commissioner a down payment of 15 percent of the 64.18 appraised value. In case any purchaser fails to make such payment, the purchaser shall be 64.19 liable therefor to the state in a civil action, and the commissioner may reoffer the timber for 64.20 sale as though no bid or sale under section 90.101, subdivision 1, therefor had been made.
- 64.21 (c) In lieu of the scaling of state timber required by this chapter, a purchaser of state 64.22 timber may, at the time of payment by the purchaser to the commissioner of 15 percent 64.23 of the appraised value, elect in writing on a form prescribed by the attorney general to 64.24 purchase a permit based solely on the appraiser's estimate of the volume of timber described 64.25 in the permit, provided that the commissioner has expressly designated the availability of 64.26 such option for that tract on the list of tracts available for sale as required under section 64.27 90.101. A purchaser who elects in writing on a form prescribed by the attorney general 64.28 to purchase a permit based solely on the appraiser's estimate of the volume of timber 64.29 described on the permit does not have recourse to the provisions of section 90.281.
- 64.30 (d) In the case of a public auction sale conducted by a sealed bid process, tracts shall 64.31 be awarded to the high bidder, who shall pay to the commissioner a down payment of 15 64.32 percent of the appraised value that must be received or postmarked within 14 days of 64.33 the date of the sealed bid opening. If a purchaser fails to make the down payment, the 64.34 purchaser is liable for the down payment to the state and the commissioner may offer the 64.35 timber for sale to the next highest bidder as though no higher bid had been made.
- 65.1 (e) Except as otherwise provided by law, at the time the purchaser signs a permit 65.2 issued under section 90.151, the commissioner shall require the purchaser to make a bid 65.3 guarantee payment to the commissioner in an amount equal to 15 percent of the total 65.4 purchase price of the permit less the down payment amount required by paragraph (b) 65.5 for any bid increase in excess of \$5,000 \subseteq 10,000 of the appraised value. If a required bid 65.6 guarantee payment is not submitted with the signed permit, no harvesting may occur, the 65.7 permit cancels, and the down payment for timber forfeits to the state. The bid guarantee 65.8 payment forfeits to the state if the purchaser and successors in interest fail to execute 65.9 an effective permit.
- 65.10 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective June 1, 2015, and applies to permits 65.11 sold on or after that date.

- 82.12 Sec. 20. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 90.14, is amended to read:
- 82.13 90.14 AUCTION SALE PROCEDURE.
- 82.14 (a) All state timber shall be offered and sold by the same unit of measurement as it 82.15 was appraised. No tract shall be sold to any person other than the purchaser in whose name 82.16 the bid was made. The commissioner may refuse to approve any and all bids received and
- 82.17 cancel a sale of state timber for good and sufficient reasons.
- 82.18 (b) The purchaser at any sale of timber shall, immediately upon the approval of the
- 82.19 bid, or, if unsold at public auction, at the time of purchase at a subsequent sale under section
- 82.20 90.101, subdivision 1, pay to the commissioner a down payment of 15 percent of the
- 82.21 appraised value. In case any purchaser fails to make such payment, the purchaser shall be
- 82.22 liable therefor to the state in a civil action, and the commissioner may reoffer the timber for
- 82.23 sale as though no bid or sale under section 90.101, subdivision 1, therefor had been made.
- 82.24 (c) In lieu of the scaling of state timber required by this chapter, a purchaser of state
- 82.25 timber may, at the time of payment by the purchaser to the commissioner of 15 percent
- 82.26 of the appraised value, elect in writing on a form prescribed by the attorney general to
- 82.27 purchase a permit based solely on the appraiser's estimate of the volume of timber described
- 82.28 in the permit, provided that the commissioner has expressly designated the availability of
- 82.29 such option for that tract on the list of tracts available for sale as required under section
- 82.30 90.101. A purchaser who elects in writing on a form prescribed by the attorney general
- 82.31 to purchase a permit based solely on the appraiser's estimate of the volume of timber
- 82.32 described on the permit does not have recourse to the provisions of section 90.281.
- 82.33 (d) In the case of a public auction sale conducted by a sealed bid process, tracts shall
- 82.34 be awarded to the high bidder, who shall pay to the commissioner a down payment of 15
- 83.1 percent of the appraised value that must be received or postmarked within 14 days of
- 83.2 the date of the sealed bid opening. If a purchaser fails to make the down payment, the
- 83.3 purchaser is liable for the down payment to the state and the commissioner may offer the
- 83.4 timber for sale to the next highest bidder as though no higher bid had been made.
- 83.5 (e) Except as otherwise provided by law, at the time the purchaser signs a permit
- 83.6 issued under section 90.151, the commissioner shall require the purchaser to make a bid
- 83.7 guarantee payment to the commissioner in an amount equal to 15 percent of the total
- 83.8 purchase price of the permit less the down payment amount required by paragraph (b)
- 83.9 for any bid increase in excess of \$5,000 \$10,000 of the appraised value. If a required bid
- 83.10 guarantee payment is not submitted with the signed permit, no harvesting may occur, the
- 83.11 permit cancels, and the down payment for timber forfeits to the state. The bid guarantee
- 83.12 payment forfeits to the state if the purchaser and successors in interest fail to execute
- 83.13 an effective permit.
- 83.14 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective June 1, 2015, and applies to permits
- 83.15 sold on or after that date.

- 65.12 Sec. 60. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 90.193, is amended to read:
- 65.13 90.193 EXTENSION OF TIMBER PERMITS.
- 65.14 The commissioner may, in the case of an exceptional circumstance beyond the
- 65.15 control of the timber permit holder which makes it unreasonable, impractical, and not
- 65.16 feasible to complete cutting and removal under the permit within the time allowed, grant
- 65.17 one regular extension for one year. A written request for the regular extension must be
- 65.18 received by the commissioner before the permit expires. The request must state the reason
- 65.19 the extension is necessary and be signed by the permit holder. An interest rate of eight
- 65.20 five percent may be charged for the period of extension.
- 65.21 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the day following final enactment.
- 65.22 Sec. 61. [92.83] CONDEMNATION OF SCHOOL TRUST LAND.
- 65.23 Subdivision 1. **Purpose.** The purpose of this section is to extinguish the school trust
- 65.24 interest in school trust lands where long-term economic return is prohibited by designation
- 65.25 or policy while producing economic benefits for Minnesota's public schools. For the
- 65.26 purposes of satisfying the Minnesota Constitution, article XI, section 8, which limits the
- 65.27 sale of school trust lands to a public sale, the commissioner of natural resources shall
- 65.28 acquire school trust lands through condemnation, as provided in subdivision 2.
- 65.29 Subd. 2. Commencement of condemnation proceedings. When the commissioner
- 65.30 of natural resources has determined sufficient money is available to acquire any of the
- 65.31 lands identified under section 84.027, subdivision 18, paragraph (c), the commissioner
- 65.32 shall proceed to extinguish the school trust interest by condemnation action. When
- 66.1 requested by the commissioner, the attorney general shall commence condemnation of
- 66.2 the identified school trust lands.
- 66.3 Subd. 3. Payment. The portion of the payment of the award and judgment that
- 66.4 is for the value of the land shall be deposited into the permanent school fund. The
- 66.5 remainder of the award and judgment payment shall first be remitted for reimbursement
- 66.6 to the accounts from which expenses were paid, with any remainder deposited into the
- 66.7 permanent school fund.
- 66.8 Subd. 4. Account. The school trust lands account is created in the state treasury.
- 66.9 Money credited to the account is appropriated to the commissioner of natural resources
- 66.10 for the purposes of this section.

- 83.16 Sec. 21. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 90.193, is amended to read:
- 83 17 90.193 EXTENSION OF TIMBER PERMITS.
- 83.18 The commissioner may, in the case of an exceptional circumstance beyond the

- 83.19 control of the timber permit holder which makes it unreasonable, impractical, and not
- 83.20 feasible to complete cutting and removal under the permit within the time allowed, grant
- 83.21 one regular extension for one year. A written request for the regular extension must be
- 83.22 received by the commissioner before the permit expires. The request must state the reason
- 83.23 the extension is necessary and be signed by the permit holder. An interest rate of eight
- 83.24 five percent may be charged for the period of extension.
- 83.25 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the day following final enactment.
- 83.26 Sec. 22. [92.83] CONDEMNATION OF SCHOOL TRUST LAND.
- 83.27 Subdivision 1. **Purpose.** The purpose of this section is to extinguish the school trust
- 83.28 interest in school trust lands where long-term economic return is prohibited by designation
- 83.29 or policy while producing economic benefits for Minnesota's public schools. For the
- 83.30 purposes of satisfying the Minnesota Constitution, article XI, section 8, which limits the
- 83.31 sale of school trust lands to a public sale, the commissioner of natural resources shall
- 83.32 acquire school trust lands through condemnation, as provided in subdivision 2.
- 84.1 Subd. 2. Commencement of condemnation proceedings. When the commissioner
- 84.2 of natural resources has determined sufficient money is available to acquire any of the
- 84.3 lands identified under section 84.027, subdivision 18, paragraph (c), the commissioner
- 84.4 shall proceed to extinguish the school trust interest by condemnation action. When
- 84.5 requested by the commissioner, the attorney general shall commence condemnation of
- 84.6 the identified school trust lands.
- 84.7 Subd. 3. **Payment.** The portion of the payment of the award and judgment that
- 84.8 is for the value of the land shall be deposited into the permanent school fund. The
- 84.9 remainder of the award and judgment payment shall first be remitted for reimbursement
- 84.10 to the accounts from which expenses were paid, with any remainder deposited into the
- 84.11 permanent school fund.
- 84.12 Subd. 4. Account. The school trust lands account is created in the state treasury.
- 84.13 Money credited to the account is appropriated to the commissioner of natural resources
- 84.14 for the purposes of this section.
- 84.15 Sec. 23. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 93.20, subdivision 18, is amended to read:
- 84.16 Subd. 18. Schedule 7. Schedule 7. Taconite ore shall be understood to mean a
- 84.17 ferruginous chert or ferruginous slate in the form of compact siliceous rock, in which the
- 84.18 iron oxide is so finely disseminated that substantially all of the iron-bearing particles of
- 84.19 merchantable grade are smaller than 20 mesh.

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House Language H0846-3

- 66.11 Sec. 62. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 94.10, subdivision 2, is amended to read:
- 66.12 Subd. 2. Public sale requirements. (a) After complying with subdivision 1 and
- 66.13 before any public sale of surplus state-owned land is made and at least 30 days before
- 66.14 the sale, the commissioner of natural resources shall publish a notice of the sale in a
- 66.15 newspaper of general distribution in the county in which the real property to be sold is
- 66.16 situated. The notice shall specify the time and place at which the sale will commence, a
- 66.17 general description of the lots or tracts to be offered, and a general statement of the terms
- 66.18 of sale. The commissioner shall also provide electronic notice of sale.
- 66.19 (b) The minimum bid for a parcel of land must include the estimated value or
- 66.20 appraised value of the land and any improvements and, if any of the land is valuable for
- 66.21 merchantable timber, the value of the merchantable timber. The minimum bid may include
- 66.22 expenses incurred by the commissioner in rendering the property salable, including
- 66.23 survey, appraisal, legal, advertising, and other expenses.
- 66.24 (c) Except as provided under paragraph (d), parcels remaining unsold after the
- 66.25 offering may be sold to anyone agreeing to pay at least 75 percent of the appraised
- 66.26 value. The sale shall continue until all parcels are sold or until the commissioner orders a
- 66.27 reappraisal or withdraws the remaining parcels from sale.
- 66.28 (d) The commissioner may retain the services of a licensed real estate broker to find
- 66.29 a buyer for parcels remaining unsold after the offering. The sale price may be negotiated
- 66.30 by the broker, but must not be less than 90 percent of the appraised value as determined by
- 66.31 the commissioner. The broker's fee must be established by prior agreement between the
- 66.32 commissioner and the broker and must not exceed ten percent of the sale price for sales of
- 66.33 \$10,000 or more. The broker's fee must be paid to the broker from the proceeds of the sale.
- 66.34 Sec. 63. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 94.16, subdivision 2, is amended to read:

- 84.20 Taconite concentrates shall be understood to mean the merchantable product, suitable
- 84.21 for blast furnace use, which, in accordance with good engineering and metallurgical
- 84.22 practice, has been produced from taconite ore which requires treatment by fine grinding,
- 84.23 magnetic separation, flotation, or some other method or methods other than or in addition
- 84.24 to one or more of the methods specified in schedules 1 to 6, inclusive.
- 84.25 On a ton of taconite concentrates averaging in dried iron 40.49 percent or less, the
- 84.26 royalty shall be no less than 11 cents. The royalty rate shall be increased one percent for
- 84.27 each increase of one percent, or fraction thereof, in dried iron analysis.
- 84.28 In lieu of payment of such royalty on the taconite concentrates, royalty payments
- 84.29 may be made on the taconite ore as set forth in section 93.201.
- 84.30 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the day following final enactment
- 84.31 and applies to both existing and new leases entered into under this section.

- 67.1 Subd. 2. Payment of expenses. A portion of the proceeds from the sale equal
- 67.2 in amount to the survey, appraisal, legal, advertising, real estate broker fee, and other
- 67.3 expenses incurred by the commissioner of natural resources in rendering the property
- 67.4 salable and sold shall be remitted to the account from which the expenses were paid,
- 67.5 and are appropriated and immediately available for expenditure in the same manner as
- 67.6 other money in the account.
- 67.7 Sec. 64. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 94.16, subdivision 3, is amended to read:
- 67.8 Subd. 3. Proceeds from natural resources land. (a) Except as provided in
- 67.9 paragraph paragraphs (b) and (c), the remainder of the proceeds from the sale of lands
- 67.10 classified as a unit of the outdoor recreation system under section 86A.05 that were under
- 67.11 the control and supervision of the commissioner of natural resources shall be credited to
- 67.12 the land acquisition account in the natural resources fund.
- 67.13 (b) The remainder of the proceeds from the sale of administrative sites under the
- 67.14 control and supervision of the commissioner of natural resources shall be credited to the
- 67.15 facilities management account established under section 84.0857 and used to acquire
- 67.16 facilities or renovate existing buildings for administrative use or to acquire land for,
- 67.17 design, and construct administrative buildings for the Department of Natural Resources.
- 67.18 (c) The remainder of the proceeds from the sale of land not within a unit of the
- 67.19 outdoor recreation system under section 86A.05 and not an administrative site, but under
- 67.20 the control and supervision of the commissioner of natural resources, shall be credited to
- 67.21 the school trust lands account established under section 92.83.

- 84.32 Sec. 24. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 94.16, subdivision 3, is amended to read:
- 84.33 Subd. 3. Proceeds from natural resources land. (a) Except as provided in

- 84.34 paragraph paragraphs (b) and (c), the remainder of the proceeds from the sale of lands
- 85.1 classified as a unit of the outdoor recreation system under section 86A.05 that were under
- 85.2 the control and supervision of the commissioner of natural resources shall be credited to
- 85.3 the land acquisition account in the natural resources fund.
- 85.4 (b) The remainder of the proceeds from the sale of administrative sites under the
- 85.5 control and supervision of the commissioner of natural resources shall be credited to the
- 85.6 facilities management account established under section 84.0857 and used to acquire
- 85.7 facilities or renovate existing buildings for administrative use or to acquire land for,
- 85.8 design, and construct administrative buildings for the Department of Natural Resources.
- 85.9 (c) The remainder of the proceeds from the sale of land not within a unit of the
- 85.10 outdoor recreation system under section 86A.05 and not an administrative site, but under
- 85.11 the control and supervision of the commissioner of natural resources, shall be credited to
- 85.12 the school trust lands account established under section 92.83.
- 85.13 Sec. 25. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 97A.055, subdivision 4b, is amended to read:
- 85.14 Subd. 4b. Citizen oversight committees. (a) The commissioner shall appoint
- 85.15 committees of affected persons to review the reports prepared under subdivision 4; review
- 85.16 the proposed work plans and budgets for the coming year; propose changes in policies,
- 85.17 activities, and revenue enhancements or reductions; review other relevant information;
- 85.18 and make recommendations to the legislature and the commissioner for improvements in
- 85.19 the management and use of money in the game and fish fund.
- 85.20 (b) The commissioner shall appoint the following committees, each comprised
- 85.21 of at least ten affected persons:
- 85.22 (1) a Fisheries Oversight Committee to review fisheries funding and expenditures,
- 85.23 including activities related to trout and salmon stamps and walleye stamps; and
- 85.24 (2) a Wildlife Oversight Committee to review wildlife funding and expenditures,
- 85.25 including activities related to migratory waterfowl, pheasant, and wild turkey management
- 85.26 and deer and big game management.

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- 67.22 Sec. 65. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 97B.668, is amended to read:
- 67.23 97B.668 CANADA GEESE GAME BIRDS CAUSING DAMAGE.
- 67.24 Notwithstanding sections 97B.091 and 97B.805, subdivisions 1 and 2, a person or
- 67.25 agent of that person on lands and nonpublic waters owned or operated by the person
- 67.26 may nonlethally scare, haze, chase, or harass Canada geese game birds that are causing
- 67.27 property damage from March 11 to August 31 or to protect a disease risk at any time or
- 67.28 place that a hunting season for the game birds is not open. This section does not apply to
- 67.29 public waters as defined under section 103G.005, subdivision 15, or. This section does not
- 67.30 apply to migratory waterfowl on nests and other federally protected game birds on nests,
- 67.31 except ducks and geese on nests unless when a permit is obtained under section 97A.401.
- 67.32 Sec. 66. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 97C.005, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

85.27 (c) The chairs of the Fisheries Oversight Committee and the Wildlife Oversight

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- 85.28 Committee, and four additional members from each committee, shall form a Budgetary
- 85.29 Oversight Committee to coordinate the integration of the fisheries and wildlife oversight
- 85.30 committee reports into an annual report to the legislature; recommend changes on a broad
- 85.31 level in policies, activities, and revenue enhancements or reductions; and provide a forum
- 85.32 to address issues that transcend the fisheries and wildlife oversight committees.
- 85.33 (d) The Budgetary Oversight Committee shall develop recommendations for a
- 85.34 biennial budget plan and report for expenditures on game and fish activities. By August 15
- 85.35 of each even-numbered year, the committee shall submit the budget plan recommendations
- 86.1 to the commissioner and to the senate and house of representatives committees with
- 86.2 jurisdiction over natural resources finance.
- 86.3 (e) The chairs of the Fisheries Oversight Committee and the Wildlife Oversight
- 86.4 Committee shall be chosen by their respective committees. The chair of the Budgetary
- 86.5 Oversight Committee shall be appointed by the commissioner and may not be the chair of
- 86.6 either of the other oversight committees.
- 86.7 (f) The Budgetary Oversight Committee may make recommendations to the
- 86.8 commissioner and to the senate and house of representatives committees with jurisdiction
- 86.9 over natural resources finance for outcome goals from expenditures.
- 86.10 (g) The committees authorized under this subdivision are not advisory councils or
- 86.11 committees governed by section 15.059 and are not subject to section 15.059. Committee
- 86.12 members appointed by the commissioner may request reimbursement for mileage
- 86.13 expenses in the same manner and amount as authorized by the commissioner's plan
- 86.14 adopted under section 43A.18, subdivision 2. Committee members must not receive daily
- 86.15 compensation for oversight activities. The Fisheries Oversight Committee, the Wildlife
- 86.16 Oversight Committee, and the Budgetary Oversight Committee expire June 30, 2015 2020.

86.17 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the day following final enactment.

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- 68.1 Subdivision 1. **Definition; designation.** (a) Special management waters are waters 68.2 that:
- 68.3 (1) have been subject to special regulations that have been evaluated and proven 68.4 effective under an experimental waters designation under section 97C.001; or
- 68.5 (2) are classified by the commissioner for primary use as trophy lakes, family fishing 68.6 lakes, designated trout lakes, designated trout streams, special species management lakes, 68.7 and other designated uses.
- 68.8 (b) Except as provided under subdivision 4, the commissioner may designate any
- 68.9 waters of the state, including experimental waters, as special management waters. The
- 68.10 commissioner shall by rule establish methods and criteria for public participation in the
- 68.11 evaluation and designation of waters as special management waters.
- 68.12 (c) Designation of special management waters under this section is not subject 68.13 to chapter 14.
- 68.14 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the day following final enactment.
- 68.15 Sec. 67. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 97C.005, is amended by adding a 68.16 subdivision to read:
- 68.17 Subd. 4. Trout streams; legislative approval. The commissioner shall not
- 68.18 designate a man-made stream as a trout stream. The commissioner shall not designate a
- 68.19 stream as a trout stream unless the legislature approves the designation.
- 68.20 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the day following final enactment
- 68.21 and applies to designations made on or after that date.
- 68.22 Sec. 68. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 97C.301, is amended by adding a
- 68.23 subdivision to read:
- 68.24 Subd. 2a. Aquatic invasive species affirmation. (a) A nonresident license to
- 68.25 take fish issued under section 97A.475, subdivision 7, includes aquatic invasive species
- 68.26 affirmation as provided in section 84D.106.
- 68.27 (b) The aquatic invasive species affirmation portion of the license must be displayed
- 68.28 with the signed nonresident license to take fish issued under section 97A.475, subdivision
- 68.29 7. The aquatic invasive species affirmation will be provided at the time of purchase of a
- 68.30 new or duplicate nonresident license.
- 68.31 (c) If a license is purchased online, the aquatic invasive species affirmation may be
- 68.32 completed electronically as part of the online sales process, and the electronic record of
- 68.33 the license sale is sufficient for documenting the affirmation.

May 04, 2015 10:14 AM

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- $86.23\ \text{Sec.}\ 27.\ \text{Minnesota}\ \text{Statutes}\ 2014,\ \text{section}\ 97\text{C}.301,\ \text{is}\ \text{amended}\ \text{by}\ \text{adding}\ \text{a}$
- 86.24 subdivision to read:
- 86.25 Subd. 2a. Aquatic invasive species affirmation. (a) A nonresident license to
- 86.26 take fish issued under section 97A.475, subdivision 7, includes aquatic invasive species
- 86.27 affirmation as provided in section 84D.106.
- 86.28 (b) The aquatic invasive species affirmation portion of the license must be displayed
- 86.29 with the signed nonresident license to take fish issued under section 97A.475, subdivision
- 86.30 7. The aquatic invasive species affirmation will be provided at the time of purchase of a
- 86.31 new or duplicate nonresident license.
- 86.32 (c) If a license is purchased online, the aquatic invasive species affirmation may be
- 86.33 completed electronically as part of the online sales process, and the electronic record of
- 86.34 the license sale will be sufficient for documenting the affirmation.

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- 69.1 (d) Failure to complete the aquatic invasive species affirmation in this subdivision is 69.2 subject to the penalty prescribed in section 84D.13, subdivision 5.
- 69.3 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective March 1, 2016.
- 69.4 Sec. 69. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 103B.101, is amended by adding a 69.5 subdivision to read:
- 69.6 Subd. 16. Wetland stakeholder coordination. The board shall work with
- 69.7 wetland stakeholders to foster mutual understanding and provide recommendations for
- 69.8 improvements to the management of wetlands and related land and water resources,
- 69.9 including recommendations for updating the Wetland Conservation Act, developing
- 69.10 an in-lieu fee program as defined in section 103G.005, subdivision 10g, and related
- 69.11 provisions. The board may convene informal working groups or work teams to provide
- 69.12 information and education and to develop recommendations.
- 69.13 Sec. 70. [103B.103] EASEMENT STEWARDSHIP ACCOUNTS.
- 69.14 Subdivision 1. Accounts established; sources. (a) The water and soil conservation
- 69.15 easement stewardship account and the mitigation easement stewardship account are
- 69.16 created in the special revenue fund. The accounts consist of money credited to the
- 69.17 accounts and interest and other earnings on money in the accounts. The State Board of
- 69.18 Investment must manage the accounts to maximize long-term gain.
- 69.19 (b) Revenue from contributions and money appropriated for any purposes of the
- 69.20 account as described in subdivision 2 must be deposited in the water and soil conservation
- 69.21 easement stewardship account. Revenue from contributions, wetland banking fees
- 69.22 designated for stewardship purposes by the board, easement stewardship payments
- 69.23 authorized under subdivision 3, and money appropriated for any purposes of the account
- 69.24 as described in subdivision 2 must be deposited in the mitigation easement stewardship
- 69.25 account.
- 69.26 Subd. 2. Appropriation; purposes of accounts. Five percent of the balance on
- 69.27 July 1 each year in the water and soil conservation easement stewardship account and
- 69.28 five percent of the balance on July 1 each year in the mitigation easement stewardship
- 69.29 account are annually appropriated to the board and may be spent only to cover the costs
- 69.30 of managing easements held by the board, including costs associated with monitoring,
- 69.31 landowner contacts, records storage and management, processing landowner notices,
- 69.32 requests for approval or amendments, enforcement, and legal services associated with
- 69.33 easement management activities.

87.1 (d) Failure to complete the aquatic invasive species affirmation in this subdivision is

- 87.2 subject to the penalty prescribed in section 84D.13, subdivision 5.
- 87.3 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective March 1, 2016.
- 87.4 Sec. 28. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 103B.101, is amended by adding a
- 87.5 subdivision to read:
- 87.6 Subd. 16. Wetland stakeholder coordination. The board shall work with
- 87.7 wetland stakeholders to foster mutual understanding and provide recommendations for
- 87.8 improvements to the management of wetlands and related land and water resources,
- 87.9 including recommendations for updating the Wetland Conservation Act, developing
- 87.10 an in-lieu fee program as defined in section 103G.005, subdivision 10g, and related
- 87.11 provisions. The board may convene informal working groups or work teams to provide
- 87.12 information and education and to develop recommendations.
- 87.13 Sec. 29. [103B.103] EASEMENT STEWARDSHIP ACCOUNTS.
- 87.14 Subdivision 1. Accounts established; sources. (a) The water and soil conservation
- 87.15 easement stewardship account and the mitigation easement stewardship account are
- 87.16 created in the special revenue fund. The accounts consist of money credited to the
- 87.17 accounts and interest and other earnings on money in the accounts. The State Board of
- 87.18 Investment must manage the accounts to maximize long-term gain.
- 87.19 (b) Revenue from contributions and money appropriated for any purposes of the
- 87.20 account as described in subdivision 2 must be deposited in the water and soil conservation
- 87.21 easement stewardship account. Revenue from contributions, wetland banking fees
- 87.22 designated for stewardship purposes by the board, easement stewardship payments
- 87.23 authorized under subdivision 3, and money appropriated for any purposes of the account
- 87.24 as described in subdivision 2 must be deposited in the mitigation easement stewardship
- 87.25 account.
- 87.26 Subd. 2. Appropriation; purposes of accounts. Five percent of the balance on
- 87.27 July 1 each year in the water and soil conservation easement stewardship account and
- 87.28 five percent of the balance on July 1 each year in the mitigation easement stewardship
- 87.29 account are annually appropriated to the board and may be spent only to cover the costs
- 87.30 of managing easements held by the board, including costs associated with monitoring,
- 87.31 landowner contacts, records storage and management, processing landowner notices,
- 87.32 requests for approval or amendments, enforcement, and legal services associated with
- 87.33 easement management activities.

- 70.1 Subd. 3. **Financial contributions.** The board shall seek a financial contribution
- 70.2 to the water and soil conservation easement stewardship account for each conservation
- 70.3 easement acquired by the board. The board shall seek a financial contribution or assess an
- 70.4 easement stewardship payment to the mitigation easement stewardship account for each
- 70.5 wetland banking easement acquired by the board. Unless otherwise provided by law.
- 70.6 the board shall determine the amount of the contribution or payment, which must be an
- 70.7 amount calculated to earn sufficient money to meet the costs of managing the easement at
- 70.8 a level that neither significantly overrecovers nor underrecovers the costs. In determining
- 70.9 the amount of the financial contribution, the board shall consider:
- 70.10 (1) the estimated annual staff hours needed to manage the conservation easement,
- 70.11 taking into consideration factors such as easement type, size, location, and complexity;
- 70.12 (2) the average hourly wages for the class or classes of state and local employees
- 70.13 expected to manage the easement;
- 70.14 (3) the estimated annual travel expenses to manage the easement;
- 70.15 (4) the estimated annual miscellaneous costs to manage the easement, including
- 70.16 supplies and equipment, information technology support, and aerial flyovers;
- 70.17 (5) the estimated annualized costs of legal services, including the cost to enforce the
- 70.18 easement in the event of a violation; and
- 70.19 (6) the expected rate of return on investments in the account.
- 70.20 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** Subdivisions 1 and 2 of this section are effective the day
- 70.21 following final enactment. Subdivision 3 of this section is effective for conservation
- 70.22 easements acquired with money appropriated on or after July 1, 2015, and for acquisitions
- 70.23 of conservation easements by gift or as a condition of approval for wetland mitigation as
- 70.24 provided in Minnesota Rules, chapter 8420, that are initiated on or after July 1, 2015.
- 70.25 Sec. 71. Minnesota Statutes 2014. section 103B.3355, is amended to read:
- 70.26 103B.3355 WETLAND FUNCTIONS FOR DETERMINING PUBLIC
- 70.27 VALUES.
- 70.28 (a) The public values of wetlands must be determined based upon the functions of
- 70.29 wetlands for:
- 70.30 (1) water quality, including filtering of pollutants to surface and groundwater,
- 70.31 utilization of nutrients that would otherwise pollute public waters, trapping of sediments,
- 70.32 shoreline protection, and utilization of the wetland as a recharge area for groundwater;
- 71.1 (2) floodwater and storm water retention, including the potential for flooding in
- 71.2 the watershed, the value of property subject to flooding, and the reduction in potential
- 71.3 flooding by the wetland;

88.1 Subd. 3. **Financial contributions.** The board shall seek a financial contribution

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- 88.2 to the water and soil conservation easement stewardship account for each conservation
- 88.3 easement acquired by the board. The board shall seek a financial contribution or assess an
- 88.4 easement stewardship payment to the mitigation easement stewardship account for each
- 88.5 wetland banking easement acquired by the board. Unless otherwise provided by law.
- 88.6 the board shall determine the amount of the contribution or payment, which must be an
- 88.7 amount calculated to earn sufficient money to meet the costs of managing the easement at
- 88.8 a level that neither significantly overrecovers nor underrecovers the costs. In determining
- 88.9 the amount of the financial contribution, the board shall consider:
- 88.10 (1) the estimated annual staff hours needed to manage the conservation easement,
- 88.11 taking into consideration factors such as easement type, size, location, and complexity;
- 88.12 (2) the average hourly wages for the class or classes of state and local employees
- 88.13 expected to manage the easement;
- 88.14 (3) the estimated annual travel expenses to manage the easement;
- 88.15 (4) the estimated annual miscellaneous costs to manage the easement, including
- 88.16 supplies and equipment, information technology support, and aerial flyovers;
- 88.17 (5) the estimated annualized costs of legal services, including the cost to enforce the
- 88.18 easement in the event of a violation; and
- 88.19 (6) the expected rate of return on investments in the account.
- 88.20 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** Subdivisions 1 and 2 of this section are effective the day
- 88.21 following final enactment. Subdivision 3 of this section is effective for conservation
- 88.22 easements acquired with money appropriated on or after July 1, 2015, and for acquisitions
- 88.23 of conservation easements by gift or as a condition of approval for wetland mitigation as
- 88.24 provided in Minnesota Rules, chapter 8420, that are initiated on or after July 1, 2015.
- 88.25 Sec. 30. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 103B,3355, is amended to read:
- 88.26 103B.3355 WETLAND FUNCTIONS FOR DETERMINING PUBLIC
- 88.27 **VALUES.**
- 88.28 (a) The public values of wetlands must be determined based upon the functions of
- 88.29 wetlands for:
- 88.30 (1) water quality, including filtering of pollutants to surface and groundwater,
- 88.31 utilization of nutrients that would otherwise pollute public waters, trapping of sediments,
- 88.32 shoreline protection, and utilization of the wetland as a recharge area for groundwater;
- 89.1 (2) floodwater and storm water retention, including the potential for flooding in
- 89.2 the watershed, the value of property subject to flooding, and the reduction in potential
- 89.3 flooding by the wetland;

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- 71.4 (3) public recreation and education, including hunting and fishing areas, wildlife
- 71.5 viewing areas, and nature areas;
- 71.6 (4) commercial uses, including wild rice and cranberry growing and harvesting
- 71.7 and aquaculture;
- 71.8 (5) fish, wildlife, native plant habitats;
- 71.9 (6) low-flow augmentation;
- 71.10 (7) carbon sequestration; and
- 71.11 (8) other public uses.
- 71.12 (b) The Board of Water and Soil Resources, in consultation with the commissioners of
- 71.13 natural resources and agriculture and local government units, shall adopt rules establishing:
- 71.14 (1) scientific methodologies for determining the functions of wetlands; and
- 71.15 (2) criteria for determining the resulting public values of wetlands.
- 71.16 (c) The methodologies and criteria established under this section or other
- 71.17 methodologies and criteria that include the functions in paragraph (a) and are approved
- 71.18 by the board, in consultation with the commissioners of natural resources and agriculture
- 71.19 and local government units, must be used to determine the functions and resulting public
- 71.20 values of wetlands in the state. The functions listed in paragraph (a) are not listed in
- 71.21 order of priority.
- 71.22 (d) Public value criteria established or approved by the board under this section do
- 71.23 not apply in areas subject to local comprehensive wetland protection and management
- 71.24 plans established under section 103G.2243.
- 71.25 (e) The Board of Water and Soil Resources, in consultation with the commissioners
- 71.26 of natural resources and agriculture and local government units, may must identify regions
- 71.27 areas of the state where preservation, enhancement, restoration, and establishment
- 71.28 of wetlands would have high public value. The board, in consultation with the
- 71.29 commissioners, may must identify high priority wetland regions areas for wetland
- 71.30 replacement using available information relating to the factors listed in paragraph
- 71.31 (a), the historic loss and abundance of wetlands, current applicable state and local
- 71.32 government water management and natural resource plans, and studies using a watershed
- 71.33 approach to identify current and future watershed needs. The board shall notify local
- 71.34 units of government with water planning authority of these high priority regions areas.
- 71.35 Designation of high priority areas is exempt from the rulemaking requirements of chapter
- 72.1 14, and section 14.386 does not apply. Designation of high priority areas is not effective
- 72.2 until 30 days after publication in the State Register.

- 89.4 (3) public recreation and education, including hunting and fishing areas, wildlife
- 89.5 viewing areas, and nature areas;
- 89.6 (4) commercial uses, including wild rice and cranberry growing and harvesting
- 89.7 and aquaculture;
- 89.8 (5) fish, wildlife, native plant habitats;
- 89.9 (6) low-flow augmentation;
- 89.10 (7) carbon sequestration; and
- 89.11 (8) other public uses.
- 89.12 (b) The Board of Water and Soil Resources, in consultation with the commissioners of
- 89.13 natural resources and agriculture and local government units, shall adopt rules establishing:
- 89.14 (1) scientific methodologies for determining the functions of wetlands; and
- 89.15 (2) criteria for determining the resulting public values of wetlands.
- 89.16 (c) The methodologies and criteria established under this section or other
- 89.17 methodologies and criteria that include the functions in paragraph (a) and are approved
- 89.18 by the board, in consultation with the commissioners of natural resources and agriculture
- 89.19 and local government units, must be used to determine the functions and resulting public
- 89.20 values of wetlands in the state. The functions listed in paragraph (a) are not listed in
- 89.21 order of priority.
- 89.22 (d) Public value criteria established or approved by the board under this section do
- 89.23 not apply in areas subject to local comprehensive wetland protection and management
- 89.24 plans established under section 103G.2243.
- 89.25 (e) The Board of Water and Soil Resources, in consultation with the commissioners
- 89.26 of natural resources and agriculture and local government units, may must identify regions
- 89.27 areas of the state where preservation, enhancement, restoration, and establishment
- 89.28 of wetlands would have high public value. The board, in consultation with the
- 89.29 commissioners, may must identify high priority wetland regions areas for wetland
- 89.30 replacement using available information relating to the factors listed in paragraph
- 89.31 (a), the historic loss and abundance of wetlands, current applicable state and local
- 89.32 government water management and natural resource plans, and studies using a watershed
- 89.33 approach to identify current and future watershed needs. The board shall notify local
- 89.34 units of government with water planning authority of these high priority regions areas.
- 89.35 Designation of high priority areas is exempt from the rulemaking requirements of chapter
- 90.1 14, and section 14.386 does not apply. Designation of high priority areas is not effective
- 90.2 until 30 days after publication in the State Register.

- 72.3 (f) Local units of government, as part of a state-approved comprehensive local
- 72.4 water management plan as defined in section 103B.3363, subdivision 3, a state-approved
- 72.5 comprehensive watershed management plan as defined in section 103B.3363, subdivision
- 72.6 3a, or a state-approved local comprehensive wetland protection and management plan
- 72.7 under section 103G.2243, may identify priority areas for wetland replacement and provide
- 72.8 them for consideration under paragraph (e).

90.3 (f) Local units of government, as part of a state-approved comprehensive local

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- 90.4 water management plan as defined in section 103B.3363, subdivision 3, a state-approved
- 90.5 comprehensive watershed management plan as defined in section 103B.3363, subdivision
- 90.6 3a, or a state-approved local comprehensive wetland protection and management plan
- 90.7 under section 103G.2243, may identify priority areas for wetland replacement and provide
- 90.8 them for consideration under paragraph (e).

90.9 Sec. 31. [103F.519] WORKING LANDS WATERSHED RESTORATION

- 90.10 **PROGRAM.**
- 90.11 Subdivision 1. **Definitions.** (a) For purposes of this section, the following terms
- 90.12 have the meanings given.
- 90.13 (b) "Advanced biofuel" has the meaning given in section 239.051, subdivision 1a.
- 90.14 (c) "Agricultural use" has the meaning given in section 17.81, subdivision 4.
- 90.15 (d) "Board" means the Board of Water and Soil Resources.
- 90.16 (e) "Perennial crops" means agriculturally produced plants that are known to be
- 90.17 noninvasive and not listed as a noxious weed in Minnesota and that have a life cycle of at
- 90.18 least three years at the location where the plants are being cultivated. Biomass from alfalfa
- 90.19 produced in a two-year rotation is considered a perennial crop.
- 90.20 Subd. 2. **Establishment.** The board shall administer a perennial feedstock program
- 90.21 to incentivize the establishment and maintenance of perennial agricultural crops. The
- 90.22 board shall contract with landowners and give priority to contracts that implement water
- 90.23 protection actions as identified in a completed watershed restoration and protection
- 90.24 strategy developed under section 114D.26.
- 90.25 Subd. 3. Eligible land. Land eligible under this section must:
- 90.26 (1) have been in agricultural use or have been set aside, enrolled, or diverted under
- 90.27 another federal or state government program for at least two of the last five years before
- 90.28 the date of application; and
- 90.29 (2) not be currently set aside, enrolled, or diverted under another federal or state
- 90.30 government program.
- 90.31 Subd. 4. Contract terms. (a) The board shall offer a contract rate of no more
- 90.32 than 90 percent of the most recent federal conservation reserve program payment for the
- 90.33 county in which the land is located. The board may make additional payments to assist
- 90.34 with the establishment of perennial crops.
- 90.35 (b) Contracts must be at least ten years in duration.

- 72.9 Sec. 72. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 103F.612, subdivision 2, is amended to read:
- 72.10 Subd. 2. **Application.** (a) A wetland owner may apply to the county where a
- 72.11 wetland is located for designation of a wetland preservation area in a high priority wetland
- 72.12 area identified in a comprehensive local water plan, as defined in section 103B.3363,
- 72.13 subdivision 3, and located within a high priority wetland region designated by the Board
- 72.14 of Water and Soil Resources, if the county chooses to accept wetland preservation area
- 72.15 applications. The application must be made on forms provided by the board. If a wetland
- 72.16 is located in more than one county, the application must be submitted to the county where
- 72.17 the majority of the wetland is located.
- 72.18 (b) The application shall be executed and acknowledged in the manner required
- 72.19 by law to execute and acknowledge a deed and must contain at least the following
- 72.20 information and other information the Board of Water and Soil Resources requires:
- 72.21 (1) legal description of the area to be approved, which must include an upland strip
- 72.22 at least 16-1/2 feet in width around the perimeter of wetlands within the area and may
- 72.23 include total upland area of up to four acres for each acre of wetland;
- 72.24 (2) parcel identification numbers where designated by the county auditor;
- 72.25 (3) name and address of the owner;

91.1 (c) Perennial crops grown on lands enrolled under this section may be used for

- 91.2 advanced biofuel feedstock or livestock feed. Perennial plants may be processed in a 91.3 manner that utilizes a portion of the plant for livestock. Mechanical harvest is not allowed
- 91.4 before July 1 in any year.
- 91.5 (d) The board shall prioritize lands with the highest potential to leverage federal
- 91.6 funding.
- 91.7 (e) The board may establish additional contract terms.
- 91.8 Subd. 5. Pilot watershed selection. The board may select up to two watersheds in
- 91.9 which to conduct an initial pilot program of up to 100,000 total acres. Project watersheds
- 91.10 must have, as determined by the board:
- 91.11 (1) a completed watershed restoration and protection strategy developed under
- 91.12 section 114D.26 or a hydrological simulation program model approved by the Pollution
- 91.13 Control Agency;
- 91.14 (2) multiple water quality impairments resulting primarily from agricultural practices;
- 91.15 (3) a viable proposed advanced biofuel production facility located within 50 miles
- 91.16 of the perennial feedstock grown under this section; and
- 91.17 (4) sufficient additional acres of cropland available for perennial crop production to
- 91.18 adequately supply the proposed advanced biofuel production facility.
- 91.19 Sec. 32. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 103F.612, subdivision 2, is amended to read:
- 91.20 Subd. 2. Application. (a) A wetland owner may apply to the county where a
- 91.21 wetland is located for designation of a wetland preservation area in a high priority wetland
- 91.22 area identified in a comprehensive local water plan, as defined in section 103B.3363,
- 91.23 subdivision 3, and located within a high priority wetland region designated by the Board
- 91.24 of Water and Soil Resources, if the county chooses to accept wetland preservation area
- 91.25 applications. The application must be made on forms provided by the board. If a wetland
- 91.26 is located in more than one county, the application must be submitted to the county where
- 91.27 the majority of the wetland is located.
- 91.28 (b) The application shall be executed and acknowledged in the manner required
- 91.29 by law to execute and acknowledge a deed and must contain at least the following
- 91.30 information and other information the Board of Water and Soil Resources requires:
- 91.31 (1) legal description of the area to be approved, which must include an upland strip
- 91.32 at least 16-1/2 feet in width around the perimeter of wetlands within the area and may
- 91.33 include total upland area of up to four acres for each acre of wetland;
- 91.34 (2) parcel identification numbers where designated by the county auditor;
- 91.35 (3) name and address of the owner;

- 72.26 (4) a statement by the owner covenanting that the land will be preserved as a wetland
- 72.27 and will only be used in accordance with conditions prescribed by the Board of Water and
- 72.28 Soil Resources and providing that the restrictive covenant will be binding on the owner
- 72.29 and the owner's successors or assigns, and will run with the land.
- 72.30 (c) The upland strip required in paragraph (b), clause (1), must be planted with
- 72.31 permanent vegetation other than a noxious weed.
- 72.32 Sec. 73. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 103G.005, is amended by adding a
- 72.33 subdivision to read:
- 73.1 Subd. 10g. In-lieu fee program. "In-lieu fee program" means a program in which
- 73.2 wetland replacement requirements of section 103G.222 are satisfied through payment of
- 73.3 money to the board or a board-approved sponsor to develop replacement credits according
- 73.4 to section 103G.2242, subdivision 12.
- 73.5 Sec. 74. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 103G.222, subdivision 1, is amended to read:
- 73.6 Subdivision 1. **Requirements.** (a) Wetlands must not be drained or filled, wholly or
- 73.7 partially, unless replaced by restoring or creating wetland areas of actions that provide
- 73.8 at least equal public value under a replacement plan approved as provided in section
- 73.9 103G.2242, a replacement plan under a local governmental unit's comprehensive wetland
- 73.10 protection and management plan approved by the board under section 103G.2243, or, if a
- 73.11 permit to mine is required under section 93.481, under a mining reclamation plan approved
- 73.12 by the commissioner under the permit to mine. For project-specific wetland replacement
- 73.13 completed prior to wetland impacts authorized or conducted under a permit to mine within
- 73.14 the Great Lakes and Rainy River watershed basins, those basins shall be considered a single
- 73.15 watershed for purposes of determining wetland replacement ratios. Mining reclamation
- 73.16 plans shall apply the same principles and standards for replacing wetlands by restoration
- 73.17 or creation of wetland areas that are applicable to mitigation plans approved as provided
- 73.18 in section 103G.2242. Public value must be determined in accordance with section
- 73.19 103B.3355 or a comprehensive wetland protection and management plan established
- 73.20 under section 103G.2243. Sections 103G.221 to 103G.2372 also apply to excavation in
- 73.21 permanently and semipermanently flooded areas of types 3, 4, and 5 wetlands.
- 73.22 (b) Replacement must be guided by the following principles in descending order 73.23 of priority:
- 73.24 (1) avoiding the direct or indirect impact of the activity that may destroy or diminish 73.25 the wetland:
- 73.26 (2) minimizing the impact by limiting the degree or magnitude of the wetland
- 73.27 activity and its implementation;
- 73.28 (3) rectifying the impact by repairing, rehabilitating, or restoring the affected
- 73.29 wetland environment:

- 92.1 (4) a statement by the owner covenanting that the land will be preserved as a wetland
- 92.2 and will only be used in accordance with conditions prescribed by the Board of Water and
- 92.3 Soil Resources and providing that the restrictive covenant will be binding on the owner
- 92.4 and the owner's successors or assigns, and will run with the land.
- 92.5 (c) The upland strip required in paragraph (b), clause (1), must be planted with
- 92.6 permanent vegetation other than a noxious weed.
- 92.7 Sec. 33. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 103G.005, is amended by adding a
- 92.8 subdivision to read:
- 92.9 Subd. 10g. In-lieu fee program. "In-lieu fee program" means a program in which
- 92.10 wetland replacement requirements of section 103G.222 are satisfied through payment of
- 92.11 money to the board or a board-approved sponsor to develop replacement credits according
- 92.12 to section 103G.2242, subdivision 12.
- 92.13 Sec. 34. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 103G.222, subdivision 1, is amended to read:
- 92.14 Subdivision 1. Requirements. (a) Wetlands must not be drained or filled, wholly or
- 92.15 partially, unless replaced by restoring or creating wetland areas of actions that provide
- 92.16 at least equal public value under a replacement plan approved as provided in section
- 92.17 103G.2242, a replacement plan under a local governmental unit's comprehensive wetland
- 92.18 protection and management plan approved by the board under section 103G,2243, or, if a
- 92.19 permit to mine is required under section 93.481, under a mining reclamation plan approved
- 92.20 by the commissioner under the permit to mine. For project-specific wetland replacement
- 92.21 completed prior to wetland impacts authorized or conducted under a permit to mine within
- 92.22 the Great Lakes and Rainy River watershed basins, those basins shall be considered a single
- 92.23 watershed for purposes of determining wetland replacement ratios. Mining reclamation
- 92.24 plans shall apply the same principles and standards for replacing wetlands by restoration
- 92.25 or creation of wetland areas that are applicable to mitigation plans approved as provided
- 92.26 in section 103G.2242. Public value must be determined in accordance with section
- 92.27 103B.3355 or a comprehensive wetland protection and management plan established
- 92.28 under section 103G.2243. Sections 103G.221 to 103G.2372 also apply to excavation in
- 92.29 permanently and semipermanently flooded areas of types 3, 4, and 5 wetlands.
- 92.30 (b) Replacement must be guided by the following principles in descending order 92.31 of priority:
- 92.32 (1) avoiding the direct or indirect impact of the activity that may destroy or diminish
- 92.33 the wetland;
- 93.1 (2) minimizing the impact by limiting the degree or magnitude of the wetland
- 93.2 activity and its implementation;
- 93.3 (3) rectifying the impact by repairing, rehabilitating, or restoring the affected
- 93.4 wetland environment:

- 73.30 (4) reducing or eliminating the impact over time by preservation and maintenance 73.31 operations during the life of the activity;
- 73.32 (5) compensating for the impact by restoring a wetland; and
- 73.33 (6) compensating for the impact by replacing or providing substitute wetland 73.34 resources or environments.
- 74.1 For a project involving the draining or filling of wetlands in an amount not exceeding 74.2 10,000 square feet more than the applicable amount in section 103G.2241, subdivision 9, 74.3 paragraph (a), the local government unit may make an on-site sequencing determination 74.4 without a written alternatives analysis from the applicant.
- 74.5 (c) If a wetland is located in a cultivated field, then replacement must be accomplished 74.6 through restoration only without regard to the priority order in paragraph (b), provided 74.7 that the altered wetland is not converted to a nonagricultural use for at least ten years.
- 74.8 (d) If a wetland is replaced under paragraph (c), or drained under section 103G.2241, 74.9 subdivision 2, paragraph (b) or (e), the local government unit may require a deed 74.10 restriction that prohibits nonagricultural use for at least ten years. The local government 74.11 unit may require the deed restriction if it determines the wetland area drained is at risk of 74.12 conversion to a nonagricultural use within ten years based on the zoning classification, 74.13 proximity to a municipality or full service road, or other criteria as determined by the 74.14 local government unit.
- 74.15 (e) Restoration and replacement of wetlands must be accomplished in accordance 74.16 with the ecology of the landscape area affected and ponds that are created primarily to 74.17 fulfill storm water management, and water quality treatment requirements may not be 74.18 used to satisfy replacement requirements under this chapter unless the design includes 74.19 pretreatment of runoff and the pond is functioning as a wetland.
- 74.20 (f) Except as provided in paragraph (g), for a wetland or public waters wetland 74.21 located on nonagricultural land, replacement must be in the ratio of two acres of replaced 74.22 wetland for each acre of drained or filled wetland.
- 74.23 (g) For a wetland or public waters wetland located on agricultural land or in a greater 74.24 than 80 percent area, replacement must be in the ratio of one acre of replaced wetland 74.25 for each acre of drained or filled wetland.
- 74.26 (h) Wetlands that are restored or created as a result of an approved replacement plan 74.27 are subject to the provisions of this section for any subsequent drainage or filling.

93.5 (4) reducing or eliminating the impact over time by preservation and maintenance 93.6 operations during the life of the activity;

- 93.7 (5) compensating for the impact by restoring a wetland; and
- 93.8 (6) compensating for the impact by replacing or providing substitute wetland 93.9 resources or environments.
- 93.10 For a project involving the draining or filling of wetlands in an amount not exceeding
- 93.11 10,000 square feet more than the applicable amount in section 103G.2241, subdivision 9,
- 93.12 paragraph (a), the local government unit may make an on-site sequencing determination
- 93.13 without a written alternatives analysis from the applicant.
- 93.14 (c) If a wetland is located in a cultivated field, then replacement must be accomplished
- 93.15 through restoration only without regard to the priority order in paragraph (b), provided
- 93.16 that the altered wetland is not converted to a nonagricultural use for at least ten years.
- 93.17 (d) If a wetland is replaced under paragraph (c), or drained under section 103G.2241,
- 93.18 subdivision 2, paragraph (b) or (e), the local government unit may require a deed
- 93.19 restriction that prohibits nonagricultural use for at least ten years. The local government
- 93.20 unit may require the deed restriction if it determines the wetland area drained is at risk of
- 93.21 conversion to a nonagricultural use within ten years based on the zoning classification,
- 93.22 proximity to a municipality or full service road, or other criteria as determined by the
- 93.23 local government unit.
- 93.24 (e) Restoration and replacement of wetlands must be accomplished in accordance
- 93.25 with the ecology of the landscape area affected and ponds that are created primarily to
- 93.26 fulfill storm water management, and water quality treatment requirements may not be
- 93.27 used to satisfy replacement requirements under this chapter unless the design includes
- 93.28 pretreatment of runoff and the pond is functioning as a wetland.
- 93.29 (f) Except as provided in paragraph (g), for a wetland or public waters wetland
- 93.30 located on nonagricultural land, replacement must be in the ratio of two acres of replaced
- 93.31 wetland for each acre of drained or filled wetland.
- 93.32 (g) For a wetland or public waters wetland located on agricultural land or in a greater
- 93.33 than 80 percent area, replacement must be in the ratio of one acre of replaced wetland
- 93.34 for each acre of drained or filled wetland.
- 93.35 (h) Wetlands that are restored or created as a result of an approved replacement plan 93.36 are subject to the provisions of this section for any subsequent drainage or filling.

- 74.28 (i) Except in a greater than 80 percent area, only wetlands that have been 74.29 restored from previously drained or filled wetlands, wetlands created by excavation in 74.30 nonwetlands, wetlands created by dikes or dams along public or private drainage ditches, 74.31 or wetlands created by dikes or dams associated with the restoration of previously 74.32 drained or filled wetlands may be used in a statewide banking program established in for 74.33 wetland replacement according to rules adopted under section 103G.2242, subdivision 1. 74.34 Modification or conversion of nondegraded naturally occurring wetlands from one type to 74.35 another are not eligible for enrollment in a statewide wetlands bank wetland replacement.
- 75.1 (j) The Technical Evaluation Panel established under section 103G.2242, subdivision 75.2 2, shall ensure that sufficient time has occurred for the wetland to develop wetland 75.3 characteristics of soils, vegetation, and hydrology before recommending that the wetland 75.4 be deposited in the statewide wetland bank. If the Technical Evaluation Panel has reason 75.5 to believe that the wetland characteristics may change substantially, the panel shall 75.6 postpone its recommendation until the wetland has stabilized.
- 75.7 (k) This section and sections 103G.223 to 103G.2242, 103G.2364, and 103G.2365 75.8 apply to the state and its departments and agencies.
- 75.9 (l) For projects involving draining or filling of wetlands associated with a new public 75.10 transportation project, and for projects expanded solely for additional traffic capacity, 75.11 public transportation authorities may purchase credits from the board at the cost to the 75.12 board to establish credits. Proceeds from the sale of credits provided under this paragraph 75.13 are appropriated to the board for the purposes of this paragraph. For the purposes of this 75.14 paragraph, "transportation project" does not include an airport project.
- 75.15 (m) A replacement plan for wetlands is not required for individual projects that 75.16 result in the filling or draining of wetlands for the repair, rehabilitation, reconstruction, 75.17 or replacement of a currently serviceable existing state, city, county, or town public road 75.18 necessary, as determined by the public transportation authority, to meet state or federal 75.19 design or safety standards or requirements, excluding new roads or roads expanded solely 75.20 for additional traffic capacity lanes. This paragraph only applies to authorities for public 75.21 transportation projects that:
- 75.22 (1) minimize the amount of wetland filling or draining associated with the project 75.23 and consider mitigating important site-specific wetland functions on site:
- 75.24 (2) except as provided in clause (3), submit project-specific reports to the board, the 75.25 Technical Evaluation Panel, the commissioner of natural resources, and members of the 75.26 public requesting a copy at least 30 days prior to construction that indicate the location, 75.27 amount, and type of wetlands to be filled or drained by the project or, alternatively, 75.28 convene an annual meeting of the parties required to receive notice to review projects to 75.29 be commenced during the upcoming year; and

- 94.1 (i) Except in a greater than 80 percent area, only wetlands that have been 94.2 restored from previously drained or filled wetlands, wetlands created by excavation in 94.3 nonwetlands, wetlands created by dikes or dams along public or private drainage ditches, 94.4 or wetlands created by dikes or dams associated with the restoration of previously 94.5 drained or filled wetlands may be used in a statewide banking program established in for 94.6 wetland replacement according to rules adopted under section 103G.2242, subdivision 1. 94.7 Modification or conversion of nondegraded naturally occurring wetlands from one type to 94.8 another are not eligible for enrollment in a statewide wetlands bank wetland replacement.
- 94.9 (j) The Technical Evaluation Panel established under section 103G.2242, subdivision 94.10 2, shall ensure that sufficient time has occurred for the wetland to develop wetland 94.11 characteristics of soils, vegetation, and hydrology before recommending that the wetland 94.12 be deposited in the statewide wetland bank. If the Technical Evaluation Panel has reason 94.13 to believe that the wetland characteristics may change substantially, the panel shall 94.14 postpone its recommendation until the wetland has stabilized.
- 94.15 (k) This section and sections 103G.223 to 103G.2242, 103G.2364, and 103G.2365 94.16 apply to the state and its departments and agencies.
- 94.17 (l) For projects involving draining or filling of wetlands associated with a new public 94.18 transportation project, and for projects expanded solely for additional traffic capacity, 94.19 public transportation authorities may purchase credits from the board at the cost to the 94.20 board to establish credits. Proceeds from the sale of credits provided under this paragraph 94.21 are appropriated to the board for the purposes of this paragraph. For the purposes of this 94.22 paragraph, "transportation project" does not include an airport project.
- 94.23 (m) A replacement plan for wetlands is not required for individual projects that 94.24 result in the filling or draining of wetlands for the repair, rehabilitation, reconstruction, 94.25 or replacement of a currently serviceable existing state, city, county, or town public road 94.26 necessary, as determined by the public transportation authority, to meet state or federal 94.27 design or safety standards or requirements, excluding new roads or roads expanded solely 94.28 for additional traffic capacity lanes. This paragraph only applies to authorities for public 94.29 transportation projects that:
- 94.30 (1) minimize the amount of wetland filling or draining associated with the project 94.31 and consider mitigating important site-specific wetland functions on site;
- 94.32 (2) except as provided in clause (3), submit project-specific reports to the board, the 94.33 Technical Evaluation Panel, the commissioner of natural resources, and members of the 94.34 public requesting a copy at least 30 days prior to construction that indicate the location, 94.35 amount, and type of wetlands to be filled or drained by the project or, alternatively, 95.1 convene an annual meeting of the parties required to receive notice to review projects to 95.2 be commenced during the upcoming year; and

- 75.30 (3) for minor and emergency maintenance work impacting less than 10,000 square
- 75.31 feet, submit project-specific reports, within 30 days of commencing the activity, to the board
- 75.32 that indicate the location, amount, and type of wetlands that have been filled or drained.
- 75.33 Those required to receive notice of public transportation projects may appeal
- 75.34 minimization, delineation, and on-site mitigation decisions made by the public
- 75.35 transportation authority to the board according to the provisions of section 103G.2242,
- 75.36 subdivision 9. The Technical Evaluation Panel shall review minimization and delineation
- 76.1 decisions made by the public transportation authority and provide recommendations
- 76.2 regarding on-site mitigation if requested to do so by the local government unit, a
- 76.3 contiguous landowner, or a member of the Technical Evaluation Panel.
- 76.4 Except for state public transportation projects, for which the state Department of
- 76.5 Transportation is responsible, the board must replace the wetlands, and wetland areas of
- 76.6 public waters if authorized by the commissioner or a delegated authority, drained or filled
- 76.7 by public transportation projects on existing roads.
- 76.8 Public transportation authorities at their discretion may deviate from federal and
- 76.9 state design standards on existing road projects when practical and reasonable to avoid
- 76.10 wetland filling or draining, provided that public safety is not unreasonably compromised.
- 76.11 The local road authority and its officers and employees are exempt from liability for
- 76.12 any tort claim for injury to persons or property arising from travel on the highway and
- 76.13 related to the deviation from the design standards for construction or reconstruction under
- 76.14 this paragraph. This paragraph does not preclude an action for damages arising from
- 76.15 negligence in construction or maintenance on a highway.
- 76.16 (n) If a landowner seeks approval of a replacement plan after the proposed project
- 76.17 has already affected the wetland, the local government unit may require the landowner to
- 76.18 replace the affected wetland at a ratio not to exceed twice the replacement ratio otherwise
- 76.19 required.
- 76.20 (o) A local government unit may request the board to reclassify a county or
- 76.21 watershed on the basis of its percentage of presettlement wetlands remaining. After
- 76.22 receipt of satisfactory documentation from the local government, the board shall change
- 76.23 the classification of a county or watershed. If requested by the local government unit,
- 76.24 the board must assist in developing the documentation. Within 30 days of its action to
- 76.25 approve a change of wetland classifications, the board shall publish a notice of the change
- 76.26 in the Environmental Quality Board Monitor.
- 76.27 (p) One hundred citizens who reside within the jurisdiction of the local government
- 76.28 unit may request the local government unit to reclassify a county or watershed on the basis
- 76.29 of its percentage of presettlement wetlands remaining. In support of their petition, the
- 76.30 citizens shall provide satisfactory documentation to the local government unit. The local
- 76.31 government unit shall consider the petition and forward the request to the board under
- 76.32 paragraph (o) or provide a reason why the petition is denied.

95.3 (3) for minor and emergency maintenance work impacting less than 10,000 square

- 95.4 feet, submit project-specific reports, within 30 days of commencing the activity, to the board
- 95.5 that indicate the location, amount, and type of wetlands that have been filled or drained.
- 95.6 Those required to receive notice of public transportation projects may appeal
- 95.7 minimization, delineation, and on-site mitigation decisions made by the public
- 95.8 transportation authority to the board according to the provisions of section 103G.2242,
- 95.9 subdivision 9. The Technical Evaluation Panel shall review minimization and delineation
- 95.10 decisions made by the public transportation authority and provide recommendations
- 95.11 regarding on-site mitigation if requested to do so by the local government unit, a
- 95.12 contiguous landowner, or a member of the Technical Evaluation Panel.
- 95.13 Except for state public transportation projects, for which the state Department of
- 95.14 Transportation is responsible, the board must replace the wetlands, and wetland areas of
- 95.15 public waters if authorized by the commissioner or a delegated authority, drained or filled
- 95.16 by public transportation projects on existing roads.
- 95.17 Public transportation authorities at their discretion may deviate from federal and
- 95.18 state design standards on existing road projects when practical and reasonable to avoid
- 95.19 wetland filling or draining, provided that public safety is not unreasonably compromised.
- 95.20 The local road authority and its officers and employees are exempt from liability for
- 95.21 any tort claim for injury to persons or property arising from travel on the highway and
- 95.22 related to the deviation from the design standards for construction or reconstruction under
- 95.23 this paragraph. This paragraph does not preclude an action for damages arising from
- 95.24 negligence in construction or maintenance on a highway.
- 95.25 (n) If a landowner seeks approval of a replacement plan after the proposed project
- 95.26 has already affected the wetland, the local government unit may require the landowner to
- 95.27 replace the affected wetland at a ratio not to exceed twice the replacement ratio otherwise
- 95.28 required.
- 95.29 (o) A local government unit may request the board to reclassify a county or
- 95.30 watershed on the basis of its percentage of presettlement wetlands remaining. After
- 95.31 receipt of satisfactory documentation from the local government, the board shall change
- 95.32 the classification of a county or watershed. If requested by the local government unit,
- 95.33 the board must assist in developing the documentation. Within 30 days of its action to
- 95.34 approve a change of wetland classifications, the board shall publish a notice of the change
- 95.35 in the Environmental Quality Board Monitor.
- 96.1 (p) One hundred citizens who reside within the jurisdiction of the local government
- 96.2 unit may request the local government unit to reclassify a county or watershed on the basis
- 96.3 of its percentage of presettlement wetlands remaining. In support of their petition, the
- 96.4 citizens shall provide satisfactory documentation to the local government unit. The local
- 96.5 government unit shall consider the petition and forward the request to the board under
- 96.6 paragraph (o) or provide a reason why the petition is denied.

- 76.33 Sec. 75. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 103G.222, subdivision 3, is amended to read:
- 76.34 Subd. 3. Wetland replacement siting. (a) Impacted wetlands in a 50 to 80 percent
- 76.35 area must be replaced in a 50 to 80 percent area or in a less than 50 percent area. Impacted
- 77.1 wetlands in a less than 50 percent area must be replaced in a less than 50 percent area.
- 77.2 All wetland replacement must follow this priority order:
- 77.3 (1) on site or in the same minor watershed as the impacted wetland;
- 77.4 (2) in the same watershed as the impacted wetland:
- 77.5 (3) in the same county or wetland bank service area as the impacted wetland; and
- 77.6 (4) in another wetland bank service area; and.
- 77.7 (5) statewide for public transportation projects, except that wetlands impacted in
- 77.8 less than 50 percent areas must be replaced in less than 50 percent areas, and wetlands
- 77.9 impacted in the seven-county metropolitan area must be replaced at a ratio of two to one in:
- 77.10 (i) the affected county or, (ii) in another of the seven metropolitan counties, or (iii) in one
- 77.11 of the major watersheds that are wholly or partially within the seven-county metropolitan
- 77.12 area, but at least one to one must be replaced within the seven-county metropolitan area.
- 77.13 (b) The exception in paragraph (a), clause (5), does not apply to replacement
- 77.14 completed using wetland banking credits established by a person who submitted a
- 77.15 complete wetland banking application to a local government unit by April 1, 1996.
- 77.16 (b) Notwithstanding paragraph (a), wetland banking credits approved according to
- 77.17 a complete wetland banking application submitted to a local government unit by April
- 77.18 1, 1996, may be used to replace wetland impacts resulting from public transportation
- 77.19 projects statewide.
- 77.20 (c) Notwithstanding paragraph (a), clauses (1) and (2), the priority order for
- 77.21 replacement by wetland banking begins at paragraph (a), clause (3), according to rules
- 77.22 adopted under section 103G.2242, subdivision 1.
- 77.23 (e) (d) When reasonable, practicable, and environmentally beneficial replacement
- 77.24 opportunities are not available in siting priorities listed in paragraph (a), the applicant
- 77.25 may seek opportunities at the next level.
- 77.26 (d) (e) For the purposes of this section, "reasonable, practicable, and environmentally
- 77.27 beneficial replacement opportunities" are defined as opportunities that:
- 77.28 (1) take advantage of naturally occurring hydrogeomorphological conditions and
- 77.29 require minimal landscape alteration;
- 77.30 (2) have a high likelihood of becoming a functional wetland that will continue 77.31 in perpetuity;

- 96.7 Sec. 35. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 103G.222, subdivision 3, is amended to read:
- 96.8 Subd. 3. Wetland replacement siting. (a) Impacted wetlands in a 50 to 80 percent

- 96.9 area must be replaced in a 50 to 80 percent area or in a less than 50 percent area. Impacted
- 96.10 wetlands in a less than 50 percent area must be replaced in a less than 50 percent area.
- 96.11 All wetland replacement must follow this priority order:
- 96.12 (1) on site or in the same minor watershed as the impacted wetland;
- 96.13 (2) in the same watershed as the impacted wetland:
- 96.14 (3) in the same county or wetland bank service area as the impacted wetland; and
- 96.15 (4) in another wetland bank service area; and.
- 96.16 (5) statewide for public transportation projects, except that wetlands impacted in
- 96.17 less than 50 percent areas must be replaced in less than 50 percent areas, and wetlands
- 96.18 impacted in the seven-county metropolitan area must be replaced at a ratio of two to one in:
- 96.19 (i) the affected county or, (ii) in another of the seven metropolitan counties, or (iii) in one
- 96.20 of the major watersheds that are wholly or partially within the seven-county metropolitan
- 96.21 area, but at least one to one must be replaced within the seven-county metropolitan area.
- 96.22 (b) The exception in paragraph (a), clause (5), does not apply to replacement
- 96.23 completed using wetland banking credits established by a person who submitted a
- 96.24 complete wetland banking application to a local government unit by April 1, 1996.
- 96.25 (b) Notwithstanding paragraph (a), wetland banking credits approved according to
- 96.26 a complete wetland banking application submitted to a local government unit by April
- 96.27 1, 1996, may be used to replace wetland impacts resulting from public transportation
- 96.28 projects statewide.
- 96.29 (c) Notwithstanding paragraph (a), clauses (1) and (2), the priority order for
- 96.30 replacement by wetland banking begins at paragraph (a), clause (3), according to rules
- 96.31 adopted under section 103G.2242, subdivision 1.
- 96.32 (e) (d) When reasonable, practicable, and environmentally beneficial replacement
- 96.33 opportunities are not available in siting priorities listed in paragraph (a), the applicant
- 96.34 may seek opportunities at the next level.
- 97.1 (d) (e) For the purposes of this section, "reasonable, practicable, and environmentally
- 97.2 beneficial replacement opportunities" are defined as opportunities that:
- 97.3 (1) take advantage of naturally occurring hydrogeomorphological conditions and
- 97.4 require minimal landscape alteration;
- 97.5 (2) have a high likelihood of becoming a functional wetland that will continue 97.6 in perpetuity;

- 77.32 (3) do not adversely affect other habitat types or ecological communities that are
- 77.33 important in maintaining the overall biological diversity of the area; and
- 77.34 (4) are available and capable of being done after taking into consideration cost,
- 77.35 existing technology, and logistics consistent with overall project purposes.
- 78.1 (e) Applicants and local government units shall rely on board-approved
- 78.2 comprehensive inventories of replacement opportunities and watershed conditions.
- 78.3 including the Northeast Minnesota Wetland Mitigation Inventory and Assessment (January
- 78.4 2010), in determining whether reasonable, practicable, and environmentally beneficial
- 78.5 replacement opportunities are available.
- 78.6 (f) Regulatory agencies, local government units, and other entities involved in
- 78.7 wetland restoration shall collaborate to identify potential replacement opportunities within
- 78.8 their jurisdictional areas.
- 78.9 (g) The board must establish wetland replacement ratios and wetland bank service
- 78.10 area priorities to implement the siting and targeting of wetland replacement and encourage
- 78.11 the use of high priority areas for wetland replacement.
- 78.12 Sec. 76. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 103G.2242, subdivision 1, is amended to
- 78.13 read:
- 78.14 Subdivision 1. Rules. (a) The board, in consultation with the commissioner, shall
- 78.15 adopt rules governing the approval of wetland value replacement plans under this section
- 78.16 and public waters work permits affecting public waters wetlands under section 103G.245.
- 78.17 These rules must address the criteria, procedure, timing, and location of acceptable
- 78.18 replacement of wetland values; and may address the state establishment and administration
- 78.19 of a wetland banking program for public and private projects, which may include including
- 78.20 provisions allowing monetary payment to the wetland banking program for alteration of
- 78.21 wetlands on agricultural land for an in-lieu fee program; the administrative, monitoring, and
- 78.22 enforcement procedures to be used; and a procedure for the review and appeal of decisions
- 78.23 under this section. In the case of peatlands, the replacement plan rules must consider the
- 78.24 impact on carbon balance described in the report required by Laws 1990, chapter 587, and
- 78.25 include the planting of trees or shrubs. Any in-lieu fee program established by the board
- 78.26 must conform with Code of Federal Regulations, title 33, section 332.8, as amended.
- 78.27 (b) After the adoption of the rules, a replacement plan must be approved by a
- 78.28 resolution of the governing body of the local government unit, consistent with the
- 78.29 provisions of the rules or a comprehensive wetland protection and management plan
- 78.30 approved under section 103G.2243.
- 78.31 (c) If the local government unit fails to apply the rules, or fails to implement a
- 78.32 local comprehensive wetland protection and management plan established under section
- 78.33 103G.2243, the government unit is subject to penalty as determined by the board.

97.7 (3) do not adversely affect other habitat types or ecological communities that are

- 97.8 important in maintaining the overall biological diversity of the area; and
- 97.9 (4) are available and capable of being done after taking into consideration cost,
- 97.10 existing technology, and logistics consistent with overall project purposes.
- 97.11 (e) Applicants and local government units shall rely on board-approved
- 97.12 comprehensive inventories of replacement opportunities and watershed conditions,
- 97.13 including the Northeast Minnesota Wetland Mitigation Inventory and Assessment (January
- 97.14 2010), in determining whether reasonable, practicable, and environmentally beneficial
- 97.15 replacement opportunities are available.
- 97.16 (f) Regulatory agencies, local government units, and other entities involved in
- 97.17 wetland restoration shall collaborate to identify potential replacement opportunities within
- 97.18 their jurisdictional areas.
- 97.19 (g) The board must establish wetland replacement ratios and wetland bank service
- 97.20 area priorities to implement the siting and targeting of wetland replacement and encourage
- 97.21 the use of high priority areas for wetland replacement.
- 97.22 Sec. 36. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 103G.2242, subdivision 1, is amended to 97.23 read:
- 97.24 Subdivision 1. Rules. (a) The board, in consultation with the commissioner, shall
- 97.25 adopt rules governing the approval of wetland value replacement plans under this section
- 97.26 and public waters work permits affecting public waters wetlands under section 103G.245.
- 97.27 These rules must address the criteria, procedure, timing, and location of acceptable
- 97.28 replacement of wetland values; and may address the state establishment and administration
- 97.29 of a wetland banking program for public and private projects, which may include including
- 97.30 provisions allowing monetary payment to the wetland banking program for alteration of
- 97.31 wetlands on agricultural land for an in-lieu fee program; the administrative, monitoring, and
- 97.32 enforcement procedures to be used; and a procedure for the review and appeal of decisions
- 97.33 under this section. In the case of peatlands, the replacement plan rules must consider the
- 97.34 impact on carbon balance described in the report required by Laws 1990, chapter 587, and
- 98.1 include the planting of trees or shrubs. Any in-lieu fee program established by the board
- 98.2 must conform with Code of Federal Regulations, title 33, section 332.8, as amended.
- 98.3 (b) After the adoption of the rules, a replacement plan must be approved by a
- 98.4 resolution of the governing body of the local government unit, consistent with the
- 98.5 provisions of the rules or a comprehensive wetland protection and management plan
- 98.6 approved under section 103G.2243.
- 98.7 (c) If the local government unit fails to apply the rules, or fails to implement a
- 98.8 local comprehensive wetland protection and management plan established under section
- 98.9 103G.2243, the government unit is subject to penalty as determined by the board.

- 79.1 Sec. 77. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 103G.2242, subdivision 2, is amended to 79.2 read:
- 79.3 Subd. 2. **Evaluation.** (a) Questions concerning the public value, location, size, 79.4 or type of a wetland shall be submitted to and determined by a Technical Evaluation 79.5 Panel after an on-site inspection. The Technical Evaluation Panel shall be composed of 79.6 a technical professional employee of the board, a technical professional employee of 79.7 the local soil and water conservation district or districts, a technical professional with 79.8 expertise in water resources management appointed by the local government unit, and 79.9 a technical professional employee of the Department of Natural Resources for projects 79.10 affecting public waters or wetlands adjacent to public waters. The panel shall use the 79.11 "United States Army Corps of Engineers Wetland Delineation Manual" (January 1987), 79.12 including updates, supplementary guidance, and replacements, if any, "Wetlands of 79.13 the United States" (United States Fish and Wildlife Service Circular 39, 1971 edition), 79.14 and "Classification of Wetlands and Deepwater Habitats of the United States" (1979 79.15 edition). The panel shall provide the wetland determination and recommendations on 79.16 other technical matters to the local government unit that must approve a replacement 79.17 plan, wetland banking plan, exemption determination, no-loss determination, or wetland
- 79.21 (b) Persons conducting wetland or public waters boundary delineations or type
- 79.22 determinations are exempt from the requirements of chapter 326. The board may develop

79.18 boundary or type determination and may recommend approval or denial of the plan. The

79.19 authority must consider and include the decision of the Technical Evaluation Panel in their

79.23 a professional wetland delineator certification program.

79.20 approval or denial of a plan or determination.

- 79.24 (c) The board must establish an interagency team to assist in identifying and
- 79.25 evaluating potential wetland replacement sites. The team must consist of members
- 79.26 of the Technical Evaluation Panel and representatives from the Department of Natural
- 79.27 Resources; the Pollution Control Agency; the United States Army Corps of Engineers, St.
- 79.28 Paul district; and other organizations as determined by the board.
- 79.29 Sec. 78. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 103G.2242, subdivision 3, is amended to 79.30 read:
- 79.31 Subd. 3. **Replacement completion.** (a) Replacement of wetland values must be 79.32 completed prior to or concurrent with the actual draining or filling of a wetland, unless:
- 79.33 (1) an irrevocable bank letter of credit or other security financial assurance
- 79.34 acceptable to the local government unit or the board is given to the local government unit
- 79.35 or the board to guarantee the successful completion of the replacement.; or

98.10 Sec. 37. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 103G.2242, subdivision 2, is amended to 98.11 read:

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- 98.12 Subd. 2. Evaluation. (a) Questions concerning the public value, location, size, 98.13 or type of a wetland shall be submitted to and determined by a Technical Evaluation 98.14 Panel after an on-site inspection. The Technical Evaluation Panel shall be composed of 98.15 a technical professional employee of the board, a technical professional employee of 98.16 the local soil and water conservation district or districts, a technical professional with 98.17 expertise in water resources management appointed by the local government unit, and 98.18 a technical professional employee of the Department of Natural Resources for projects 98.19 affecting public waters or wetlands adjacent to public waters. The panel shall use the 98.20 "United States Army Corps of Engineers Wetland Delineation Manual" (January 1987). 98.21 including updates, supplementary guidance, and replacements, if any, "Wetlands of 98.22 the United States" (United States Fish and Wildlife Service Circular 39, 1971 edition), 98.23 and "Classification of Wetlands and Deepwater Habitats of the United States" (1979) 98.24 edition). The panel shall provide the wetland determination and recommendations on 98.25 other technical matters to the local government unit that must approve a replacement plan, 98.26 wetland banking plan sequencing, exemption determination, no-loss determination, or 98.27 wetland boundary or type determination and may recommend approval or denial of the 98.28 plan. The authority must consider and include the decision of the Technical Evaluation
- 98.30 (b) Persons conducting wetland or public waters boundary delineations or type 98.31 determinations are exempt from the requirements of chapter 326. The board may develop 98.32 a professional wetland delineator certification program.

98.29 Panel in their approval or denial of a plan or determination.

- 98.33 (c) The board must establish an interagency team to assist in identifying and 98.34 evaluating potential wetland replacement sites. The team must consist of members 98.35 of the Technical Evaluation Panel and representatives from the Department of Natural 99.1 Resources; the Pollution Control Agency; the United States Army Corps of Engineers, St. 99.2 Paul district; and other organizations as determined by the board.
- 99.3 Sec. 38. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 103G.2242, subdivision 3, is amended to 99.4 read:
- 99.5 Subd. 3. **Replacement completion.** (a) Replacement of wetland values must be 99.6 completed prior to or concurrent with the actual draining or filling of a wetland, unless:
- 99.7 (1) an irrevocable bank letter of credit or other security financial assurance
- 99.8 acceptable to the local government unit or the board is given to the local government unit
- 99.9 or the board to guarantee the successful completion of the replacement-; or

- 80.1 (2) the replacement is approved under an in-lieu fee program according to rules
- 80.2 adopted under subdivision 1. In the case of an in-lieu fee program established by a
- 80.3 board-approved sponsor, the board may require that a financial assurance in an amount
- 80.4 and method acceptable to the board be given to the board to ensure the approved sponsor
- 80.5 fulfills the sponsor's obligation to complete the required wetland replacement.
- 80.6 The board may establish, sponsor, or administer a wetland banking program, which
- 80.7 may include provisions allowing monetary payment to the wetland bank for impacts to
- 80.8 wetlands on agricultural land, for impacts that occur in greater than 80 percent areas, and
- 80.9 for public road projects. (b) The board may acquire land in fee title, purchase or accept
- 80.10 easements, enter into agreements, and purchase existing wetland replacement credits to
- 80.11 facilitate the wetland banking program. The board may establish in-lieu fee payment
- 80.12 amounts and hold money in an account in the special revenue fund, which is appropriated
- 80.13 to the board to be used solely for establishing replacement wetlands and administering the
- 80.14 wetland banking program.
- 80.15 (c) The board shall coordinate the establishment and operation of a wetland bank
- 80.16 with the United States Army Corps of Engineers, the Natural Resources Conservation
- 80.17 Service of the United States Department of Agriculture, and the commissioners of natural
- 80.18 resources, agriculture, and the Pollution Control Agency.
- 80.19 Sec. 79. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 103G.2242, subdivision 4, is amended to 80.20 read:
- 80.21 Subd. 4. **Decision.** Upon receiving and considering all required data, the local
- 80.22 government unit reviewing replacement plan applications, banking plan sequencing
- 80.23 applications, and exemption or no-loss determination requests must act on all replacement
- 80.24 plan applications, banking plan sequencing applications, and exemption or no-loss
- 80.25 determination requests in compliance with section 15.99.
- 80.26 Sec. 80. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 103G.2242, subdivision 12, is amended to 80.27 read:
- 80.28 Subd. 12. **Replacement credits.** (a) No public or private wetland restoration,
- 80.29 enhancement, or construction may be allowed for replacement unless specifically
- 80.30 designated for replacement and paid for by the individual or organization performing the
- 80.31 wetland restoration, enhancement, or construction, and is completed prior to any draining
- 80.32 or filling of the wetland.
- 80.33 (b) Paragraph (a) does not apply to a wetland whose owner has paid back with
- 80.34 interest the individual or organization restoring, enhancing, or constructing the wetland.

99.10 (2) the replacement is approved under an in-lieu fee program according to rules

- 99.11 adopted under subdivision 1. In the case of an in-lieu fee program established by a
- 99.12 board-approved sponsor, the board may require that a financial assurance in an amount
- 99.13 and method acceptable to the board be given to the board to ensure the approved sponsor
- 99.14 fulfills the sponsor's obligation to complete the required wetland replacement.
- 99.15 The board may establish, sponsor, or administer a wetland banking program, which
- 99.16 may include provisions allowing monetary payment to the wetland bank for impacts to
- 99.17 wetlands on agricultural land, for impacts that occur in greater than 80 percent areas, and
- 99.18 for public road projects. (b) The board may acquire land in fee title, purchase or accept
- 99.19 easements, enter into agreements, and purchase existing wetland replacement credits to
- 99.20 facilitate the wetland banking program. The board may establish in-lieu fee payment
- 99.21 amounts and hold money in an account in the special revenue fund, which is appropriated
- 99.22 to the board to be used solely for establishing replacement wetlands and administering the
- 99.23 wetland banking program.
- 99.24 (c) The board shall coordinate the establishment and operation of a wetland bank
- 99.25 with the United States Army Corps of Engineers, the Natural Resources Conservation
- 99.26 Service of the United States Department of Agriculture, and the commissioners of natural
- 99.27 resources, agriculture, and the Pollution Control Agency.
- 99.28 Sec. 39. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 103G.2242, subdivision 4, is amended to 99.29 read:
- 99.30 Subd. 4. Decision. Upon receiving and considering all required data, the local
- 99.31 government unit reviewing replacement plan applications, banking plan sequencing
- 99.32 applications, and exemption or no-loss determination requests must act on all replacement
- 99.33 plan applications, banking plan sequencing applications, and exemption or no-loss
- 99.34 determination requests in compliance with section 15.99.
- 100.1 Sec. 40. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 103G.2242, subdivision 12, is amended to 100.2 read:
- 100.3 Subd. 12. **Replacement credits.** (a) No public or private wetland restoration,
- 100.4 enhancement, or construction may be allowed for replacement unless specifically
- 100.5 designated for replacement and paid for by the individual or organization performing the
- 100.6 wetland restoration, enhancement, or construction, and is completed prior to any draining
- 100.7 or filling of the wetland.
- 100.8 (b) Paragraph (a) does not apply to a wetland whose owner has paid back with
- 100.9 interest the individual or organization restoring, enhancing, or constructing the wetland.

- 81.1 (c) Notwithstanding section 103G.222, subdivision 1, paragraph (i), the following
- 81.2 actions, and others established in rule, that are consistent with criteria in rules adopted by
- 81.3 the board in conjunction with the commissioners of natural resources and agriculture, are
- 81.4 eligible for replacement credit as determined by the local government unit or the board,
- 81.5 including enrollment in a statewide wetlands bank:
- 81.6 (1) reestablishment of permanent native, noninvasive vegetative cover on a wetland
- 81.7 on agricultural land that was planted with annually seeded crops, was in a crop rotation
- 81.8 seeding of pasture grasses or legumes, or was in a land retirement program during the
- 81.9 past ten years;
- 81.10 (2) buffer areas of permanent native, noninvasive vegetative cover established or
- 81.11 preserved on upland adjacent to replacement wetlands;
- 81.12 (3) wetlands restored for conservation purposes under terminated easements or
- 81.13 contracts; and
- 81.14 (4) water quality treatment ponds constructed to pretreat storm water runoff prior
- 81.15 to discharge to wetlands, public waters, or other water bodies, provided that the water
- 81.16 quality treatment ponds must be associated with an ongoing or proposed project that
- 81.17 will impact a wetland and replacement credit for the treatment ponds is based on the
- 81.18 replacement of wetland functions and on an approved storm water management plan for
- 81.19 the local government.; and
- 81.20 (5) in a greater than 80 percent area, restoration and protection of streams and
- 81.21 riparian buffers that are important to the functions and sustainability of aquatic resources.
- 81.22 (d) Notwithstanding section 103G.222, subdivision 1, paragraphs (f) and (g), the
- 81.23 board may establish by rule different replacement ratios for restoration projects with
- 81.24 exceptional natural resource value.
- 81.25 Sec. 81. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 103G.2242, subdivision 14, is amended to
- 81.26 read:
- 81.27 Subd. 14. Fees established. (a) Fees must be assessed for managing wetland bank
- 81.28 accounts and transactions as follows:
- 81.29 (1) account maintenance annual fee: one percent of the value of credits not to
- 81.30 exceed \$500;
- 81.31 (2) account establishment, deposit, or transfer: 6.5 percent of the value of credits not
- 81.32 to exceed \$1,000 per establishment, deposit, or transfer; and
- 81.33 (3) withdrawal fee: 6.5 percent of the value of credits withdrawn.
- 81.34 (b) The board may establish fees at or below the amounts in paragraph (a) for
- 81.35 single-user or other dedicated wetland banking accounts.

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- 100.10 (c) Notwithstanding section 103G.222, subdivision 1, paragraph (i), the following
- 100.11 actions, and others established in rule, that are consistent with criteria in rules adopted by
- 100.12 the board in conjunction with the commissioners of natural resources and agriculture, are
- 100.13 eligible for replacement credit as determined by the local government unit or the board,
- 100.14 including enrollment in a statewide wetlands bank:
- 100.15 (1) reestablishment of permanent native, noninvasive vegetative cover on a wetland
- 100.16 on agricultural land that was planted with annually seeded crops, was in a crop rotation
- $100.17\ seeding$ of pasture grasses or legumes, or was in a land retirement program during the
- 100.18 past ten years;
- 100.19 (2) buffer areas of permanent native, noninvasive vegetative cover established or
- 100.20 preserved on upland adjacent to replacement wetlands;
- 100.21 (3) wetlands restored for conservation purposes under terminated easements or
- 100.22 contracts; and
- 100.23 (4) water quality treatment ponds constructed to pretreat storm water runoff prior
- 100.24 to discharge to wetlands, public waters, or other water bodies, provided that the water
- 100.25 quality treatment ponds must be associated with an ongoing or proposed project that
- 100.26 will impact a wetland and replacement credit for the treatment ponds is based on the
- 100.27 replacement of wetland functions and on an approved storm water management plan for
- 100.28 the local government-; and
- 100.29 (5) in a greater than 80 percent area, restoration and protection of streams and
- 100.30 riparian buffers that are important to the functions and sustainability of aquatic resources.
- 100.31 (d) Notwithstanding section 103G.222, subdivision 1, paragraphs (f) and (g), the
- 100.32 board may establish by rule different replacement ratios for restoration projects with
- 100.33 exceptional natural resource value.
- 100.34 Sec. 41. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 103G.2242, subdivision 14, is amended to
- 100.35 read:
- 101.1 Subd. 14. Fees established. (a) Fees must be assessed for managing wetland bank
- 101.2 accounts and transactions as follows:
- 101.3 (1) account maintenance annual fee: one percent of the value of credits not to
- 101.4 exceed \$500;
- 101.5 (2) account establishment, deposit, or transfer: 6.5 percent of the value of credits not
- 101.6 to exceed \$1,000 per establishment, deposit, or transfer; and
- 101.7 (3) withdrawal fee: 6.5 percent of the value of credits withdrawn.
- 101.8 (b) The board may establish fees at or below the amounts in paragraph (a) for
- 101.9 single-user or other dedicated wetland banking accounts.

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Environment and Natural Resources

May 04, 2015 10:14 AM

House Language H0846-3

- 82.1 (c) Fees for single-user or other dedicated wetland banking accounts established
- 82.2 pursuant to section 103G.005, subdivision 10e, clause (4), are limited to establishment
- 82.3 of a wetland banking account and are assessed at the rate of 6.5 percent of the value of
- 82.4 the credits not to exceed \$1,000.
- 82.5 (d) The board may assess a fee to pay the costs associated with establishing
- 82.6 conservation easements, or other long-term protection mechanisms prescribed in the rules
- 82.7 adopted under subdivision 1, on property used for wetland replacement.

- 82.8 Sec. 82. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 103G.2251, is amended to read:
- 82.9 103G.2251 STATE CONSERVATION EASEMENTS; WETLAND BANK 82.10 CREDIT.
- 82.11 In greater than 80 percent areas, preservation of wetlands, riparian buffers, and
- 82.12 watershed areas essential to maintaining important functions and sustainability of aquatic
- 82.13 resources in the watershed that are protected by a permanent conservation easement
- 82.14 as defined under section 84C.01 and held by the board may be eligible for wetland
- 82.15 replacement or mitigation credits, according to rules adopted by the board. To be eligible
- 82.16 for credit under this section, a conservation easement must be established after May 24,
- 82.17 2008, and approved by the board. Wetland areas on private lands preserved under this
- 82.18 section are not eligible for replacement or mitigation credit if the area has been protected
- 82.19 using public conservation funds.
- 82.20 Sec. 83. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 103G.245, subdivision 2, is amended to read:
- 82.21 Subd. 2. Exceptions. A public waters work permit is not required for:
- 82.22 (1) work in altered natural watercourses that are part of drainage systems established
- 82.23 under chapter 103D or 103E if the work in the waters is undertaken according to chapter
- 82.24 103D or 103E; or
- 82.25 (2) a drainage project for a drainage system established under chapter 103E that does
- 82.26 not substantially affect public waters-; or

101.10 (c) Fees for single-user or other dedicated wetland banking accounts established

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- 101.11 pursuant to section 103G.005, subdivision 10e, clause (4), are limited to establishment
- 101.12 of a wetland banking account and are assessed at the rate of 6.5 percent of the value of
- 101.13 the credits not to exceed \$1,000.
- 101.14 (d) The board may assess a fee to pay the costs associated with establishing
- 101.15 conservation easements, or other long-term protection mechanisms prescribed in the rules
- 101.16 adopted under subdivision 1, on property used for wetland replacement.
- 101.17 Sec. 42. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 103G.2242, subdivision 15, is amended to 101.18 read:
- 101.19 Subd. 15. Fees paid to board. All fees established in subdivisions 9 and 14 must
- 101.20 be paid to the Board of Water and Soil Resources and are annually appropriated to the
- 101.21 board for the purpose of administration of the wetland bank and to process appeals
- 101.22 under section 103G.2242; subdivision 9. One-half of the fees collected for wetland bank
- 101.23 credit withdrawals under subdivision 14, paragraph (a), clause (3), or alternative fees 101.24 for wetland bank credit withdrawal under subdivision 14, paragraph (b), must be paid
- 101.25 to the county where the property for wetland credit is located. The amount paid to the
- to the county where the property for wettand credit is located. The amount pand to the
- 101.26 county must be distributed as follows: one-third to the school district; one-third to the
- 101.27 city or organized township; and one-third to the county. If the property is located in an
- 101.28 unorganized township, the county retains the township share.
- 101.29 Sec. 43. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 103G.2251, is amended to read:
- 101.30 103G.2251 STATE CONSERVATION EASEMENTS; WETLAND BANK
- 101.31 **CREDIT.**
- 101.32 In greater than 80 percent areas, preservation of wetlands, riparian buffers, and
- 101.33 watershed areas essential to maintaining important functions and sustainability of aquatic
- 101.34 resources in the watershed that are protected by a permanent conservation easement
- 102.1 as defined under section 84C.01 and held by the board may be eligible for wetland
- 102.2 replacement or mitigation credits, according to rules adopted by the board. To be eligible
- 102.3 for credit under this section, a conservation easement must be established after May 24,
- 102.4 2008, and approved by the board. Wetland areas on private lands preserved under this
- 102.5 section are not eligible for replacement or mitigation credit if the area has been protected
- 102.6 using public conservation funds.

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- 82.27 (3) culvert restoration or replacement.
- 82.28 Sec. 84. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 103G.271, subdivision 3, is amended to read:
- 82.29 Subd. 3. Permit restriction during summer months. The commissioner must not
- 82.30 modify or restrict the amount of appropriation from a groundwater source authorized in a
- 82.31 water use permit issued to irrigate agricultural land between May 1 and October 1, or, for
- 82.32 agricultural land with a crop, until November 15, unless the commissioner determines the
- 82.33 authorized amount of appropriation endangers a domestic water supply.
- 83.1 Sec. 85. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 103G.271, subdivision 5, is amended to read:
- 83.2 Subd. 5. Prohibition on once-through water use permits. (a) Except as provided
- 83.3 in paragraph (c), the commissioner may not issue a water use permit to increase the
- 83.4 volume of appropriation from a groundwater source for a once-through cooling system.
- 83.5 (b) Except as provided in paragraph (c), once-through system water use permits
- 83.6 using in excess of 5,000,000 gallons annually must be terminated by the commissioner,
- 83.7 unless the discharge is into a public water basin within a nature preserve approved by the
- 83.8 commissioner and established prior to January 1, 2001. The commissioner may issue a
- 83.9 permit for a system in existence prior to January 1, 2015, for up to 5,000,000 gallons
- 83.10 annually. Existing once-through systems must not be expanded and are required to convert
- 83.11 to water efficient alternatives within the design life of existing equipment.
- 83.12 (c) Notwithstanding paragraphs (a) and (b), the commissioner, with the approval of
- 83.13 the commissioners of health and the Pollution Control Agency, may issue once-through
- 83.14 system water use permits on an annual basis for groundwater thermal exchange devices
- 83.15 or aquifer storage and recovery systems that return all once-through system water to the
- 83.16 source aquifer. Water use permit processing fees in subdivision 6, paragraph (a), apply
- 83.17 to all water withdrawals under this paragraph, including any reuse of water returned to
- 83.18 the source aquifer.
- 83.19 Sec. 86. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 103G.271, subdivision 6a, is amended to read:
- 83.20 Subd. 6a. **Payment of fees for past unpermitted appropriations.** An entity that
- 83.21 appropriates water without a required permit under subdivision 1 must pay the applicable
- 83.22 water use permit processing fee specified in subdivision 6 for the period during which the
- 83.23 unpermitted appropriation occurred. The fees for unpermitted appropriations are required
- 83.24 for the previous seven calendar years after being notified of the need for a permit. This
- 83.25 fee is in addition to any other fee or penalty assessed. The commissioner may waive
- 83.26 payment of fees for past unpermitted appropriations for a residential system permitted
- 83.27 under subdivision 5, paragraph (b).
- 83.28 Sec. 87. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 103G.287, subdivision 1, is amended to read:

- 83.29 Subdivision 1. Applications for groundwater appropriations; preliminary well
- 83.30 construction approval. (a) Groundwater use permit applications are not complete until
- 83.31 the applicant has supplied:
- 83.32 (1) a water well record as required by section 103I.205, subdivision 9, information
- 83.33 on the subsurface geologic formations penetrated by the well and the formation or aquifer
- 84.1 that will serve as the water source, and geologic information from test holes drilled to
- 84.2 locate the site of the production well;
- 84.3 (2) the maximum daily, seasonal, and annual pumpage rates and volumes being 84.4 requested;
- 84.5 (3) information on groundwater quality in terms of the measures of quality
- 84.6 commonly specified for the proposed water use and details on water treatment necessary
- 84.7 for the proposed use;
- 84.8 (4) an inventory of existing wells within 1-1/2 miles of the proposed production well
- 84.9 or within the area of influence, as determined by the commissioner. The inventory must
- 84.10 include information on well locations, depths, geologic formations, depth of the pump or
- 84.11 intake, pumping and nonpumping water levels, and details of well construction;
- 84.12 (5) (4) the results of an aquifer test completed according to specifications approved
- 84.13 by the commissioner. The test must be conducted at the maximum pumping rate requested
- 84.14 in the application and for a length of time adequate to assess or predict impacts to other
- 84.15 wells and surface water and groundwater resources. The permit applicant is responsible
- 84.16 for all costs related to the aquifer test, including the construction of groundwater and
- 84.17 surface water monitoring installations, and water level readings before, during, and after
- 84.18 the aguifer test; and
- 84.19 (6) (5) the results of any assessments conducted by the commissioner under
- 84.20 paragraph (c).
- 84.21 (b) The commissioner may waive an application requirement in this subdivision
- 84.22 if the information provided with the application is adequate to determine whether the
- 84.23 proposed appropriation and use of water is sustainable and will protect ecosystems, water
- 84.24 quality, and the ability of future generations to meet their own needs.
- 84.25 (c) The commissioner shall provide an assessment of a proposed well needing a
- 84.26 groundwater appropriation permit. The commissioner shall evaluate the information
- 84.27 submitted as required under section 103I.205, subdivision 1, paragraph (f), and determine
- 84.28 whether the anticipated appropriation request is likely to meet the applicable requirements
- 84.29 of this chapter. If the appropriation request is likely to meet applicable requirements, the
- 84.30 commissioner shall provide the person submitting the information with a letter providing
- 84.31 preliminary approval to construct the well.
- 84.32 Sec. 88. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 103G.287, subdivision 2, is amended to read:

- 84.33 Subd. 2. Relationship to surface water resources. Groundwater appropriations
- 84.34 that will have substantial negative impacts to surface waters as determined by the
- 84.35 commissioner are subject to applicable provisions in section 103G.285. For the purposes
- 85.1 of this subdivision, when applicable to streams, "substantial negative impacts" means
- 85.2 a 20 percent harmful effect in low flow.

85.3 Sec. 89. [103G.289] WELL INTERFERENCE; WELL SEALING.

- 85.4 The commissioner shall not validate a well interference claim if the affected well has
- 85.5 been sealed prior to the completion of the commissioner's investigation of the complaint.
- 85.6 If the well is sealed prior to completion of the investigation, the commissioner must
- 85.7 dismiss the complaint.
- 85.8 Sec. 90. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 103G.291, subdivision 3, is amended to read:
- 85.9 Subd. 3. Water supply plans; demand reduction. (a) Every public water supplier
- 85.10 serving more than 1,000 people must submit a water supply plan to the commissioner
- 85.11 for approval by January 1, 1996. In accordance with guidelines developed by the
- 85.12 commissioner, the plan must address projected demands, adequacy of the water supply
- 85.13 system and planned improvements, existing and future water sources, natural resource
- 85.14 impacts or limitations, emergency preparedness, water conservation, supply and demand
- 85.15 reduction measures, and allocation priorities that are consistent with section 103G.261.
- 85.16 Public water suppliers must update their plan and, upon notification, submit it to the
- 85.17 commissioner for approval every ten years.
- 85.18 (b) The water supply plan in paragraph (a) is required for all communities in the
- 85.19 metropolitan area, as defined in section 473.121, with a municipal water supply system
- 85.20 and is a required element of the local comprehensive plan required under section 473.859.
- 85.21 Water supply plans or updates submitted after December 31, 2008, must be consistent
- 85.22 with the metropolitan area master water supply plan required under section 473.1565,
- 85.23 subdivision 1, paragraph (a), clause (2).
- 85.24 (c) Public water suppliers serving more than 1,000 people must encourage
- 85.25 water conservation by employing water use demand reduction measures, as defined in
- 85.26 subdivision 4, paragraph (a), before requesting approval from the commissioner of health
- 85.27 under section 144.383, paragraph (a), to construct a public water supply well or requesting
- 85.28 an increase in the authorized volume of appropriation. The commissioner of natural
- 85.29 resources and the water supplier shall use a collaborative process to achieve demand
- 85.30 reduction measures as a part of a water supply plan review process.
- 85.31 (d) Public water suppliers serving more than 1,000 people must submit records
- 85.32 that indicate the number of connections and amount of use by customer category and
- 85.33 volume of water unaccounted for with the annual report of water use required under
- 85.34 section 103G.281, subdivision 3.

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- 86.1 (e) For the purposes of this section, "public water supplier" means an entity that owns, 86.2 manages, or operates a public water supply, as defined in section 144.382, subdivision 4.
- 86.3 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the day following final enactment.
- 86.4 Sec. 91. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 103G.301, subdivision 5a, is amended to read:
- 86.5 Subd. 5a. **Town fees limited exemption.** Notwithstanding this section or any
- 86.6 other law, no permit application, general permit notification, or field inspection fee shall
- 86.7 be charged to a town in connection with the construction or alteration of a town road,
- 86.8 bridge, or culvert shall exceed \$100.
- 86.9 Sec. 92. [114C.40] VOLUNTARY SELF REPORTING OF VIOLATIONS.
- 86.10 Subdivision 1. **Definitions.** (a) For the purposes of this section, the following terms
- 86.11 have the meaning given.
- 86.12 (b) "Commissioner" means the commissioner of the Pollution Control Agency.
- 86.13 (c) "Environmental requirement" means a requirement in a law administered by the
- 86.14 agency, a rule adopted by the agency, a permit or order issued by the agency, an agreement
- 86.15 entered into with the agency, or a court order issued pursuant to any of the foregoing.
- 86.16 (d) "Regulated entity" means a public or private organization that is subject to
- 86.17 environmental requirements.
- 86.18 Subd. 2. Enforcement delay. The commissioner must defer for at least 90 days
- 86.19 enforcement of an environmental requirement against a regulated entity if:
- 86.20 (1) violation of the environmental requirement was first identified by the regulated
- 86.21 entity or an employee of or person contracted by the regulated entity;
- 86.22 (2) the regulated entity notified the commissioner of the violation within two
- 86.23 business days of it coming to the regulated entity's attention;
- 86.24 (3) the regulated entity has not been subject to an enforcement action within the past
- 86.25 two years from the date of the notification under clause (2); and
- 86.26 (4) the regulated entity has committed, in writing, to correct the violation as
- 86.27 expeditiously as possible under the circumstances.
- 86.28 Subd. 3. **Penalties waived.** The commissioner must not impose or bring an action
- 86.29 for any administrative, civil, or criminal penalties against a regulated entity if, after the
- 86.30 90-day delay provided under subdivision 2, the regulated entity has corrected the violation
- 86.31 or has a schedule to correct the violation approved by the commissioner.
- 86.32 Subd. 4. Exceptions. Notwithstanding subdivisions 2 and 3, the commissioner
- 86.33 may, at any time, bring:

- 87.1 (1) a criminal enforcement action against any person who commits a violation
- 87.2 under section 609.671;
- 87.3 (2) a civil or administrative enforcement action, which may include a penalty, under
- 87.4 section 115.071 or 116.072, against the regulated entity if:
- 87.5 (i) a violation caused serious harm to, or presents an imminent and substantial
- 87.6 endangerment to, human health or the environment;
- 87.7 (ii) a violation is of the specific terms of an administrative order, a judicial order or
- 87.8 consent decree, a stipulation agreement, or a schedule of compliance;
- 87.9 (iii) a violation has resulted in a substantial economic benefit which gives the
- 87.10 regulated entity a clear advantage over its business competitors; or
- 87.11 (iv) a violation is identified through a legally mandated monitoring or sampling
- 87.12 requirement prescribed by statute, regulation, permit, judicial or administrative order,
- 87.13 or consent agreement; or
- 87.14 (3) an enforcement action against a regulated entity to enjoin an imminent and
- 87.15 substantial danger under section 116.11.
- 87.16 Subd. 5. Reporting required by law. Nothing in this section alters the obligation of
- 87.17 any regulated entity to report releases, violations, or other matters that are required to be
- 87.18 reported by state or federal law, rule, permit, or enforcement action.
- 87.19 Sec. 93. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 115.03, is amended by adding a subdivision
- 87.20 to read:
- 87.21 Subd. 12. **Legislative approval.** (a) The commissioner of the Pollution Control
- 87.22 Agency must submit a water quality standard or other water quality rule change developed
- 87.23 under this chapter or chapter 116 to the legislature for approval if the standard or rule
- 87.24 change is estimated to have a financial impact to:
- 87.25 (1) affected permittees of \$50,000,000 or more, in total, within the first five years of
- 87.26 implementation; or
- 87.27 (2) a single affected permittee of \$5,000,000 or more within the first five years
- 87.28 of implementation.
- 87.29 (b) The standard or rule change must be approved by the legislature prior to
- 87.30 implementation.
- 87.31 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the day following final enactment.
- 87.32 Sec. 94. [115.035] INDEPENDENT PEER REVIEW OF WATER QUALITY
- 87.33 STUDIES AND STANDARDS; LEGISLATIVE APPROVAL.

115.33 Sec. 61. INDEPENDENT PEER REVIEW OF WATER QUALITY STANDARDS.

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- 87.34 (a) For the purposes of this section:
- 88.1 (1) "independent peer review" means a peer review conducted by an expert in an
- 88.2 area related to the work being reviewed who was not directly or indirectly involved with
- 88.3 the work conducted or contracted by the agency and who is not currently employed by
- 88.4 the agency;
- 88.5 (2) "proposal" means a proposal to change water quality standards or other regulatory
- 88.6 guidance, including reinterpretations of water quality standards and other changes that will
- 88.7 impact national pollutant discharge elimination system permits or storm water permits; and
- 88.8 (3) "study" means a study, an analysis, or other technical or scientific work that was
- 88.9 conducted, contracted, or otherwise relied upon by the agency and that is or will be used
- 88.10 to support or otherwise inform a regulatory decision-making process.
- 88.11 (b) The commissioner of the Pollution Control Agency shall ensure that a water
- 88.12 quality study or proposal is subject to an independent peer review if the study or proposal:
- 88.13 (1) supports or proposes a change with an estimated financial impact to affected
- 88.14 permittees of \$50,000,000 or more, in total, within the first five years of implementation;
- 88.15 (2) supports or proposes a significant new precedent, model, or methodology;
- 88.16 (3) addresses a significant controversial issue;
- 88.17 (4) supports or proposes a change that would significantly impact another state
- 88.18 agency; or
- 88.19 (5) has the potential to significantly impact the agency's resources.
- 88.20 (c) The commissioner shall notify the chairs and ranking minority members of the
- 88.21 house of representatives and senate committees and divisions with jurisdiction over the
- 88.22 environment and natural resources when an independent peer review is required under this
- 88.23 section and the factors listed in paragraph (b) that require the independent peer review.
- 88.24 (d) The commissioner shall ensure that a study or proposal subject to an independent
- 88.25 peer review under this section is peer reviewed in accordance with the guidance contained
- 88.26 in the United States Environmental Protection Agency's Peer Review Handbook. As part
- 88.27 of the independent peer review process, the commissioner shall allow for public comment,
- 88.28 including written and oral public comments, on the study or proposal.
- 88.29 (e) This section applies to proposals and studies developed under the authority and
- 88.30 duties prescribed under this chapter and, with respect to the pollution of waters of the
- 88.31 state, chapter 116.

116.1 (a) The commissioner of the Pollution Control Agency must ensure that an

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116.2 independent peer review is conducted on any proposed change to a water quality standard

116.3 under Minnesota Statutes, chapter 115 or 116, when the estimated financial impact

116.4 to affected permittees is \$50,000,000 or more, in total, within the first five years of

116.5 implementation. The commissioner must provide notice and take public comment on the

116.6 charge questions for independent peer review and must allow written and oral public

116.7 comment as part of the independent peer review process and the peer review report.

116.8 Documentation of compliance with the notice and comment requirements and the peer

116.9 review report must be included as part of the statement of need and reasonableness for

116.10 the proposed rule.

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- 88.32 Sec. 95. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 115.073, is amended to read:
- 88.33 115.073 ENFORCEMENT FUNDING.
- 88.34 Except as provided in section 115C.05, All money recovered by the state under this
- 88.35 chapter and chapters 115A and 116, including civil penalties and money paid under an
- 89.1 agreement, stipulation, or settlement, excluding money paid for past due fees or taxes,
- 89.2 must be deposited in the state treasury and credited to the environmental general fund.
- 89.3 Sec. 96. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 115.55, subdivision 1, is amended to read:
- 89.4 Subdivision 1. **Definitions.** (a) The definitions in this subdivision apply to sections 89.5 115.55 to 115.56.
- 89.6 (b) "Advisory committee" means the Advisory Committee on Subsurface Sewage
- 89.7 Treatment Systems established under the subsurface sewage treatment system rules. The
- 89.8 advisory committee must be appointed to ensure geographic representation of the state 89.9 and include elected public officials.
- 89.10 (c) "Applicable requirements" means:
- 89.11 (1) local ordinances that comply with the subsurface sewage treatment system rules,
- 89.12 as required in subdivision 2; or
- 89.13 (2) in areas without compliant ordinances described in clause (1), the subsurface
- 89.14 sewage treatment system rules.
- 89.15 (d) "Building sewer connected to a subsurface sewage treatment system" means the
- 89.16 pipe that connects a structure to a subsurface sewage treatment system. Building sewers
- 89.17 connected to subsurface sewage treatment systems are codefined as both plumbing and
- 89.18 subsurface sewage treatment system components.
- 89.19 (d) (e) "City" means a statutory or home rule charter city.
- 89.20 (e) (f) "Commissioner" means the commissioner of the Pollution Control Agency.
- 89.21 (f) (g) "Dwelling" means a building or place used or intended to be used by human 89.22 occupants as a single-family or two-family unit.

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- 116.11 (b) The commissioner of the Pollution Control Agency must ensure that an
- 116.12 independent peer review according to paragraph (a) is conducted on the water quality
- 116.13 standards adopted by rule on August 4, 2014, and those rules are suspended until the
- 116.14 independent peer review and a new rulemaking is completed on those rules. The rules in
- 116.15 effect prior to adoption of the August 4, 2014, rules remain in effect until new rules are
- 116.16 adopted.

116.17 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the day following final enactment.

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- 89.23 (g) (h) "Subsurface sewage treatment system" or "system" means a sewage treatment
- 89.24 system, or part thereof, that uses subsurface soil treatment and disposal, or a holding tank,
- 89.25 serving a dwelling, other establishment, or a group thereof, and that does not require a
- 89.26 state permit. Subsurface sewage treatment system includes a building sewer connected
- 89.27 to a subsurface sewage treatment system.
- 89.28 (h) (i) "Subsurface sewage treatment system professional" means an inspector,
- 89.29 installer, designer, service provider, or maintainer.
- 89.30 (i) (j) "Subsurface sewage treatment system rules" means rules adopted by the
- 89.31 agency that establish minimum standards and criteria for the design, location, installation,
- 89.32 use, maintenance, and closure of subsurface sewage treatment systems.
- 89.33 (j) (k) "Inspector" means a person who inspects subsurface sewage treatment
- 89.34 systems for compliance with the applicable requirements.
- 90.1 (k) (l) "Installer" means a person who constructs or repairs subsurface sewage
- 90.2 treatment systems.
- 90.3 (1) (m) "Local unit of government" means a township, city, or county.
- 90.4 (m) (n) "Performance-based system" means a system that is designed specifically
- 90.5 for environmental conditions on a site and is designed to adequately protect the public
- 90.6 health and the environment and provide consistent, reliable, long-term performance. At a
- 90.7 minimum, a performance based system must ensure that applicable water quality standards
- 90.8 are met in both ground and surface water that ultimately receive the treated sewage.
- 90.9 (n) (o) "Maintainer" means a person who removes solids and liquids from and
- 90.10 maintains and repairs components of subsurface sewage treatment systems including, but
- 90.11 not limited to, sewage, aerobic, and holding tanks.
- 90.12 (e) (p) "Seasonal dwelling" means a dwelling that is occupied or used for less than
- 90.13 180 days per year and less than 120 consecutive days.
- 90.14 (p) (q) "Septic system tank" means any covered receptacle designed, constructed,
- 90.15 and installed as part of a subsurface sewage treatment system.
- 90.16 (q) (r) "Designer" means a person who:
- 90.17 (1) investigates soils and site characteristics to determine suitability, limitations, and
- 90.18 sizing requirements; and
- 90.19 (2) designs subsurface sewage treatment systems.
- 90.20 (r) (s) "Straight-pipe system" means a sewage disposal system that transports raw or 90.21 partially treated sewage directly to a lake, a stream, a drainage system, or ground surface.
- 90.22 Sec. 97. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 115.55, subdivision 3, is amended to read:

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- 90.23 Subd. 3. Rules. (a) The agency shall adopt rules containing minimum standards and
- 90.24 criteria for the design, location, installation, use, maintenance, and closure of subsurface
- 90.25 sewage treatment systems. The rules must include:
- 90.26 (1) how the agency will ensure compliance under subdivision 2;
- 90.27 (2) how local units of government shall enforce ordinances under subdivision 2,
- 90.28 including requirements for permits and inspection programs;
- 90.29 (3) how the advisory committee will participate in review and implementation of 90.30 the rules:
- 90.31 (4) provisions for nonstandard systems and performance-based systems;
- 90.32 (5) provisions for handling and disposal of effluent;
- 90.33 (6) provisions for system abandonment; and
- 90.34 (7) procedures for variances, including the consideration of variances based on cost
- 90.35 and variances that take into account proximity of a system to other systems.
- 91.1 (b) The agency shall consult with the advisory committee before adopting rules
- 91.2 under this subdivision.
- 91.3 (c) The rules required in paragraph (a) must also address the following:
- 91.4 (1) a definition of redoximorphic features and other criteria that can be used by
- 91.5 system designers and inspectors;
- 91.6 (2) direction on the interpretation of observed soil features that may be
- 91.7 redoximorphic and their relation to zones of periodic saturation; and
- 91.8 (3) procedures on how to resolve professional disagreements on periodically
- 91.9 saturated soils.
- 91.10 (d) A state disposal system permit is not required for an existing subsurface sewage
- 91.11 treatment facility at a seasonal campground that is open for 180 days or less each year,
- 91.12 unless the average maximum seven-day measured flow for the subsurface sewage
- 91.13 treatment facility at the campground is greater than 10,000 gallons per day.
- 91.14 Sec. 98. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 115.56, subdivision 2, is amended to read:
- 91.15 Subd. 2. License required. (a) Except as provided in paragraph (b), a person may
- 91.16 not design, install, maintain, pump, inspect, or provide service to a subsurface sewage
- 91.17 treatment system without a license issued by the commissioner. Licenses issued under this
- 91.18 section allow work on subsurface sewage treatment systems that do not require a state
- 91.19 permit using prescriptive designs and design guidances provided by the agency. Licensees
- 91.20 who design systems using these prescriptive designs and design guidances are not subject
- 91.21 to the additional licensing requirements of section 326.03.

- 91.22 (b) A license is not required for a person who complies with the applicable
- 91.23 requirements if the person is:
- 91.24 (1) a qualified employee of state or local government who is a certified professional;
- 91.25 (2) an individual who constructs a subsurface sewage treatment system on land that
- 91.26 is owned or leased by the individual and functions solely as the individual's dwelling or
- 91.27 seasonal dwelling, unless specifically disallowed in local ordinance. A person constructing
- 91.28 a subsurface sewage treatment system under this clause must comply with all local
- 91.29 administrative and technical requirements. In addition, the system must be inspected
- 91.30 before being covered and a compliance report must be provided to the local unit of
- 91.31 government after the inspection;
- 91.32 (3) a farmer who pumps and disposes of sewage waste from subsurface sewage
- 91.33 treatment systems, holding tanks, and privies on land that is owned or leased by the
- 91.34 farmer; or
- 92.1 (4) an individual who performs labor or services for a licensed business under this
- 92.2 section in connection with the design, installation, operation, pumping, or inspection of a
- 92.3 subsurface sewage treatment system at the direction and under the personal supervision of
- 92.4 a person certified under this section.
- 92.5 (c) The commissioner, in conjunction with the University of Minnesota Extension
- 92.6 Service or another higher education institution, shall ensure adequate training and design
- 92.7 guidance exists for subsurface sewage treatment system certified professionals.
- 92.8 (d) The commissioner shall conduct examinations to test the knowledge of applicants
- 92.9 for certification and shall issue documentation of certification.
- 92.10 (e) Licenses may be issued only upon submission of general liability insurance, a
- 92.11 corporate surety bond in the amount of at least \$10,000 \$25,000, and the name of the
- 92.12 individual who will be the designated certified individual for that business. The bond may
- 92.13 be for both plumbing work and subsurface sewage treatment work if the bond complies
- 92.14 with the requirements of this section and satisfies the requirements and references
- 92.15 identified in section 326B.46, subdivision 2.
- 92.16 (f) Local units of government may not require additional local licenses for
- 92.17 subsurface sewage treatment system businesses.
- 92.18 (g) No other professional license under section 326.03 is required to design, install,
- 92.19 maintain, inspect, or provide service for a subsurface sewage treatment system that does
- 92.20 not require a state permit using prescriptive designs and design guidances provided by
- 92.21 the agency if the system designer, installer, maintainer, inspector, or service provider
- 92.22 is licensed under this subdivision and the local unit of government has not adopted
- 92.23 additional requirements.
- 92.24 Sec. 99. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 115A.03, subdivision 25a, is amended to read:

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92.25 Subd. 25a. **Recyclable materials.** "Recyclable materials" means materials that are 92.26 separated from mixed municipal solid waste for the purpose of recycling or composting, 92.27 including paper, glass, plastics, metals, automobile oil, batteries, and source-separated 92.28 compostable materials, and sole source food waste streams that are managed through 92.29 biodegradative processes. Refuse-derived fuel or other material that is destroyed by 92.30 incineration is not a recyclable material.

- 92.31 Sec. 100. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 115A.551, subdivision 2a, is amended to 92.32 read:
- 92.33 Subd. 2a. **County recycling goals.** (a) By December 31, 2030, each county will 92.34 have as a goal to recycle the following amounts:
- 93.1 (1) for a county outside of the metropolitan area, 35 percent by weight of total 93.2 solid waste generation; and
- 93.3 (2) for a metropolitan county, 75 percent by weight of total solid waste generation.

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- 102.7 Sec. 44. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 115A.1415, subdivision 16, is amended to 102.8 read:
- 102.9 Subd. 16. **Administrative fee.** (a) The stewardship organization or individual
- 102.10 producer submitting a stewardship plan shall pay an annual administrative fee to the
- 102.11 commissioner. The agency may establish a variable fee based on relevant factors,
- 102.12 including, but not limited to, the portion of architectural paint sold in the state by members
- 102.13 of the organization compared to the total amount of architectural paint sold in the state by
- 102.14 all organizations submitting a stewardship plan.
- 102.15 (b) Prior to July 1, 2014, and before July 1 annually thereafter, the agency shall
- 102.16 identify the costs it incurs under this section. The agency shall set the fee at an amount
- 102.17 that, when paid by every stewardship organization or individual producer that submits a
- 102.18 stewardship plan, is adequate to reimburse the agency's full costs of administering this
- 102.19 section. The total amount of annual fees collected under this subdivision must not exceed
- 102.20 the amount necessary to reimburse costs incurred by the agency to administer this section.
- 102.21 (c) A stewardship organization or individual producer subject to this subdivision
- 102.22 must pay the agency's administrative fee under paragraph (a) on or before July 1, 2014,
- 102.23 and annually thereafter. Each year after the initial payment, the annual administrative fee
- 102.24 may not exceed five percent of the aggregate stewardship assessment added to the cost of
- 102.25 all architectural paint sold by producers in the state for the preceding calendar year.
- 102.26 (d) All fees received under this section shall be deposited in the state treasury and
- 102.27 credited to a product stewardship account in the special revenue fund. For fiscal years
- 102.28 2014 and, 2015, 2016, and 2017, the amount collected under this section is annually
- 102.29 appropriated to the agency to implement and enforce this section.

- 93.4 (b) Each county will develop and implement or require political subdivisions within
- 93.5 the county to develop and implement programs, practices, or methods designed to meet its
- 93.6 recycling goal. Nothing in this section or in any other law may be construed to prohibit a
- 93.7 county from establishing a higher recycling goal.
- 93.8 (c) Any quantified recyclable materials that meet the definition in subdivision 1,
- 93.9 paragraph (a), or section 115A.03, subdivision 25a, are eligible to be counted toward a
- 93.10 county's recycling goal under this subdivision.
- 93.11 Sec. 101. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 115A.557, subdivision 2, is amended to read:
- 93.12 Subd. 2. Purposes for which money may be spent. (a) A county receiving money
- 93.13 distributed by the commissioner under this section may use the money only for the
- 93.14 development and implementation of programs to:
- 93.15 (1) reduce the amount of solid waste generated;
- 93.16 (2) recycle the maximum amount of solid waste technically feasible;
- 93.17 (3) create and support markets for recycled products;
- 93.18 (4) remove problem materials from the solid waste stream and develop proper
- 93.19 disposal options for them;
- 93.20 (5) inform and educate all sectors of the public about proper solid waste management
- 93.21 procedures;
- 93.22 (6) provide technical assistance to public and private entities to ensure proper solid
- 93.23 waste management;
- 93.24 (7) provide educational, technical, and financial assistance for litter prevention;
- 93.25 (8) process mixed municipal solid waste generated in the county at a resource
- 93.26 recovery facility located in Minnesota; and
- 93.27 (9) compost source-separated compostable materials, including the provision of
- 93.28 receptacles for residential composting.;
- 93.29 (10) prevent food waste or collect and transport food donated to humans or to be
- 93.30 fed to animals; and
- 93.31 (11) process source-separated compostable materials that are to be used to produce
- 93.32 Class I or Class II compost, as defined in Minnesota Rules, part 7035.2836, after being
- 93.33 processed in an anaerobic digester, but not to construct any buildings or acquire any
- 93.34 equipment.

- 102.30 Sec. 45. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 115A.557, subdivision 2, is amended to read:
- 102.31 Subd. 2. Purposes for which money may be spent. (a) A county receiving money

- 102.32 distributed by the commissioner under this section may use the money only for the
- 102.33 development and implementation of programs to:
- 102.34 (1) reduce the amount of solid waste generated;
- 103.1 (2) recycle the maximum amount of solid waste technically feasible;
- 103.2 (3) create and support markets for recycled products;
- 103.3 (4) remove problem materials from the solid waste stream and develop proper
- 103.4 disposal options for them;
- 103.5 (5) inform and educate all sectors of the public about proper solid waste management
- 103.6 procedures;
- 103.7 (6) provide technical assistance to public and private entities to ensure proper solid
- 103.8 waste management;
- 103.9 (7) provide educational, technical, and financial assistance for litter prevention;
- 103.10 (8) process mixed municipal solid waste generated in the county at a resource
- 103.11 recovery facility located in Minnesota; and
- 103.12 (9) compost source-separated compostable materials, including the provision of
- 103.13 receptacles for residential composting.;
- 103.14 (10) prevent food waste or collect and transport food donated to humans or to be
- 103.15 fed to animals; and
- 103.16 (11) process source-separated compostable materials that are to be used to produce
- 103.17 Class I or Class II compost, as defined in Minnesota Rules, part 7035.2836, after being
- 103.18 processed in an anaerobic digester, but not to construct buildings or acquire equipment.

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94.1 (b) Beginning in fiscal year 2015 and continuing thereafter, of any money distributed 94.2 by the commissioner under this section to a metropolitan county, as defined in section 94.3 473.121, subdivision 4, that exceeds the amount the county was eligible to receive under 94.4 this section in fiscal year 2014: (1) at least 50 percent must be expended on activities in 94.5 paragraph (a), elause clauses (9) to (11); and (2) the remainder must be expended on 94.6 activities in paragraph (a), clauses (1) to (7) and (9) to (11) that advance the county toward 94.7 achieving its recycling goal under section 115A.551.

94.8 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the day following final enactment.

94.9 Sec. 102. [115A.565] RECYCLING COMPETITIVE GRANT PROGRAM.

- 94.10 Subdivision 1. Grant program established. The commissioner shall make
- 94.11 competitive grants to political subdivisions to establish curbside recycling or composting,
- 94.12 increase recycling or composting, reduce the amount of recyclable materials entering
- 94.13 disposal facilities, or reduce the costs associated with hauling waste by locating collection
- 94.14 sites as close as possible to the site where the waste is generated. To be eligible for grants
- 94.15 under this section, a political subdivision must be located outside the seven-county
- 94.16 metropolitan area and a city must have a population of less than 45,000.
- 94.17 Subd. 2. **Application.** (a) The commissioner must develop forms and procedures
- 94.18 for soliciting and reviewing applications for grants under this section.
- 94.19 (b) The determination of whether to make a grant under this section is within the
- 94.20 discretion of the commissioner, subject to subdivision 4. The commissioner's decisions
- 94.21 are not subject to judicial review, except for abuse of discretion.
- 94.22 Subd. 3. **Priorities**; eligible projects. (a) If applications for grants exceed the
- 94.23 available appropriations, grants must be made for projects that, in the commissioner's
- 94.24 judgment, provide the highest return in public benefits.
- 94.25 (b) To be eligible to receive a grant, a project must:
- 94.26 (1) be locally administered;
- 94.27 (2) have an educational component and measurable outcomes;
- 94.28 (3) request \$250,000 or less;
- 94.29 (4) demonstrate local direct and indirect matching support of at least a quarter
- 94.30 amount of the grant request; and
- 94.31 (5) include at least one of the following elements:
- 94.32 (i) transition to residential recycling through curbside or centrally located collection
- 94.33 sites;
- 94.34 (ii) development of local recycling systems to support curbside recycling; or

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103.19 (b) Beginning in fiscal year 2015 and continuing thereafter, of any money distributed 103.20 by the commissioner under this section to a metropolitan county, as defined in section 103.21 473.121, subdivision 4, that exceeds the amount the county was eligible to receive under 103.22 this section in fiscal year 2014: (1) at least 50 percent must be expended on activities in 103.23 paragraph (a), elause clauses (9) to (11); and (2) the remainder must be expended on 103.24 activities in paragraph (a), clauses (1) to (7) and (9) to (11) that advance the county toward 103.25 achieving its recycling goal under section 115A.551.

103.26 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the day following final enactment.

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- 95.1 (iii) development or expansion of local recycling systems to support recycling bulk
- 95.2 materials, including, but not limited to, electronic waste.
- 95.3 Subd. 4. Cancellation of grant. If a grant is awarded under this section and
- 95.4 funds are not encumbered for the grant within four years after the award date, the grant
- 95.5 must be canceled.
- 95.6 Sec. 103. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 115A.93, subdivision 1, is amended to read:
- 95.7 Subdivision 1. License and registration required; reporting. (a) A person may
- 95.8 not collect mixed municipal solid waste for hire without a license from the jurisdiction
- 95.9 where the mixed municipal solid waste is collected. The local licensing entity shall submit
- 95.10 a list of licensed collectors to the agency.
- 95.11 (b) A person may not collect recyclable materials for hire unless registered with the
- 95.12 agency. If a person is licensed under paragraph (a), the person need not register with
- 95.13 the agency under this paragraph.
- 95.14 (c) The agency, in consultation with the Solid Waste Management Coordinating
- 95.15 Board, the Association of Minnesota Counties, the Minnesota Solid Waste Administrators
- 95.16 Association, and representatives from the waste industry shall, by July 1, 2016, develop
- 95.17 uniform short and long reporting forms that will reduce duplicative reporting to
- 95.18 governmental units by collectors of solid waste and recyclable materials.
- 95.19 (d) A collector of mixed municipal solid waste or recyclable materials shall separately
- 95.20 report to the agency on an annual basis information including, but not limited to, the
- 95.21 quantity of mixed municipal solid waste and the quantity of recyclable materials collected:
- 95.22 (1) from commercial customers;
- 95.23 (2) from residential customers;
- 95.24 (3) by county of origin; and
- 95.25 (4) by destination of the material.
- 95.26 Sec. 104. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 115B.34, subdivision 2, is amended to read:
- 95.27 Subd. 2. Property damage losses. (a) Losses compensable by the fund for property
- 95.28 damage are limited to the following losses caused by damage to the principal residence of
- 95.29 the claimant:
- 95.30 (1) the reasonable cost of replacing or decontaminating the primary source of
- 95.31 drinking water for the property not to exceed the amount actually expended by the
- 95.32 claimant or assessed by a local taxing authority, if the Department of Health has confirmed
- 95.33 that the remedy provides safe drinking water and advised that the water not be used for
- 96.1 drinking or determined that the replacement or decontamination of the source of drinking
- 96.2 water was necessary, up to a maximum of \$25,000;

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- 96.3 (2) the reasonable cost to install a mitigation system for the claimant's principal
- 96.4 residence, not to exceed the amount actually expended by the claimant, if the agency has
- 96.5 recommended such installation to protect human health due to soil vapor intrusion into
- 96.6 the residence from releases of harmful substances. Reimbursement of eligible claims
- 96.7 shall not exceed \$25,000;
- 96.8 (2) (3) losses incurred as a result of a bona fide sale of the property at less than
- 96.9 the appraised market value under circumstances that constitute a hardship to the owner,
- 96.10 limited to 75 percent of the difference between the appraised market value and the selling 96.11 price, but not to exceed \$25,000; and
- 96.12 (3) (4) losses incurred as a result of the inability of an owner in hardship circumstances
- 96.13 to sell the property due to the presence of harmful substances, limited to the increase in
- 96.14 costs associated with the need to maintain two residences, but not to exceed \$25,000.
- 96.15 (b) In computation of the loss under paragraph (a), clause (3) (4), the agency shall
- 96.16 offset the loss by the amount of any income received by the claimant from the rental 96.17 of the property.
- 96.18 (c) For purposes of paragraph (a), the following definitions apply:
- 96.19 (1) "appraised market value" means an appraisal of the market value of the property
- 96.20 disregarding any decrease in value caused by the presence of a harmful substance in
- 96.21 or on the property; and
- 96.22 (2) "hardship" means an urgent need to sell the property based on a special
- 96.23 circumstance of the owner including catastrophic medical expenses, inability of the owner
- 96.24 to physically maintain the property due to a physical or mental condition, and change of
- 96.25 employment of the owner or other member of the owner's household requiring the owner
- 96.26 to move to a different location.
- 96.27 (d) Appraisals are subject to agency approval. The agency may adopt rules
- 96.28 governing approval of appraisals, criteria for establishing a hardship, and other matters
- 96.29 necessary to administer this subdivision.
- 96.30 Sec. 105. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 115C.05, is amended to read:
- 96.31 115C.05 CIVIL PENALTY.
- 96.32 The agency may enforce section 115C.03 using the actions and remedies authorized
- 96.33 under sections 115.071, subdivision 3, and 116.072. The civil penalties recovered by the
- 96.34 state must be credited to the fund.
- 97.1 Sec. 106. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 116.02, is amended to read:
- 97.2 116.02 POLLUTION CONTROL AGENCY, CREATION AND POWERS.

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- 97.3 Subdivision 1. Creation. A pollution control agency, designated as the Minnesota
- 97.4 Pollution Control Agency, is and the Minnesota Pollution Control Agency Citizens' Board
- 97.5 are hereby created. The agency Minnesota Pollution Control Agency Citizens' Board shall
- 97.6 consist of the commissioner and eight members appointed by the governor, by and with the
- 97.7 advice and consent of the senate. One of such members shall be a person knowledgeable
- 97.8 in the field of agriculture and one shall be representative of organized labor.
- 97.9 Subd. 2. Terms, compensation, removal, vacancies. The membership terms,
- 97.10 compensation, removal of members, and filling of vacancies on the agency Minnesota
- 97.11 Pollution Control Agency Citizens' Board shall be as provided in section 15.0575.
- 97.12 Subd. 3. Membership. The membership of the Minnesota Pollution Control Agency
- 97.13 Citizens' Board shall be broadly representative of the skills and experience necessary to
- 97.14 effectuate the policy of sections 116.01 to 116.075, except that no member other than the
- 97.15 commissioner shall be an officer or employee of the state or federal government. Only two
- 97.16 members at one time may be officials or employees of a municipality or any governmental
- 97.17 subdivision, but neither may be a member ex officio or otherwise on the management
- 97.18 board of a municipal sanitary sewage disposal system. One of the members shall have
- 97.19 expertise in agriculture, one of the members shall have expertise in forestry, one of the
- 97.20 members shall have expertise in mining, and one of the members shall be a representative
- 97.21 of organized labor. No more than one-half of the Minnesota Pollution Control Agency
- 97.22 Citizens' Board membership may reside in the metropolitan area, as defined in section
- 97.23 473.121, subdivision 2.
- 97.24 Subd. 4. Chair. The commissioner shall serve as chair of the agency Minnesota
- 97.25 Pollution Control Agency Citizens' Board. The agency Minnesota Pollution Control
- 97.26 Agency Citizens' Board shall elect such other officers as it deems necessary.
- 97.27 Subd. 5. Agency is successor to commission. The Pollution Control Agency is
- 97.28 the successor of the Water Pollution Control Commission, and all powers and duties
- 97.29 now vested in or imposed upon said commission by chapter 115, or any act amendatory
- 97.30 thereof or supplementary thereto, are hereby transferred to, imposed upon, and vested
- 97.31 in the Minnesota Pollution Control Agency, except as to those matters pending before
- 97.32 the commission in which hearings have been held and evidence has been adduced. The
- 97.33 Water Pollution Commission shall complete its action in such pending matters not later
- 97.55 water Fortution Commission shall complete its action in such pending matters not late
- 97.34 than six months from May 26, 1967. The Water Pollution Control Commission, as
- 97.35 heretofore constituted, is hereby abolished, (a) effective upon completion of its action in
- 98.1 the pending cases, as hereinbefore provided for; or (b) six months from May 26, 1967,
- 98.2 whichever is the earlier.
- 98.3 Subd. 6. Required decisions Duties of the board. The agency Minnesota Pollution
- 98.4 Control Agency Citizens' Board shall make final decisions on the following matters:
- 98.5 (1) a petition for the preparation of an environmental assessment worksheet, if the
- 98.6 project proposer or a person commenting on the proposal requests that the decision be
- 98.7 made by the agency and the agency requests that it make the decision under subdivision 8;

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- 98.8 (2) the need for an environmental impact statement following preparation of an 98.9 environmental assessment worksheet under applicable rules, if:
- 98.10 (i) the agency has received a request for an environmental impact statement;
- 98.11 (ii) the project proposer or a person commenting on the proposal requests that the
- 98.12 declaration be made by the agency and the agency requests that it make the decision
- 98.13 under subdivision 8; or
- 98.14 (iii) the commissioner is recommending preparation of an environmental impact
- 98.15 statement:
- 98.16 (3) the scope and adequacy of environmental impact statements;
- 98.17 (4) issuance, reissuance, modification, or revocation of a permit if:
- 98.18 (i) a variance is sought in the permit application or a contested case hearing request
- 98.19 is pending; or
- 98.20 (ii) the permit applicant, the permittee, or a person commenting on the permit action
- 98.21 requests that the decision be made by the agency and the agency requests that it make
- 98.22 the decision under subdivision 8;
- 98.23 (5) (1) make final decisions on adoption or amendment of agency rules for which a
- 98.24 public hearing is required under section 14.25 or for which the commissioner decides to
- 98.25 proceed directly to a public hearing under section 14.14, subdivision 1;
- 98.26 (6) approval or denial of an application for a variance from an agency rule if:
- 98.27 (i) granting the variance request would change an air, soil, or water quality standard;
- 98.28 (ii) the commissioner has determined that granting the variance would have a
- 98.29 significant environmental impact; or
- 98.30 (iii) the applicant or a person commenting on the variance request requests that the
- 98.31 decision be made by the agency and the agency requests that it make the decision under
- 98.32 subdivision 8 (2) provide advice to the commissioner upon request of the commissioner;
- 98.33 and
- 98.34 (7) whether to reopen, reseind, or reverse a decision of the agency (3) conduct public
- 98.35 meetings and prepare comments as provided under subdivision 11.
- 99.1 Subd. 7. Additional decisions. The commissioner may request that the agency
- 99.2 make additional decisions or provide advice to the commissioner.
- 99.3 Subd. 8. Other actions. Any other action not specifically within the authority of the
- 99.4 commissioner shall be made by the agency if:

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- 99.5 (1) prior to the commissioner's final decision on the action, one or more members
- 99.6 of the agency notify the commissioner of their request that the decision be made by the 99.7 agency; or
- 99.8 (2) any person submits a petition to the commissioner requesting that the decision be
- 99.9 made by the agency and the commissioner grants the petition.
- 99.10 If the commissioner denies a petition submitted under clause (2), the commissioner
- 99.11 shall advise the agency and the petitioner of the reasons for the denial.
- 99.12 Subd. 9. **Informing public.** The commissioner shall inform interested persons as
- 99.13 appropriate in public notices and other public documents of their right to request the
- 99.14 agency Minnesota Pollution Control Agency Citizens' Board to make decisions in hold
- 99.15 public information hearings on specific matters as provided in subdivision 6 and the
- 99.16 right of agency members to request that decisions be made by the agency as provided in
- 99.17 subdivision 8 11. The commissioner shall also regularly inform the agency Minnesota
- 99.18 Pollution Control Agency Citizens' Board of activities that have broad policy implications
- 99.19 or potential environmental significance and of activities in which the public has exhibited
- 99.20 substantial interest.
- 99.21 Subd. 10. Changing decisions. (a) The agency must not reopen, rescind, or reverse
- 99.22 a decision of the agency except upon:
- 99.23 (1) the affirmative vote of two-thirds of the agency; or
- 99.24 (2) a finding that there was an irregularity in a hearing related to the decision, an
- 99.25 error of law, or a newly discovered material issue of fact.
- 99.26 (b) The requirements in paragraph (a) are minimum requirements and do not limit
- 99.27 the agency's authority under sections 14.06 and 116.07, subdivision 3, to adopt rules:
- 99.28 (1) applying the requirement in paragraph (a), clause (1) or (2), to certain decisions
- 99.29 of the agency; or
- 99.30 (2) establishing additional or more stringent requirements for reopening, rescinding,
- 99.31 or reversing decisions of the agency.
- 99.32 Subd. 11. **Petition for public hearing.** (a) A person may request that the Minnesota
- 99.33 Pollution Control Agency Citizens' Board hold a public hearing by filing a petition that
- 99.34 contains the signatures and mailing addresses of at least 25 individuals who reside or own
- 99.35 property in the state on the following agency matters:
- 99.36 (1) a petition for the preparation of an environmental assessment worksheet;
- 100.1 (2) the need for an environmental impact statement following completion of an
- 100.2 environmental assessment worksheet:
- 100.3 (3) the scope and adequacy of an environmental impact statement;

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- 100.4 (4) issuance, reissuance, modification, or revocation of a permit if a variance is
- 100.5 sought in the permit application or a contested case hearing request is pending; and
- 100.6 (5) approval or denial of an application for a variance from an agency rule if:
- 100.7 (i) granting the variance request would change an air, soil, or water quality standard; 100.8 or
- 100.9 (ii) the commissioner has determined that granting the variance would have a 100.10 significant environmental impact.
- 100.11 (b) A petition filed under this subdivision must be submitted to the Minnesota
- 100.12 Pollution Control Agency Citizens' Board within 30 days of the agency providing public
- 100.13 notice of the matter.
- 100.14 (c) The Minnesota Pollution Control Agency Citizens' Board shall hold a public
- 100.15 hearing within 30 days of receiving a petition under this subdivision. The board may
- 100.16 address more than one petition at a public hearing. The commissioner shall prepare a
- 100.17 notice of the public hearing and publish the notice in a newspaper of general circulation in
- 100.18 the geographical area or areas affected and notify local governments and other interested
- 100.19 parties as determined by the commissioner. Following the hearing, the board shall compile
- 100.20 and submit comments received during the hearing to the commissioner for review.
- 100.21 Sec. 107. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 116.03, subdivision 1, is amended to read:
- 100.22 Subdivision 1. Office. (a) The Office of Commissioner of the Pollution Control
- 100.23 Agency is created and is under the supervision and control of the commissioner, who is
- 100.24 appointed by the governor under the provisions of section 15.06.
- 100.25 (b) The commissioner may appoint a deputy commissioner and assistant
- 100.26 commissioners who shall be in the unclassified service.
- 100.27 (c) The commissioner shall make all decisions on behalf of the agency that are
- 100.28 not required to be made by the agency except for rulemaking decisions made by the
- 100.29 Minnesota Pollution Control Agency Citizens' Board under section 116.02.
- 100.30 Sec. 108. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 116.07, subdivision 4d, is amended to read:
- 100.31 Subd. 4d. **Permit fees.** (a) The agency may collect permit fees in amounts not greater
- 100.32 than those necessary to cover the reasonable costs of developing, reviewing, and acting
- 100.33 upon applications for agency permits and implementing and enforcing the conditions of
- 100.34 the permits pursuant to agency rules. Permit fees shall not include the costs of litigation.
- 101.1 The fee schedule must reflect reasonable and routine direct and indirect costs associated
- 101.2 with permitting, implementation, and enforcement. The agency may impose an additional
- 101.3 enforcement fee to be collected for a period of up to two years to cover the reasonable costs
- 101.4 of implementing and enforcing the conditions of a permit under the rules of the agency.
- 101.5 Any money collected under this paragraph shall be deposited in the environmental fund.

103.27 Sec. 46. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 116.07, subdivision 4d, is amended to read:

103.28 Subd. 4d. **Permit fees.** (a) The agency may collect permit fees in amounts not greater

103.29 than those necessary to cover the reasonable costs of developing, reviewing, and acting

103.30 upon applications for agency permits and implementing and enforcing the conditions of

103.31 the permits pursuant to agency rules. Permit fees shall not include the costs of litigation.

103.32 The fee schedule must reflect reasonable and routine direct and indirect costs associated

103.33 with permitting, implementation, and enforcement. The agency may impose an additional

103.34 enforcement fee to be collected for a period of up to two years to cover the reasonable costs

104.1 of implementing and enforcing the conditions of a permit under the rules of the agency.

104.2 Any money collected under this paragraph shall be deposited in the environmental fund.

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101.6 (b) Notwithstanding paragraph (a), the agency shall collect an annual fee from 101.7 the owner or operator of all stationary sources, emission facilities, emissions units, air 101.8 contaminant treatment facilities, treatment facilities, potential air contaminant storage 101.9 facilities, or storage facilities subject to the requirement to obtain a permit a notification, 101.10 permit, or license requirement under subchapter this chapter, subchapters I and V of 101.11 the federal Clean Air Act, United States Code, title 42, section 7401 et seq., or section 101.12 116.081 or rules adopted thereunder. The annual fee shall be used to pay for all direct 101.13 and indirect reasonable costs, including attorney general legal costs, required to develop 101.14 and administer the notification, permit, or license program requirements of subchapter 101.15 this chapter, subchapters I and V of the federal Clean Air Act, United States Code, title 101.16 42, section 7401 et seq., and sections of this chapter and the or rules adopted under 101.17 this chapter related to air contamination and noise thereunder. Those costs include the 101.18 reasonable costs of reviewing and acting upon an application for a permit; implementing 101.19 and enforcing statutes, rules, and the terms and conditions of a permit; emissions, ambient, 101.20 and deposition monitoring; preparing generally applicable regulations; responding to 101.21 federal guidance; modeling, analyses, and demonstrations; preparing inventories and 101.22 tracking emissions; and providing information to the public about these activities.

- 101.23 (c) The agency shall set fees that:
- 101.24 (1) will result in the collection, in the aggregate, from the sources listed in paragraph 101.25 (b), of an amount not less than \$25 per ton of each volatile organic compound; pollutant 101.26 regulated under United States Code, title 42, section 7411 or 7412 (section 111 or 112 101.27 of the federal Clean Air Act); and each pollutant, except carbon monoxide, for which a 101.28 national primary ambient air quality standard has been promulgated;
- 101.29 (2) may result in the collection, in the aggregate, from the sources listed in paragraph 101.30 (b), of an amount not less than \$25 per ton of each pollutant not listed in clause (1) that is 101.31 regulated under this chapter or air quality rules adopted under this chapter; and
- 101.32 (3) shall collect, in the aggregate, from the sources listed in paragraph (b), the 101.33 amount needed to match grant funds received by the state under United States Code, title 101.34 42, section 7405 (section 105 of the federal Clean Air Act).
- 101.35 The agency must not include in the calculation of the aggregate amount to be collected 101.36 under clauses (1) and (2) any amount in excess of 4,000 tons per year of each air pollutant 102.1 from a source. The increase in air permit fees to match federal grant funds shall be a 102.2 surcharge on existing fees. The commissioner may not collect the surcharge after the grant 102.3 funds become unavailable. In addition, the commissioner shall use nonfee funds to the 102.4 extent practical to match the grant funds so that the fee surcharge is minimized.

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104.3 (b) Notwithstanding paragraph (a), the agency shall collect an annual fee from 104.4 the owner or operator of all stationary sources, emission facilities, emissions units, air 104.5 contaminant treatment facilities, treatment facilities, potential air contaminant storage 104.6 facilities, or storage facilities subject to the requirement to obtain a permit a notification, 104.7 permit, or license requirement under subchapter this chapter, subchapters I and V of 104.8 the federal Clean Air Act, United States Code, title 42, section 7401 et seq., or section 104.9 116.081 or rules adopted thereunder. The annual fee shall be used to pay for all direct 104.10 and indirect reasonable costs, including attorney general legal costs, required to develop 104.11 and administer the notification, permit, or license program requirements of subchapter 104.12 this chapter, subchapters I and V of the federal Clean Air Act, United States Code, title 104.13 42, section 7401 et seq., and sections of this chapter and the or rules adopted under 104.14 this chapter related to air contamination and noise thereunder. Those costs include the 104.15 reasonable costs of reviewing and acting upon an application for a permit; implementing 104.16 and enforcing statutes, rules, and the terms and conditions of a permit; emissions, ambient, 104.17 and deposition monitoring; preparing generally applicable regulations; responding to 104.18 federal guidance; modeling, analyses, and demonstrations; preparing inventories and 104.19 tracking emissions; and providing information to the public about these activities.

- 104.20 (c) The agency shall set fees that:
- 104.21 (1) will result in the collection, in the aggregate, from the sources listed in paragraph 104.22 (b), of an amount not less than \$25 per ton of each volatile organic compound; pollutant 104.23 regulated under United States Code, title 42, section 7411 or 7412 (section 111 or 112 104.24 of the federal Clean Air Act); and each pollutant, except carbon monoxide, for which a 104.25 national primary ambient air quality standard has been promulgated;
- 104.26 (2) may result in the collection, in the aggregate, from the sources listed in paragraph 104.27 (b), of an amount not less than \$25 per ton of each pollutant not listed in clause (1) that is 104.28 regulated under this chapter or air quality rules adopted under this chapter; and
- 104.29 (3) shall collect, in the aggregate, from the sources listed in paragraph (b), the 104.30 amount needed to match grant funds received by the state under United States Code, title 104.31 42, section 7405 (section 105 of the federal Clean Air Act).
- 104.32 The agency must not include in the calculation of the aggregate amount to be collected 104.33 under clauses (1) and (2) any amount in excess of 4,000 tons per year of each air pollutant 104.34 from a source. The increase in air permit fees to match federal grant funds shall be a 104.35 surcharge on existing fees. The commissioner may not collect the surcharge after the grant 105.1 funds become unavailable. In addition, the commissioner shall use nonfee funds to the 105.2 extent practical to match the grant funds so that the fee surcharge is minimized.

102.5 (d) To cover the reasonable costs described in paragraph (b), the agency shall provide 102.6 in the rules promulgated under paragraph (c) for an increase in the fee collected in each year 102.7 by the percentage, if any, by which the Consumer Price Index for the most recent calendar 102.8 year ending before the beginning of the year the fee is collected exceeds the Consumer Price 102.9 Index for the calendar year 1989. For purposes of this paragraph the Consumer Price Index 102.10 for any calendar year is the average of the Consumer Price Index for all-urban consumers 102.11 published by the United States Department of Labor, as of the close of the 12-month period 102.12 ending on August 31 of each calendar year. The revision of the Consumer Price Index that 102.13 is most consistent with the Consumer Price Index for calendar year 1989 shall be used.

102.14 (e) Any money collected under paragraphs (b) to (d) must be deposited in the 102.15 environmental fund and must be used solely for the activities listed in paragraph (b).

102.16 (f) Permit applicants who wish to construct, reconstruct, or modify a facility may 102.17 offer to reimburse the agency for the costs of staff time or consultant services needed to 102.18 expedite the permit development process, including the analysis of environmental review 102.19 documents. The reimbursement shall be in addition to permit application fees imposed by 102.20 law. When the agency determines that it needs additional resources to develop the permit 102.21 application in an expedited manner, and that expediting the development is consistent with 102.22 permitting program priorities, the agency may accept the reimbursement. Reimbursements 102.23 accepted by the agency are appropriated to the agency for the purpose of developing 102.24 the permit or analyzing environmental review documents. Reimbursement by a permit 102.25 applicant shall precede and not be contingent upon issuance of a permit; shall not affect 102.26 the agency's decision on whether to issue or deny a permit, what conditions are included 102.27 in a permit, or the application of state and federal statutes and rules governing permit 102.28 determinations; and shall not affect final decisions regarding environmental review.

102.29 (g) The fees under this subdivision are exempt from section 16A.1285.

102.30 Sec. 109. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 116.07, subdivision 4j, is amended to read:

102.31 Subd. 4j. **Permits; solid waste facilities.** (a) The agency may not issue a permit 102.32 for new or additional capacity for a mixed municipal solid waste resource recovery or 102.33 disposal facility as defined in section 115A.03 unless each county using or projected in 102.34 the permit to use the facility has in place a solid waste management plan approved under 102.35 section 115A.46 or 473.803 and amended as required by section 115A.96, subdivision 6. 103.1 The agency shall issue the permit only if the capacity of the facility is consistent with the 103.2 needs for resource recovery or disposal capacity identified in the approved plan or plans. 103.3 Consistency must be determined by the Pollution Control Agency. Plans approved before 103.4 January 1, 1990, need not be revised if the capacity sought in the permit is consistent 103.5 with the approved plan or plans.

105.3 (d) To cover the reasonable costs described in paragraph (b), the agency shall 105.4 provide in the rules promulgated under paragraph (e) to implement paragraphs (b) and 105.5 (c) for an increase in the fee collected in each year by the percentage, if any, by which 105.6 the Consumer Price Index for the most recent calendar year ending before the beginning 105.7 of the year the fee is collected exceeds the Consumer Price Index for the calendar year 105.8 1989. For purposes of this paragraph the Consumer Price Index for any calendar year is 105.9 the average of the Consumer Price Index for all-urban consumers published by the United 105.10 States Department of Labor, as of the close of the 12-month period ending on August 31 105.11 of each calendar year. The revision of the Consumer Price Index that is most consistent 105.12 with the Consumer Price Index for calendar year 1989 shall be used.

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105.13 (e) Any money collected under paragraphs (b) to (d) this subdivision must be 105.14 deposited in the environmental fund and must be used solely for the activities listed in 105.15 paragraph (b).

105.16 (f) Permit applicants who wish to construct, reconstruct, or modify a facility may 105.17 offer to reimburse the agency for the costs of staff time or consultant services needed to 105.18 expedite the permit development process, including the analysis of environmental review 105.19 documents. The reimbursement shall be in addition to permit application fees imposed by 105.20 law. When the agency determines that it needs additional resources to develop the permit 105.21 application in an expedited manner, and that expediting the development is consistent with 105.22 permitting program priorities, the agency may accept the reimbursement. Reimbursements 105.23 accepted by the agency are appropriated to the agency for the purpose of developing 105.24 the permit or analyzing environmental review documents. Reimbursement by a permit 105.25 applicant shall precede and not be contingent upon issuance of a permit; shall not affect 105.26 the agency's decision on whether to issue or deny a permit, what conditions are included 105.27 in a permit, or the application of state and federal statutes and rules governing permit 105.28 determinations; and shall not affect final decisions regarding environmental review.

105.29 (g) The fees under this subdivision are exempt from section 16A.1285.

- 103.6 (b) The agency shall require as part of the permit application for a waste incineration 103.7 facility identification of preliminary plans for ash management and ash leachate treatment 103.8 or ash utilization. The permit issued by the agency must include requirements for ash 103.9 management and ash leachate treatment.
- 103.10 (c) Within 180 days of receipt of a completed application, the agency shall approve, 103.11 disapprove, or delay decision on the application, with reasons for the delay, in writing.
- 103.12 (d) The agency may not issue a permit for a new disposal facility, as defined in 103.13 section 115A.03, subdivision 10, or a permit to expand an existing disposal facility unless:
- 103.14 (1) all local units of government in which the facility is to be sited and exercising
- 103.15 their respective land use and zoning authority pursuant to chapter 366, 494, or 462 have
- 103.16 granted approval for and provided any required public notices of the new or expanded
- 103.17 facility prior to the issuance of the permit;
- 103.18 (2) all local units of government in which the facility is to be sited and exercising
- 103.19 their respective land use and zoning authority pursuant to chapter 366, 494, or 462 have
- 103.20 authorized the permit to be issued prior to or concurrent with the required approval by
- 103.21 the local unit of government; or
- 103.22 (3) the new or expanded facility is part of and will be sited on land already identified
- 103.23 in an approved solid waste management plan as described in paragraph (a).
- 103.24 (e) The commissioners of the Pollution Control Agency and natural resources shall
- 103.25 apply Minnesota Rules, parts 7001.3050, subpart 3, item G, and 7035.2525, subpart 2,
- 103.26 item G, to solid waste facilities permitted under and in compliance with those rules and in
- 103.27 compliance with Minnesota Rules, chapter 6132.
- 103.28 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the day following final enactment.
- 103.29 Sec. 110. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 116.07, subdivision 7, is amended to read:
- 103.30 Subd. 7. Counties; processing of applications for animal lot permits. Any
- 103.31 Minnesota county board may, by resolution, with approval of the Pollution Control
- 103.32 Agency, assume responsibility for processing applications for permits required by the
- 103.33 Pollution Control Agency under this section for livestock feedlots, poultry lots or other
- 103.34 animal lots. The responsibility for permit application processing, if assumed by a county,
- 103.35 may be delegated by the county board to any appropriate county officer or employee.
- 104.1 (a) For the purposes of this subdivision, the term "processing" includes:
- 104.2 (1) the distribution to applicants of forms provided by the Pollution Control Agency;

- 104.3 (2) the receipt and examination of completed application forms, and the certification, 104.4 in writing, to the Pollution Control Agency either that the animal lot facility for which a 104.5 permit is sought by an applicant will comply with applicable rules and standards, or, if 104.6 the facility will not comply, the respects in which a variance would be required for the 104.7 issuance of a permit; and
- 104.8 (3) rendering to applicants, upon request, assistance necessary for the proper 104.9 completion of an application.
- 104.10 (b) For the purposes of this subdivision, the term "processing" may include, at the 104.11 option of the county board, issuing, denying, modifying, imposing conditions upon, or 104.12 revoking permits pursuant to the provisions of this section or rules promulgated pursuant 104.13 to it, subject to review, suspension, and reversal by the Pollution Control Agency. The 104.14 Pollution Control Agency shall, after written notification, have 15 days to review, suspend, 104.15 modify, or reverse the issuance of the permit. After this period, the action of the county 104.16 board is final, subject to appeal as provided in chapter 14. For permit applications filed 104.17 after October 1, 2001, section 15.99 applies to feedlot permits issued by the agency or a 104.18 county pursuant to this subdivision.
- 104.19 (c) For the purpose of administration of rules adopted under this subdivision, the 104.20 commissioner and the agency may provide exceptions for cases where the owner of a 104.21 feedlot has specific written plans to close the feedlot within five years. These exceptions 104.22 include waiving requirements for major capital improvements.
- 104.23 (d) For purposes of this subdivision, a discharge caused by an extraordinary natural 104.24 event such as a precipitation event of greater magnitude than the 25-year, 24-hour event, 104.25 tornado, or flood in excess of the 100-year flood is not a "direct discharge of pollutants."
- 104.26 (e) In adopting and enforcing rules under this subdivision, the commissioner shall 104.27 cooperate closely with other governmental agencies.
- 104.28 (f) The Pollution Control Agency shall work with the Minnesota Extension Service, 104.29 the Department of Agriculture, the Board of Water and Soil Resources, producer groups, 104.30 local units of government, as well as with appropriate federal agencies such as the Natural 104.31 Resources Conservation Service and the Farm Service Agency, to notify and educate 104.32 producers of rules under this subdivision at the time the rules are being developed and 104.33 adopted and at least every two years thereafter.
- 104.34 (g) The Pollution Control Agency shall adopt rules governing the issuance and 104.35 denial of permits for livestock feedlots, poultry lots or other animal lots pursuant to this 104.36 section. Pastures are exempt from the rules authorized under this paragraph. A feedlot 105.1 permit is not required for livestock feedlots with more than ten but less than 50 animal 105.2 units; provided they are not in shoreland areas. A livestock feedlot permit does not 105.3 become required solely because of a change in the ownership of the buildings, grounds, 105.4 or feedlot. These rules apply both to permits issued by counties and to permits issued 105.5 by the Pollution Control Agency directly.

- 105.6 (h) The Pollution Control Agency shall exercise supervising authority with respect 105.7 to the processing of animal lot permit applications by a county.
- 105.8 (i) Any new rules or amendments to existing rules proposed under the authority
- 105.9 granted in this subdivision, or to implement new fees on animal feedlots, must be
- 105.10 submitted to the members of legislative policy and finance committees with jurisdiction
- 105.11 over agriculture and the environment prior to final adoption. The rules must not become
- 105.12 effective until 90 days after the proposed rules are submitted to the members.
- 105.13 (j) Until new rules are adopted that provide for plans for manure storage structures,
- 105.14 any plans for a liquid manure storage structure must be prepared or approved by a
- 105.15 registered professional engineer or a United States Department of Agriculture, Natural
- 105.16 Resources Conservation Service employee.
- 105.17 (k) A county may adopt by ordinance standards for animal feedlots that are more
- 105.18 stringent than standards in Pollution Control Agency rules.
- 105.19 (I) After January 1, 2001, a county that has not accepted delegation of the feedlot
- 105.20 permit program must hold a public meeting prior to the agency issuing a feedlot permit
- 105.21 for a feedlot facility with 300 or more animal units, unless another public meeting has
- 105.22 been held with regard to the feedlot facility to be permitted.
- 105.23 (m) After the proposed rules published in the State Register, volume 24, number 25,
- 105.24 are finally adopted, the agency may not impose additional conditions as a part of a feedlot
- 105.25 permit, unless specifically required by law or agreed to by the feedlot operator.
- 105.26 (n) For the purposes of feedlot permitting, a discharge from land-applied manure
- 105.27 or a manure stockpile that is managed according to agency rule must not be subject to 105.28 a fine for a discharge violation.
- 105.29 (o) For the purposes of feedlot permitting, manure that is land applied, or a manure
- 105.30 stockpile that is managed according to agency rule, must not be considered a discharge
- 105.31 into waters of the state, unless the discharge is to waters of the state, as defined by
- 105.32 section 103G.005, subdivision 17, except type 1 or type 2 wetlands, as defined in section
- 105.33 103G.005, subdivision 17b, and does not meet discharge standards established for feedlots
- 105.34 under agency rule.
- 105.35 (p) Unless the upgrade is needed to correct an immediate public health threat under
- 105.36 section 145A.04, subdivision 8, or the facility is determined to be a concentrated animal
- 106.1 feeding operation under Code of Federal Regulations, title 40, section 122.23, in effect on
- 106.2 April 15, 2003, the agency may not require a feedlot operator:
- 106.3 (1) to spend more than \$3,000 to upgrade an existing feedlot with less than 300
- 106.4 animal units unless cost-share money is available to the feedlot operator for 75 percent of
- 106.5 the cost of the upgrade; or

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106.6 (2) to spend more than \$10,000 to upgrade an existing feedlot with between 300 106.7 and 500 animal units, unless cost-share money is available to the feedlot operator for 75 106.8 percent of the cost of the upgrade or \$50,000, whichever is less.

106.9 (q) For the purposes of this section, "pastures" means areas, including winter feeding 106.10 areas as part of a grazing area, where grass or other growing plants are used for grazing 106.11 and where the concentration of animals allows a vegetative cover to be maintained during 106.12 the growing season except that vegetative cover is not required:

106.13 (1) in the immediate vicinity of supplemental feeding or watering devices;

106.14 (2) in associated corrals and chutes where livestock are gathered for the purpose of 106.15 sorting, veterinary services, loading and unloading trucks and trailers, and other necessary 106.16 activities related to good animal husbandry practices; and

106.17 (3) in associated livestock access lanes used to convey livestock to and from areas 106.18 of the pasture.

106.19 (r) A feedlot operator who stores and applies up to 100,000 gallons per calendar year 106.20 of private truck wash wastewater resulting from trucks that transport animals or supplies 106.21 to and from the feedlot does not require a permit to land-apply industrial by-products 106.22 if the feedlot operator stores and applies the wastewater in accordance with Pollution 106.23 Control Agency requirements for land applications of industrial by-product that do not 106.24 require a permit.

106.25 (s) A feedlot operator who holds a permit from the Pollution Control Agency to
106.26 land-apply industrial by-products from a private truck wash is not required to have a
106.27 certified land applicator apply the private truck wash wastewater if the wastewater is
106.28 applied by the feedlot operator to cropland owned or leased by the feedlot operator or
106.29 by a commercial animal waste technician licensed by the commissioner of agriculture
106.30 under chapter 18C.

106.31 For purposes of this paragraph and paragraph (r), "private truck wash" means a truck
106.32 washing facility owned or leased, operated, and used only by a feedlot operator to wash
106.33 trucks owned or leased by the feedlot operator and used to transport animals or supplies
106.34 to and from the feedlot.

107.1 Sec. 111. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 116.07, is amended by adding a subdivision 107.2 to read:

107.3 Subd. 13. Limitation regarding certain policies, guidelines, and other
107.4 nonbinding interpretive statements. The commissioner shall not seek to implement or
107.5 enforce against any entity or permittee a policy, guideline, or other nonbinding interpretive

107.6 statement that meets the definition of a rule under chapter 14 if the policy, guideline, or other nonbinding interpretive statement has not been adopted as a rule in accordance with chapter 14.

- 105.30 Sec. 47. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 116.9401, is amended to read:
- 105.31 **116.9401 DEFINITIONS.**
- 105.32 (a) For the purposes of sections 116.9401 to 116.9407 116.9411, the following terms 105.33 have the meanings given them.
- 105.34 (b) "Agency" means the Pollution Control Agency.
- 106.1 (c) "Alternative" means a substitute process, product, material, chemical, strategy,
- 106.2 or combination of these that is technically feasible and serves a functionally equivalent 106.3 purpose to a chemical in a children's product.
- 106.4 (d) "Chemical" means a substance with a distinct molecular composition or a group
- 106.5 of structurally related substances and includes the breakdown products of the substance or 106.6 substances that form through decomposition, degradation, or metabolism.
- 106.7 (e) "Chemical of high concern" means a chemical identified on the basis of credible 106.8 scientific evidence by a state, federal, or international agency as being known or suspected 106.9 with a high degree of probability to:
- 106.10 (1) harm the normal development of a fetus or child or cause other developmental 106.11 toxicity;
- 106.12 (2) cause cancer, genetic damage, or reproductive harm;
- 106.13 (3) disrupt the endocrine or hormone system;
- 106.14 (4) damage the nervous system, immune system, or organs, or cause other systemic 106.15 toxicity;
- 106.16 (5) be persistent, bioaccumulative, and toxic; or
- 106.17 (6) be very persistent and very bioaccumulative.
- 106.18 (f) "Child" means a person under 12 years of age.
- 106.19 (g) "Children's product" means a consumer product intended for use by children,
- 106.20 such as baby products, toys, car seats, personal care products, and clothing.
- 106.21 (h) "Commissioner" means the commissioner of the Pollution Control Agency.
- 106.22 (i) "Contaminant" means a trace amount of a chemical that is incidental to
- 106.23 manufacturing and serves no intended function in the product component. Contaminant
- 106.24 includes, but is not limited to, unintended by-products of chemical reactions that
- 106.25 occur during the manufacture of the product component, trace impurities in feedstock,
- 106.26 incompletely reacted chemical mixtures, and degradation products.
- 106.27 (j) "Department" means the Department of Health.
- 106.28 $\frac{\text{(j)}}{\text{(k)}}$ "Distributor" means a person who sells consumer products to retail
- 106.29 establishments on a wholesale basis.

- 106.30 (k) (l) "Green chemistry" means an approach to designing and manufacturing 106.31 products that minimizes the use and generation of toxic substances.
- 106.32 (1) (m) "Manufacturer" means any person who manufactures a final consumer
- 106.33 product sold at retail or whose brand name is affixed to the consumer product. In the
- 106.34 case of a consumer product imported into the United States, manufacturer includes the
- 106.35 importer or domestic distributor of the consumer product if the person who manufactured
- 107.1 or assembled the consumer product or whose brand name is affixed to the consumer
- 107.2 product does not have a presence in the United States.
- 107.3 (n) "Practical quantification limit" means the lowest concentration of a chemical that
- 107.4 can be reliably measured within specified limits of precision, accuracy, representativeness,
- 107.5 completeness, and comparability under routine laboratory operating conditions, the value
- 107.6 of which:
- 107.7 (1) is based on scientifically defensible, standard analytical methods;
- 107.8 (2) may vary depending on the matrix and analytical method used; and
- 107.9 (3) will be determined jointly by the agency and the department, taking into
- 107.10 consideration practical quantification limits established by federal or state agencies.
- 107.11 (m) (o) "Priority chemical" means a chemical identified by the Department of Health
- 107.12 as a chemical of high concern that meets the criteria in section 116.9403.
- 107.13 (n) (p) "Product category" means the brick level of the GS1 Global Product
- 107.14 Classification (GPC) standard, which identifies products that serve a common purpose, are
- 107.15 of a similar form and material, and share the same set of category attributes.
- 107.16 (q) "Safer alternative" means an alternative whose potential to harm human health is
- 107.17 less than that of the use of a priority chemical that it could replace.
- 107.18 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective July 1, 2016.
- 107.19 Sec. 48. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 116.9402, is amended to read:
- 107.20 116.9402 IDENTIFICATION OF CHEMICALS OF HIGH CONCERN.
- 107.21 (a) By July 1, 2010, the department shall, after consultation with the agency,
- 107.22 generate a list of chemicals of high concern.
- 107.23 (b) The department must periodically review and revise the list of chemicals of
- 107.24 high concern at least every three years. The department may add chemicals to the list if
- 107.25 the chemical meets one or more of the criteria in section 116.9401, paragraph (e). Any
- 107.26 changes to the list of chemicals of high concern must be published on the department's
- 107.27 Web site and in the State Register when a change is made.

- 107.28 (c) The department shall consider chemicals listed as a suspected carcinogen, 107.29 reproductive or developmental toxicant, or as being persistent, bioaccumulative, and 107.30 toxic, or very persistent and very bioaccumulative by a state, federal, or international 107.31 agency. These agencies may include, but are not limited to, the California Environmental 107.32 Protection Agency, the Washington Department of Ecology, the United States Department 107.33 of Health, the United States Environmental Protection Agency, the United Nation's World 108.1 Health Organization, and European Parliament Annex XIV concerning the Registration, 108.2 Evaluation. Authorisation. and Restriction of Chemicals.
- 108.3 (d) The department may consider chemicals listed by another state as harmful to 108.4 human health or the environment for possible inclusion in the list of chemicals of high 108.5 concern.

108.6 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective July 1, 2016.

- 108.7 Sec. 49. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 116.9403, is amended to read: 108.8 116.9403 IDENTIFICATION OF PRIORITY CHEMICALS.
- 108.9 (a) The department, after consultation with the agency, may designate a chemical of 108.10 high concern as a priority chemical if the department finds that the chemical:
- 108.11 (1) has been identified as a high-production volume chemical by the United States 108.12 Environmental Protection Agency; and
- 108.13 (2) meets any of the following criteria:
- 108.14 (i) the chemical has been found through biomonitoring to be present in human blood, 108.15 including umbilical cord blood, breast milk, urine, or other bodily tissues or fluids;
- 108.16 (ii) the chemical has been found through sampling and analysis to be present in 108.17 household dust, indoor air, drinking water, or elsewhere in the home environment; or
- 108.18 (iii) the chemical has been found through monitoring to be present in fish, wildlife, 108.19 or the natural environment.
- 108.20 (b) By February 1, 2011, the department shall publish a list of priority chemicals in
- 108.21 the State Register and on the department's Internet Web site and shall update the published
- 108.22 list whenever a new priority chemical is designated. Any proposed changes to the list of
- 108.23 priority chemicals must be published on the department's Web site and in the State Register
- 108.24 and is subject to a minimum 60-day public comment period. After the department's
- 108.25 review and consideration of public comments, a final list of changes to the list of priority
- 108.26 chemicals must be published on the department's Web site and in the State Register.

108.27 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective July 1, 2016.

- 108.28 Sec. 50. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 116.9405, is amended to read: 108.29 **116.9405 APPLICABILITY.**
- 108.30 The requirements of sections 116.9401 to 116.9407 116.9411 do not apply to:
- 108.31 (1) chemicals in used children's products;
- 108.32 (2) priority chemicals used in the manufacturing process, but that are not present 108.33 in the final product;
- 109.1 (3) priority chemicals used in agricultural production;
- 109.2 (4) motor vehicles as defined in chapter 168 or watercraft as defined in chapter
- 109.3 86B or their component parts, except that the use of priority chemicals in detachable
- 109.4 car seats is not exempt;
- 109.5 (5) priority chemicals generated solely as combustion by-products or that are present 109.6 in combustible fuels;
- 109.7 (6) retailers, except if a retailer is also the producer, manufacturer, importer, or
- 109.8 domestic distributor of a children's product containing a priority chemical or the retailer's
- 109.9 brand name is affixed to a children's product containing a priority chemical;
- 109.10 (7) pharmaceutical products or biologics;
- 109.11 (8) a medical device as defined in the federal Food, Drug, and Cosmetic Act, United
- 109.12 States Code, title 21, section 321(h);
- 109.13 (9) food and food or beverage packaging, except a container containing baby food 109.14 or infant formula;
- 109.15 (10) consumer electronics products and electronic components, including but not
- 109.16 limited to personal computers; audio and video equipment; calculators; digital displays;
- 109.17 wireless phones; cameras; game consoles; printers; and handheld electronic and electrical
- 109.18 devices used to access interactive software or their associated peripherals; or products that
- 109.19 comply with the provisions of directive 2002/95/EC of the European Union, adopted by
- 109.20 the European Parliament and Council of the European Union now or hereafter in effect; or
- 109.21 (11) outdoor sport equipment, including snowmobiles as defined in section 84.81,
- 109.22 subdivision 3; all-terrain vehicles as defined in section 84.92, subdivision 8; personal
- 109.23 watercraft as defined in section 86B.005, subdivision 14a; watercraft as defined in section
- 109.24 86B.005, subdivision 18; and off-highway motorcycles, as defined in section 84.787,
- 109.25 subdivision 7, and all attachments and repair parts for all of this equipment.;
- 109.26 (12) a manufacturer or distributor of a children's product whose annual aggregate
- 109.27 gross sales, both within and outside this state, as reported in the manufacturer's or
- 109.28 distributor's most recently filed federal tax return, is below \$100,000; or

- 109.29 (13) a children's product if the annual production of the children's product is less 109.30 than 3,000 units.
- 109.31 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective July 1, 2016.
- 109.32 Sec. 51. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 116.9406, is amended to read:
- 109 33 116.9406 DONATIONS TO THE STATE.
- 110.1 The commissioner may accept donations, grants, and other funds to carry out the
- 110.2 purposes of sections 116.9401 to 116.9407 116.9411. All donations, grants, and other
- 110.3 funds must be accepted without preconditions regarding the outcomes of the regulatory
- 110.4 oversight processes set forth in sections 116.9401 to 116.9407 116.9411.
- 110.5 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective July 1, 2016.
- 110.6 Sec. 52. [116.9408] CHILDREN'S PRODUCTS; REPORTING INFORMATION 110.7 ON PRIORITY CHEMICALS.
- 110.8 Subdivision 1. **Reporting; content.** A manufacturer or distributor of a children's
- 110.9 product offered for sale in this state that contains one or more priority chemicals
- 110.10 designated under section 116.9403 must, unless the children's product is exempt under
- 110.11 section 116.9405, provide the following information to the agency, on a form developed by
- 110.12 the agency, for each priority chemical that is intentionally added to the children's product
- 110.13 and present at or above the practical quantification limit or that is a contaminant present in
- 110.14 a component of the children's product at a concentration above 100 parts per million:
- 110.15 (1) the name of the priority chemical;
- 110.16 (2) the Chemical Abstracts Service Registry number of the priority chemical;
- 110.17 (3) the concentration of each priority chemical contained in a children's product, a
- 110.18 description of how the concentration was determined, and an evaluation of the accuracy
- 110.19 of the determination. Concentrations at or above the practical quantification limit must
- 110.20 be reported, but may be reported in the following ranges:
- 110.21 (i) greater than or equal to the practical quantification limit but less than 100 parts
- 110.22 per million (ppm);
- 110.23 (ii) greater than or equal to 100 ppm but less than 500 ppm;
- 110.24 (iii) greater than or equal to 500 ppm but less than 1,000 ppm;
- 110.25 (iv) greater than or equal to 1,000 ppm but less than 5,000 ppm;
- 110.26 (v) greater than or equal to 5,000 ppm but less than 10,000 ppm; and

- 110.27 (vi) greater than or equal to 10,000 ppm;
- 110.28 (4) the product category of the children's product;
- 110.29 (5) the number of units of the children's product sold in Minnesota or nationally in
- 110.30 the most recently completed calendar year;
- 110.31 (6) information that the agency determines is necessary to determine the extent to
- 110.32 which a child is likely to be exposed to the priority chemical through normal use of the
- 110.33 product;
- 111.1 (7) any assessment conducted by the manufacturer or distributor of the children's
- 111.2 product or others regarding the use of safer alternatives to the priority chemical contained
- 111.3 in the children's product; and
- 111.4 (8) any additional information requested by the agency.
- 111.5 Subd. 2. **Report timing.** (a) A manufacturer or distributor subject to this section
- 111.6 must report the information required under this section to the agency no later than one
- 111.7 year after a priority chemical has been designated under section 116.9403 or, for a priority
- 111.8 chemical designated under section 116.9403 before July 1, 2011, on the following
- 111.9 schedule based on the manufacturer's or distributor's annual aggregate gross sales, both
- 111.10 within and outside the state, as reported in the manufacturer's or distributor's most recently
- 111.11 filed federal tax return:
- 111.12 (1) for a manufacturer or distributor with gross sales exceeding \$1,000,000,000, by
- 111.13 July 1, 2018;
- 111.14 (2) for a manufacturer or distributor with gross sales exceeding \$250,000,000 but
- 111.15 less than or equal to \$1,000,000,000, by January 1, 2019;
- 111.16 (3) for a manufacturer or distributor with gross sales exceeding \$100,000,000 but
- 111.17 less than or equal to \$250,000,000, by July 1, 2019;
- 111.18 (4) for a manufacturer or distributor with gross sales exceeding \$5,000,000 but less
- 111.19 than or equal to \$100,000,000, by July 1, 2020; and
- 111.20 (5) for a manufacturer or distributor with gross sales exceeding \$100,000 but less
- 111.21 than or equal to \$5,000,000, by July 1, 2021.
- 111.22 (b) Two years after submitting an initial report to the agency under this section,
- 111.23 a manufacturer or distributor of a children's product offered for sale in this state that
- 111.24 continues to contain one or more priority chemicals must submit an updated report
- 111.25 containing the information required under subdivision 1 and the 12-digit Universal
- 111.26 Product Code for the children's product. If the children's product continues to be offered
- 111.27 for sale in this state and to contain the priority chemical, the information required under
- 111.28 this paragraph must be submitted to the agency every two years.

- 111.29 Subd. 3. **Public data.** Notwithstanding section 13.37, subdivision 2, the presence
- 111.30 and concentration of a priority chemical in a specific children's product reported to the
- 111.31 agency under this section are classified as public data.
- 111.32 Subd. 4. Not misappropriation of trade secret. Notwithstanding section 325C.01,
- 111.33 subdivision 3, publication by the agency of the presence and concentration of a priority
- 111.34 chemical in a specific children's product reported to the agency under this section is not
- 111.35 misappropriation of a trade secret.
- 112.1 Subd. 5. **Removal of priority chemical; reporting.** A manufacturer or distributor
- 112.2 who removes a priority chemical from a children's product reported under this section
- 112.3 must notify the agency of the removal at the earliest possible date. If the priority
- 112.4 chemical removed is replaced by a safer alternative, the manufacturer or distributor
- 112.5 must provide, on a form developed by the agency, the name of the safer alternative
- 112.6 and its Chemical Abstracts Service Registry number or, if not replaced by a chemical
- 112.7 alternative, a description of the techniques or design changes implemented. The safer
- 112.8 alternative or nonchemical techniques or design changes may be designated as trade
- 112.9 secrets. Upon verification that all priority chemicals in the product have been replaced by
- 112.10 safer alternatives, the commissioner must promptly remove from state agency Web sites
- 112.11 any reference to the relevant children's product of the manufacturer, and the manufacturer
- 112.11 any reference to the relevant criminens product of the manufacturer, and the manufactur
- 112.12 will no longer report or pay fees on that children's product.
- 112.13 Subd. 6. Failure to report. If the information required in this section is not
- 112.14 submitted in a timely fashion or is incomplete or otherwise unacceptable as determined
- 112.15 by the agency, the agency may contract with an independent third party of the agency's
- 112.16 choice to provide the information and may assess a fee on the manufacturer or distributor
- 112.17 to pay the costs specified under section 116.9409.
- 112.18 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective July 1, 2016.
- 112.19 Sec. 53. [116.9409] FEES.
- 112.20 (a) The agency shall collect a fee of \$1,000 for each priority chemical initially
- 112.21 reported under section 116.9408. The fee increases by \$1,000 for each report subsequently
- 112.22 filed with the agency under section 116.9408 for the same chemical contained in the same
- 112.23 children's product category, up to a maximum of \$3,000.
- 112.24 (b) The agency shall collect a fee equal to the costs billed by the independent
- 112.25 contractor plus the agency's actual incurred costs to bid and administer the contract for
- 112.26 each contract issued under section 116.9408, subdivision 6.
- 112.27 (c) The commissioner shall deposit all fees received under this section in an account
- 112.28 in the special revenue fund.
- 112.29 (d) Fees collected under this section are exempt from section 16A.1285.

107.9 Sec. 112. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 116D.04, is amended by adding a 107.10 subdivision to read:

- 107.11 Subd. 17. **Discretionary review notification.** The commissioners of natural
- 107.12 resources and the Pollution Control Agency, when ordering the preparation of a
- 107.13 discretionary environmental impact statement or discretionary environmental assessment
- 107.14 worksheet for a proposed action, must notify the proposer of the action by certified mail at
- 107.15 least 90 days prior to making the order public.

107.16 Sec. 113. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 144.12, is amended by adding a subdivision 107.17 to read:

112.30 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective July 1, 2016.

- 112.31 Sec. 54. [116.9410] ENFORCEMENT.
- 113.1 The agency shall enforce sections 116.9401 to 116.9409 in the manner provided by

- 113.2 section 115.071, subdivisions 1, 3, 4, 5, and 6. Section 115.071, subdivision 2, does not
- 113.3 apply to violations of sections 116.9401 to 116.9409.
- 113.4 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective July 1, 2016.
- 113.5 Sec. 55. [116.9411] STATE AGENCY DUTIES.
- 113.6 Subdivision 1. Safer alternative grants. If there is fee revenue collected under
- 113.7 section 116.9409, paragraph (a), in excess of program implementation costs, the
- 113.8 commissioner, in consultation with the commissioners of commerce and health, may
- 113.9 use that fee revenue to offer grants awarded competitively to manufacturers or other
- 113.10 researchers to develop safer alternatives to priority chemicals in children's products,
- 113.11 to establish alternatives as safer alternatives, or to accelerate the commercialization of
- 113.12 safer alternatives.
- 113.13 Subd. 2. Education and outreach. The commissioners of health and commerce
- 113.14 shall develop and implement an education and outreach effort regarding priority chemicals
- 113.15 in children's products.
- 113.16 Subd. 3. **Report.** By January 15, 2019, and every three years thereafter, the
- 113.17 commissioners of the Pollution Control Agency, health, and commerce shall report to
- 113.18 the legislative committees with jurisdiction over environment and natural resources,
- 113.19 commerce, and public health on the implementation of sections 116.9401 to 116.9411.
- 113.20 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective July 1, 2016.

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- 107.18 Subd. 4. Camper cabins and bunk houses. Camper cabins and bunk houses are
- 107.19 exempt from floor space, air space, or bed spacing requirements applicable to lodging
- 107.20 establishments adopted by the commissioner. For the purposes of this section:
- 107.21 (1) "bunk house" means a building, structure, or enclosure intended to sleep more
- 107.22 than one person for up to three nights that does not include a kitchen or bathroom; and
- 107.23 (2) "camper cabin" means a permanent rustic enclosure with walls and a floor
- 107.24 that does not include a kitchen or bath; is located in a state park administered by the
- 107.25 commissioner of natural resources, at a resort as defined under section 157.15, subdivision
- 107.26 11, or at a recreational camping area as defined under section 327.14, subdivision 8; and is
- 107.27 intended to be a place where sleeping accommodations are furnished to the public.
- 107.28 Sec. 114. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 171.07, is amended by adding a subdivision 107.29 to read:
- 107.30 Subd. 18. All-terrain vehicle safety certificate. (a) The department shall maintain
- 107.31 in its records information transmitted electronically from the commissioner of natural
- 107.32 resources identifying each person to whom the commissioner has issued an all-terrain
- 107.33 vehicle safety certificate. The records transmitted from the Department of Natural
- 108.1 Resources must contain the full name and date of birth as required for the driver's license
- 108.2 or identification card. Records that are not matched to a driver's license or identification
- 108.3 card record may be deleted after seven years.
- 108.4 (b) After receiving information under paragraph (a) that a person has received an
- 108.5 all-terrain vehicle safety certificate, the department shall include, on all drivers' licenses
- 108.6 or Minnesota identification cards subsequently issued to the person, a graphic or written
- 108.7 indication that the person has received the certificate.
- 108.8 (c) If a person who has received an all-terrain vehicle safety certificate applies
- 108.9 for a driver's license or Minnesota identification card before that information has been
- 108.10 transmitted to the department, the department may accept a copy of the certificate as proof
- 108.11 of its issuance and shall then follow the procedures in paragraph (b).
- 108.12 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective January 1, 2016, or the date the new
- 108.13 driver and vehicle services information technology system is implemented, whichever
- 108.14 comes later.
- 108.15 Sec. 115. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 282.011, subdivision 3, is amended to read:

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- 108.16 Subd. 3. Title examination. The commissioner of revenue shall, if requested by the
- 108.17 purchaser or the county attorney of the county where all or a portion of the land is situated,
- 108.18 deliver the deed to the county attorney for use under Minnesota Statutes 2014, section
- 108.19 88.48, subdivision 5, but such delivery shall not be considered delivery to the purchaser.
- 108.20 The county attorney shall be instructed when taking the transferral of the deed that said
- 108.21 deed shall not be delivered to the purchaser unless the land involved is accepted as and
- 108.22 placed into an auxiliary forest.
- 108.23 Sec. 116. [325E.382] CERTAIN PRODUCTS CONTAINING MICROBEADS
- 108.24 PROHIBITED.
- 108.25 Subdivision 1. **Definitions.** (a) For the purposes of this section, the following terms
- 108.26 have the meanings given.
- 108.27 (b) "Over-the-counter drug" means a drug that is a personal care product that
- 108.28 contains a label that identifies the product as a drug as required by Code of Federal
- 108.29 Regulations, title 21, section 201.66. An "over-the-counter drug" label includes:
- 108.30 (1) a drug facts panel; or
- 108.31 (2) a statement of the active ingredients with a list of those ingredients contained in
- 108.32 the compound, substance, or preparation.
- 108.33 (c) "Personal care product" means any article intended to be rubbed, poured,
- 108.34 sprinkled, or sprayed on, introduced into, or otherwise applied to the human body or
- 109.1 any part thereof for cleansing, beautifying, promoting attractiveness, or altering the
- 109.2 appearance, and any article intended for use as a component of any such article. "Personal
- 109.3 care product" does not include prescription drugs.
- 109.4 (d) "Plastic" means a synthetic material made from linking monomers through
- 109.5 a chemical reaction to create an organic polymer chain that can be molded or extruded
- 109.6 at high heat into various solid forms retaining their defined shapes during life cycle and
- 109.7 after disposal.
- 109.8 (e) "Synthetic plastic microbead" means any intentionally added nonbiodegradable
- 109.9 solid plastic particle measured less than five millimeters in size and used to exfoliate
- 109.10 or cleanse in a rinse-off product.
- 109.11 Subd. 2. **Prohibitions.** (a) Effective December 31, 2017, no person shall
- 109.12 manufacture for sale a personal care product, except for an over-the-counter drug, that
- 109.13 contains synthetic plastic microbeads.
- 109.14 (b) Effective December 31, 2018, no person shall accept for sale a personal care
- 109.15 product, except for an over-the-counter drug, that contains synthetic plastic microbeads.
- 109.16 (c) Effective December 31, 2018, no person shall manufacture for sale an
- 109.17 over-the-counter drug that contains synthetic plastic microbeads.

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- 109.18 (d) Effective December 31, 2019, no person shall accept for sale an over-the-counter 109.19 drug that contains synthetic plastic microbeads.
- 109.20 Subd. 3. Preemption. This section preempts any ordinance or resolution of a
- 109.21 municipality, county, or any other local government entity concerning synthetic plastic
- 109.22 microbeads.
- 109.23 Sec. 117. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 446A.073, subdivision 1, is amended to read:
- 109.24 Subdivision 1. **Program established.** When money is appropriated for grants
- 109.25 under this program, the authority shall award grants up to a maximum of \$3,000,000 to
- 109.26 governmental units to cover up to one-half the cost of wastewater treatment or storm water
- 109.27 infrastructure projects made necessary by:
- 109.28 (1) a wasteload reduction prescribed under a total maximum daily load plan required
- 109.29 by section 303(d) of the federal Clean Water Act, United States Code, title 33, section 109.30 1313(d):
- 109.31 (2) a phosphorus concentration or mass limit which requires discharging one
- 109.32 milligram per liter or less at permitted design flow which is incorporated into a permit
- 109.33 issued by the Pollution Control Agency;
- 110.1 (3) any other water quality-based effluent limit established under section 115.03,
- 110.2 subdivision 1, paragraph (e), clause (8), and incorporated into a permit issued by the
- 110.3 Pollution Control Agency that exceeds secondary treatment limits; or
- 110.4 (4) a total nitrogen limit of ten milligrams per liter or less for a land-based treatment 110.5 system.
- 110.6 Sec. 118. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 446A.073, subdivision 3, is amended to read:
- 110.7 Subd. 3. **Project priorities.** When money is appropriated for grants under this
- 110.8 program, the authority shall accept applications during the month of July and reserve
- 110.9 money for projects expected to proceed with construction by the end of the fiscal year in
- 110.10 the order listed on the Pollution Control Agency's project priority list and in an amount
- 110.11 based on the cost estimate submitted to the authority in the grant application or the as-bid
- 110.12 costs, whichever is less. Notwithstanding Minnesota Rules, chapter 7077, the Pollution
- 110.13 Control Agency may rank a drinking water infrastructure project on the agency's project
- 110.14 priority list if the project is necessary to meet an applicable requirement in subdivision 1.
- 110.15 Sec. 119. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 446A.073, subdivision 4, is amended to read:
- 110.16 Subd. 4. **Grant approval.** The authority must make a grant for an eligible project 110.17 only after:
- 110.18 (1) the applicant has submitted the as-bid cost for the wastewater treatment or storm 110.19 water infrastructure project;

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- 110.20 (2) the Pollution Control Agency has approved the as-bid costs and certified the
- 110.21 grant eligible portion of the project; and
- 110.22 (3) the authority has determined that the additional financing necessary to complete
- 110.23 the project has been committed from other sources.
- 110.24 Sec. 120. Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 473.1565, is amended to read:
- 110.25 473.1565 METROPOLITAN AREA WATER SUPPLY PLANNING
- 110.26 ACTIVITIES; ADVISORY COMMITTEE COMMITTEES.
- 110.27 Subdivision 1. Planning activities. (a) The Metropolitan Council must carry out
- 110.28 planning activities addressing the water supply needs of the metropolitan area as defined
- 110.29 in section 473.121, subdivision 2. The planning activities must include, at a minimum:
- 110.30 (1) development and maintenance of a base of technical information needed for
- 110.31 sound water supply decisions including surface and groundwater availability analyses,
- 110.32 water demand projections, water withdrawal and use impact analyses, modeling, and
- 110.33 similar studies;
- 111.1 (2) development and periodic update of a metropolitan area master water supply
- 111.2 plan, prepared in cooperation with and subject to the approval of the eommissioner of
- 111.3 natural resources policy advisory committee established in this section, that:
- 111.4 (i) provides guidance for local water supply systems and future regional investments;
- 111.5 (ii) emphasizes conservation, interjurisdictional cooperation, and long-term
- 111.6 sustainability; and
- 111.7 (iii) addresses the reliability, security, and cost-effectiveness of the metropolitan area
- 111.8 water supply system and its local and subregional components;
- 111.9 (3) recommendations for clarifying the appropriate roles and responsibilities of
- 111.10 local, regional, and state government in metropolitan area water supply;
- 111.11 (4) recommendations for streamlining and consolidating metropolitan area water
- 111.12 supply decision-making and approval processes; and
- 111.13 (5) recommendations for the ongoing and long-term funding of metropolitan area
- 111.14 water supply planning activities and capital investments.
- 111.15 (b) The council must carry out the planning activities in this subdivision in
- 111.16 consultation with the Metropolitan Area Water Supply Policy and Technical Advisory
- 111.17 Committee Committees established in subdivision 2 this section.
- 111.18 Subd. 2. Policy advisory committee. (a) A Metropolitan Area Water Supply
- 111.19 Policy Advisory Committee is established to assist the council in its planning activities in
- 111.20 subdivision 1. The policy advisory committee has the following membership:
- 111.21 (1) the commissioner of agriculture or the commissioner's designee;

- 111.22 (2) the commissioner of health or the commissioner's designee;
- 111.23 (3) the commissioner of natural resources or the commissioner's designee;
- 111.24 (4) the commissioner of the Pollution Control Agency or the commissioner's 111.25 designee;
- 111.26 (5) two officials of counties that are located in the metropolitan area, appointed by
- 111.27 the governor, in consultation with the Association of Minnesota Counties;
- 111.28 (6) five officials of noncounty local governmental units that are located in the
- 111.29 metropolitan area, appointed by the governor, in consultation with the Association of
- 111.30 Metropolitan Municipalities;
- 111.31 (7) the chair of the Metropolitan Council or the chair's designee, who is chair of the
- 111.32 advisory committee; and
- 111.33 (8) one official each from the counties of Chisago, Isanti, Sherburne, and Wright,
- 111.34 appointed by the governor, in consultation with the Association of Minnesota Counties
- 111.35 and the League of Minnesota Cities; and
- 112.1 (9) a member of the Board of Water Commissioners of the Saint Paul Regional Water
- 112.2 Services, appointed by and serving at the pleasure of the Board of Water Commissioners,
- 112.3 and a representative of the Minneapolis Water Department, appointed by and serving at
- 112.4 the pleasure of the mayor of the city of Minneapolis.
- 112.5 A local government unit in each of the seven counties in the metropolitan area
- 112.6 and Chisago, Isanti, Sherburne, and Wright Counties must be represented in the 11
- 112.7 appointments made under clauses (5), (6), and (8).
- 112.8 (b) Members of the advisory committee appointed by the governor serve at the
- 112.9 pleasure of the governor. Members of the advisory committee serve without compensation
- 112.10 but may be reimbursed for their reasonable expenses as determined by the Metropolitan
- 112.11 Council. The advisory committee expires December 31, 2016.
- 112.12 (c) The council must consider the work and recommendations of the policy advisory
- 112.13 committee when the council is preparing its regional development framework.
- 112.14 Subd. 2a. **Technical advisory committee.** A Metropolitan Area Water Supply
- 112.15 Technical Advisory Committee is established to inform the policy advisory committee's
- 112.16 work by providing scientific and engineering expertise necessary to provide the region an
- 112.17 adequate and sustainable water supply. The technical advisory committee consists of 11
- 112.18 members appointed by the policy advisory committee as follows:
- 112.19 (1) six members to represent operators of single-city and multicity public water
- 112.20 supply systems in the metropolitan area;
- 112.21 (2) a hydrologist with expertise in groundwater analysis and modeling;

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- 112.22 (3) a hydrologist with expertise in surface water analysis and modeling;
- 112.23 (4) an engineer with expertise in the design and construction of water supply systems;
- 112.24 (5) a person with expertise in population and demographic forecasting and modeling;
- 112.25 and
- 112.26 (6) a person with expertise in water demand forecasting.
- 112.27 Members of the technical advisory committee serve at the pleasure of the policy advisory
- 112.28 committee, without compensation, but may be reimbursed for their reasonable expenses as
- 112.29 determined by the council.
- 112.30 Subd. 3. **Reports to legislature.** (a) The council must submit reports to the
- 112.31 legislature regarding its findings, recommendations, and continuing planning activities
- 112.32 under subdivision 1. These reports shall be included in the "Minnesota Water Plan"
- 112.33 required in section 103B.151, and five-year interim reports may be provided as necessary.
- 112.34 (b) By February 15, 2017, and at least every five years thereafter, the policy advisory
- 112.35 committee shall report to the council, the Legislative Water Commission, and the chairs
- 112.36 and ranking minority members of the house of representatives and senate committees and
- 113.1 divisions with jurisdiction over environment and natural resources with the information
- 113.2 required under this section. The policy advisory committee's report and recommendations
- 113.3 must include information provided by the technical advisory committee.

113.4 **EFFECTIVE DATE**; **APPLICATION**. This section is effective the day following

- 113.5 final enactment and applies in the counties of Anoka, Carver, Dakota, Hennepin, Ramsey,
- 113.6 Scott, and Washington.

113.7 Sec. 121. SURPLUS STATE LAND SALES.

- 113.8 The school trust lands director shall identify at least \$5,000,000 in state-owned
- 113.9 lands suitable for sale and notify the commissioner of natural resources of the identified
- 113.10 lands. The lands identified shall not be within a unit of the outdoor recreation system
- 113.11 under Minnesota Statutes, section 86A.05, an administrative site, or trust land. The
- 113.12 commissioner shall sell at least \$3,000,000 worth of lands identified by the school trust
- 113.13 lands director by June 30, 2017. Notwithstanding Minnesota Statutes, section 94.16,
- 113.14 subdivision 3, or any other law to the contrary, the amount of the proceeds from the sale of
- 113.15 lands that exceeds the actual expenses of selling the lands must be deposited in the school
- 113.16 trust lands account and used to extinguish the school trust interest as provided under
- 113.17 Minnesota Statutes, section 92.83, on school trust lands that have public water access
- 113.18 sites or old growth forests located on them.

113.19 Sec. 122. REQUIRED RULEMAKING; SUBSURFACE SEWAGE TREATMENT

113.20 **SYSTEMS.**

117.26 Sec. 64. SURPLUS STATE LAND SALES.

117.27 The school trust lands director shall identify at least \$5,000,000 in state-owned

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- 117.28 lands suitable for sale and notify the commissioner of natural resources of the identified
- 117.29 lands. The lands identified shall not be within a unit of the outdoor recreation system
- 117.30 under Minnesota Statutes, section 86A.05, an administrative site, or trust land. The
- 117.31 commissioner shall sell at least \$3,000,000 worth of lands identified by the school trust
- 117.32 lands director by June 30, 2017. Notwithstanding Minnesota Statutes, section 94.16,
- 117.33 subdivision 3, or any other law to the contrary, the amount of the proceeds from the sale of
- 117.34 lands that exceeds the actual expenses of selling the lands must be deposited in the school
- 117.35 trust lands account and used to extinguish the school trust interest as provided under
- 118.1 Minnesota Statutes, section 92.83, on school trust lands that have public water access
- 118.2 sites or old growth forests located on them.

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- 113.21 The commissioner of the Pollution Control Agency shall adopt rules, using the
- 113.22 expedited rulemaking process in Minnesota Statutes, section 14.389, that set forth
- 113.23 procedures to conform with the changes to Minnesota Statutes, chapter 115, under this act
- 113.24 and to streamline the subsurface sewage treatment system (SSTS) license application and
- 113.25 renewal process in a manner that:
- 113.26 (1) surety bond and insurance requirements of licensed SSTS businesses meet the
- 113.27 requirements of Minnesota Statutes, chapter 115 and section 326B.46, subdivision 2; and
- 113.28 (2) properly trained SSTS installers may complete work on a building sewer with
- 113.29 respect to the Plumbing Code and plumbing program and SSTS designers and inspectors
- 113.30 may complete work on a building sewer connected to an SSTS with respect to the
- 113.31 Plumbing Code and plumbing program.

113.32 Sec. 123. WETLAND CONSERVATION ACT REPORT.

- 114.1 By March 15, 2016, the Board of Water and Soil Resources, in cooperation with the
- 114.2 Department of Natural Resources, shall report to the committees with jurisdiction over
- 114.3 environment and natural resources on the proposals to implement high priority areas for
- 114.4 wetland replacement and in-lieu fees for replacement and modify wetland replacement
- 114.5 siting and actions eligible for credit. In developing the report, the board and department
- 114.6 shall consult with stakeholders and agencies.

114.7 Sec. 124. ALL-TERRAIN VEHICLE REGISTRATION TRANSITION.

- 114.8 (a) A person must have an unexpired class 1 or class 2 all-terrain vehicle or off-road
- 114.9 vehicle registration and may continue to display the unexpired class 1 or class 2 all-terrain
- 114.10 vehicle or off-road vehicle registration until the electronic licensing system has been
- 114.11 upgraded to conform with the amendments to Minnesota Statutes, section 84.92, under
- 114.12 this act.
- 114.13 (b) When the electronic licensing system has been upgraded, a person who possesses
- 114.14 an unexpired class 1 or class 2 all-terrain vehicle or off-road vehicle registration may
- 114.15 continue to display that unexpired class 1 or class 2 all-terrain vehicle or off-road vehicle
- 114.16 registration until the class 1 or class 2 all-terrain vehicle or off-road vehicle registration is
- 114.17 renewed, transferred, or replacement registration is applied for.

114.18 Sec. 125. ANALYSIS OF WATER QUALITY STANDARDS.

- 114.19 (a) The commissioner of management and budget shall contract with a nonstate
- 114.20 entity for an analysis of the costs of recently adopted or proposed changes to water quality
- 114.21 standards and rules, including:
- 114.22 (1) recently adopted or proposed changes to total suspended solid, nutrient, chloride,
- 114.23 nitrate, and sulfate standards;

114.4 Sec. 57. WETLAND CONSERVATION ACT REPORT.

114.5 By March 15, 2016, the Board of Water and Soil Resources, in cooperation with the

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- 114.6 Department of Natural Resources, shall report to the committees with jurisdiction over
- 114.7 environment and natural resources on the proposals to implement high priority areas for
- 114.8 wetland replacement and in-lieu fees for replacement and modify wetland replacement
- 114.9 siting and actions eligible for credit. In developing the report, the board and department
- 114.10 shall consult with stakeholders and agencies.

116.25 Sec. 63. COST ANALYSIS OF WATER QUALITY STANDARDS; 116.26 APPROPRIATION.

- 116.27 (a) The commissioner of the Pollution Control Agency, after consultation with
- 116.28 the commissioner of management and budget, shall issue a request for proposal not to
- 116.29 exceed \$250,000 to contract with a nonstate entity for an engineering cost analysis of
- 116.30 current and recently adopted, proposed, or anticipated changes to water quality standards
- 116.31 and rules, including:
- 116.32 (1) recently adopted or proposed changes to total suspended solid, nutrient, chloride,
- 116.33 nitrate, and sulfate standards;

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- 114.24 (2) proposed nondegradation rulemaking provisions;
- 114.25 (3) proposed changes to water quality standards to incorporate a tiered aquatic
- 114.26 life use framework; and
- 114.27 (4) changes to water quality standards, reinterpretation of water quality standards,
- 114.28 and water strategies or other regulatory initiatives the commissioner of the Pollution
- 114.29 Control Agency anticipates will be proposed in the next five years that will impact national
- 114.30 pollutant discharge elimination system permits.
- 114.31 (b) The analysis must include a cost analysis for a representative sample of at
- 114.32 least 15 communities. The sample must include a diverse set of communities based on
- 114.33 geography, watersheds, community size, wastewater facility types and operators, storm
- 115.1 water system types, and other factors to ensure the analysis is representative of the state as
- 115.2 a whole. The analysis must include:
- 115.3 (1) an estimate of the overall costs to upgrade wastewater and storm water systems,
- 115.4 including ongoing operating costs and costs associated with disposing of waste that are
- 115.5 likely to be incurred as a result of the recent, proposed, and anticipated changes; and
- 115.6 (2) an analysis of the estimated incremental impact to water quality in affected water
- 115.7 bodies as a direct result of the recent, proposed, and anticipated changes.
- 115.8 (c) The commissioner shall submit the analysis to the chairs and ranking minority
 115.9 members of the committees and divisions of the house of representatives and senate with
 115.10 jurisdiction over water quality standards no later than January 1, 2017.
- 115.11 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the day following final enactment.

116.34 (2) proposed nondegradation rulemaking provisions; and

117.1 (3) proposed changes to water quality standards to incorporate a tiered aquatic

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- 117.2 life use framework.
- 117.3 (b) The contractor may employ engineering subcontractors serving local
- 117.4 governments to complete the analysis. The analysis must include a cost analysis for
- 117.5 a representative sample of at least 15 communities. The sample must include a diverse
- 117.6 set of communities based on geography, watersheds, community size, wastewater facility
- 117.7 types and operators, storm water system types, and other factors to ensure the analysis is
- 117.8 representative of the state as a whole. The analysis must include:
- 117.9 (1) an estimate of the overall capital and operating costs to maintain and upgrade
- 117.10 wastewater and storm water systems for existing water quality standards;
- 117.11 (2) an estimate of the overall capital and operating costs likely to be incurred
- 117.12 to upgrade wastewater and storm water systems for recently adopted, proposed, or
- 117.13 anticipated changes to water quality standards; and
- 117.14 (3) an estimate of the incremental effect to overall water quality in the receiving
- 117.15 waters as a direct result of the recently adopted, proposed, or anticipated changes to
- 117.16 water quality standards.
- 117.17 (c) The commissioner shall submit the analysis to the chairs and ranking minority
- 117.18 members of the committees and divisions of the house of representatives and senate with
- 117.19 jurisdiction over water quality standards no later than January 1, 2017.

117.24 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** Paragraph (d) of this section is effective the day following 117.25 final enactment.

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115.12 Sec. 126. S	SUSPENSION OF NEW	' WATER (QUALITY RULES.
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- 115.13 Until the analysis is submitted to the legislature as required under section 125 and
- 115.14 the proposed amendments to Minnesota Rules, chapters 7050 and 7053, regarding total
- 115.15 suspended solids and eutrophication standards proposed and noticed in the State Register
- 115.16 on November 18, 2013, have undergone a new rulemaking process and been submitted
- and approved by the legislature, the amendments to Minnesota Rules, chapters 7050 and
- 115.18 7053, regarding total suspended solids and eutrophication standards, are suspended and
- 115.19 the rules as they were prior to adoption of the amendments remain in effect.

115.20 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the day following final enactment.

115.21 Sec. 127. LAKE WINNIPEG TOTAL MAXIMUM DAILY LOAD.

- 115.22 The commissioner of the Pollution Control Agency must coordinate with North
- 115.23 Dakota and Manitoba to develop a total maximum daily load under section 303(d) of the
- 115.24 Clean Water Act, United States Code, title 33, section 1313(d), for nutrients and suspended
- 115.25 solids entering Lake Winnipeg. The total maximum daily load must include phosphorus
- 115.26 and suspended solids wasteload allocations for point sources and load allocations for
- 115.27 nonpoint sources for sources discharging these pollutants to the Red River of the North
- 115.28 and its tributaries. Phosphorus or suspended solids effluent limits on these point sources
- 115.29 shall be deferred until the total maximum daily load has been subject to public review and
- 115.30 comment and formally approved by the United States Environmental Protection Agency.

115.31 Sec. 128. WILD RICE WATER QUALITY STANDARDS.

- 116.1 (a) Until the commissioner of the Pollution Control Agency adopts the rules to
- 116.2 establish criteria for designating waters subject to a wild rice water quality standard as
- 116.3 required under Laws 2011, First Special Session chapter 2, article 4, section 32, paragraph
- 116.4 (b), and adopts the rule as required under Laws 2011, First Special Session chapter 2,
- 116.5 article 4, section 32, paragraph (a), designating waters containing natural beds of wild rice
- 116.6 that are subject to a wild rice water quality standard and designating the specific times of
- 116.7 year during which the standard applies, the commissioner shall not:
- 116.8 (1) apply the wild rice water quality standard for sulfate in class 4A waters to any
- 116.9 waters, including incorporating the standard or any requirements based on the standard
- 116.10 within any permits, compliance schedules, orders, or other control documents; or
- 116.11 (2) list waters containing natural beds of wild rice as impaired for sulfate under
- 116.12 section 303(d) of the federal Clean Water Act, United States Code, title 33, section 1313.
- 116.13 (b) For the purposes of this section, "waters containing natural beds of wild rice"
- 116.14 has the meaning given in Laws 2011, First Special Session chapter 2, article 4, section
- 116.15 32, paragraph (b).

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- 117.20 (d) Until 45 legislative days after the report is submitted under paragraph (c), the
- 117.21 commissioner of the Pollution Control Agency must not require additional wastewater
- 117.22 treatment at wastewater treatment facilities that are necessary due to the changes in the
- 117.23 agency's water quality rules adopted on August 4, 2014.

116.18 Sec. 62. MINIMUM WATER QUALITY STANDARDS.

- 116.19 Until the Red River of the North water quality strategic plan is completed and
- 116.20 submitted to the legislature according to article 3, section 2, subdivision 2, the Minnesota
- 116.21 Pollution Control Agency must not require a current permittee that discharges to the Red
- 116.22 River of the North to meet standards above the minimum standards for water quality that
- 116.23 are set by the United States Environmental Protection Agency and that are applicable in
- 116.24 North Dakota.

114.15 Sec. 59. WILD RICE WATER QUALITY STANDARDS.

- 114.16 (a) Until the commissioner of the Pollution Control Agency adopts rules refining
- 114.17 the wild rice water quality standard in Minnesota Rules, part 7050.0224, subpart 2,
- 114.18 to incorporate new science and to include criteria for identifying waters and a list of
- 114.19 waters subject to the standard, implementation of the wild rice water quality standard
- 114.20 in Minnesota Rules, part 7050.0224, subpart 2, is limited to the following, unless the
- 114.21 permittee requests additional conditions:
- 114.22 (1) the agency shall ensure that no existing discharge further causes or contributes to
- 114.23 sulfate impacts to wild rice and, to accomplish this, is limited by the following conditions:
- 114.24 (i) the agency shall not require permittees to expend money for design or
- 114.25 implementation of sulfate treatment technologies or other forms of sulfate mitigation; and
- 114.26 (ii) the agency may require sulfate minimization plans in permits;

114.27 (2) the agency shall consider wild rice protection when evaluating proposals for new

114.28 or expanded discharges that include sulfate; and

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116.16 Sec. 129. FEDERAL CLEAN WATER ACT SECTION 404 PERMIT PROGRAM 116.17 FEASIBILITY STUDY.

- 116.18 (a) The Board of Water and Soil Resources and the commissioner of natural
- 116.19 resources shall study the feasibility of the state assuming administration of the section
- 116.20 404 permit program of the federal Clean Water Act. The United States Army Corps of
- 116.21 Engineers, St. Paul District; and the United States Environmental Protection Agency shall
- 116.22 be consulted with during the development of the study. The study shall identify:
- 116.23 (1) the federal requirements for state assumption of the 404 program;
- 116.24 (2) the potential extent of assumption, including those waters that would remain under
- 116.25 the jurisdiction of the United States Army Corps of Engineers due to the prohibition of 404
- 116.26 assumption in certain waters as defined in section 404(g)(1) of the federal Clean Water Act;
- 116.27 (3) differences in waters regulated under Minnesota laws compared to waters of the
- 116.28 United States, including complications and potential solutions to address the current
- 116.29 uncertainties relating to determining waters of the United States;
- 116.30 (4) measures to ensure the protection of aquatic resources consistent with the Clean
- 116.31 Water Act, Wetland Conservation Act, and the public waters program administered by the
- 116.32 Department of Natural Resources;
- 116.33 (5) changes to existing state law, including changes to current implementation
- 116.34 structure and processes, that would need to occur to allow for state assumption of the
- 116.35 404 program;
- 117.1 (6) new agency responsibilities for implementing federal requirements and
- 117.2 procedures that would become the obligation of the state under assumption, including the
- 117.3 staff and resources needed for implementation;
- 117.4 (7) the estimated costs and savings that would accrue to affected units of government;
- 117.5 (8) the effect on application review and approval processes and time frames;

- 114.29 (3) the agency shall not list waters containing natural beds of wild rice as impaired
- 114.30 for sulfate under section 303(d) of the federal Clean Water Act, United States Code, title
- 114.31 33, section 1313, until the rulemaking described in this paragraph takes effect.
- 115.1 (b) Upon the rule described in paragraph (a) taking effect, the agency may reopen
- 115.2 permits issued or reissued after the effective date of this section as needed to include
- 115.3 numeric permit limits based on the wild rice water quality standard.
- 115.4 (c) The commissioner shall complete the rulemaking described in paragraph (a) by
- 115.5 January 15, 2018.
- 115.6 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the day following final enactment.

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- 117.6 (9) alternatives to assumption that would also achieve the goals of regulatory
- 117.7 simplification, efficiency, and reduced permitting times;
- 117.8 (10) options for financing any additional costs of implementation; and
- 117.9 (11) other information as determined by the board and commissioner.
- 117.10 (b) The board and commissioner shall involve stakeholders in the development of
- 117.11 the plan of study consistent with Minnesota Statutes, section 103B.101, subdivision 16.
- 117.12 (c) By January 15, 2017, the board and commissioner must report the study to the
- 117.13 legislative policy and finance committees and divisions with jurisdiction over environment
- 117.14 and natural resources.

117.15 Sec. 130. ANATOMICAL DONATION OPTION ON HUNTING AND FISHING

- 117.16 LICENSES; STUDY.
- 117.17 The commissioner of natural resources, in coordination with the commissioner
- 117.18 of public safety, shall study the feasibility of providing an option on applications for
- 117.19 resident licenses to hunt and fish that allows the applicant to indicate a desire to make an
- 117.20 anatomical gift. The commissioner of natural resources shall submit recommendations
- 117.21 to the chairs and ranking minority members of the house of representatives and senate
- 117.22 committees and divisions with jurisdiction over the environment and natural resources
- 117.23 by December 15, 2015.

117.24 Sec. 131. METROPOLITAN PARKS; INTEREST EARNINGS.

- 117.25 Notwithstanding Laws 1985, First Special Session chapter 15, section 5, subdivision
- 117.26 2, paragraph (b), and Laws 1987, chapter 384, article 3, section 45, the Metropolitan
- 117.27 Council shall use the interest earnings in Laws 1985, First Special Session chapter 15,
- 117.28 section 5, subdivision 2, for the use and betterment of all regional recreational open space
- 117.29 lands under the jurisdiction of the Metropolitan Council.
- 117.30 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective January 1, 2017.
- 117.31 Sec. 132. REFUNDS; YOUTH BEAR LICENSES.
- 118.1 The commissioner of natural resources may issue refunds for youth bear licenses
- 118.2 that were purchased between August 1, 2013, and June 30, 2014, to individuals who were
- 118.3 10, 11, or 12 years old at the time of purchase until June 30, 2016.
- 118.4 Sec. 133. WATER RETENTION PROJECTS.

114.11 Sec. 58. **REFUNDS; YOUTH BEAR LICENSES.**

- 114.12 The commissioner of natural resources may issue refunds for youth bear licenses
- 114.13 that were purchased between August 1, 2013, and June 30, 2014, to individuals who were
- 114.14 10, 11, or 12 years old at the time of purchase.

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- 118.5 By August 1, 2015, the commissioner of natural resources, in cooperation with
- 118.6 the commissioners of agriculture and the Pollution Control Agency, the Board of Water
- 118.7 and Soil Resources, and other interested parties, shall develop proposals for significant
- 118.8 large-scale projects that provide flood water retention, water quality improvements,
- 118.9 nutrient and sediment reduction, and wildlife habitat for submission to the Lessard-Sams
- 118.10 Outdoor Heritage Council, Clean Water Council, and the Legislative-Citizen Commission
- 118.11 on Minnesota Resources for funding in fiscal year 2017. Any deadlines established by the
- 118.12 Lessard-Sams Outdoor Heritage Council, Clean Water Council, or the Legislative-Citizen
- 118.13 Commission on Minnesota Resources are waived for purposes of the submissions.

118.14 Sec. 134. WILD TURKEY CRITICAL HABITAT PLATE.

- 118.15 The commissioner of natural resources and the commissioner of public safety must
- 118.16 select a design depicting wild turkey when selecting designs for the next selection of critical
- 118.17 habitat plates as provided under Minnesota Statutes, section 168.1296, subdivision 2.

118.18 Sec. 135. BASE BUDGET REPORT.

- 118.19 The commissioners of natural resources and the Pollution Control Agency shall each
- 118.20 submit a report that contains the details of their base budgets, including prior appropriation
- 118.21 riders, to the chairs and ranking minority members of the house of representatives and
- senate committees and divisions with jurisdiction over the environment and natural
- 118.23 resources by October 15, 2016.

118.24 Sec. 136. TRANSFERS.

- 118.25 (a) By June 30, 2015, the commissioner of management and budget shall transfer
- 118.26 to the natural resources conservation easement stewardship account, established in
- 118.27 Minnesota Statutes, section 84.69, the remaining balance in the forests for the future
- 118.28 conservation easement account under Minnesota Statutes, section 84.68.
- 118.29 (b) By June 30, 2015, the commissioner of management and budget shall transfer
- 118.30 to the natural resources conservation easement stewardship account, established in
- 118.31 Minnesota Statutes, section 84.69, the following amounts:
- 119.1 (1) \$114,840 from Laws 2011, First Special Session chapter 6, article 1, section
- 119.2 2, subdivision 3, paragraph (a);
- 119.3 (2) \$25,000 from Laws 2012, chapter 264, article 1, section 2, subdivision 5,
- 119.4 paragraph (a); and
- 119.5 (3) \$14,000 from Laws 2013, chapter 137, article 1, section 2, subdivision 2, 119.6 paragraph (c).

113.21 Sec. 56. TRANSFERS.

113.22 (a) On June 30, 2015, the commissioner of management and budget shall transfer

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- 113.23 to the natural resources conservation easement stewardship account, established in
- 113.24 Minnesota Statutes, section 84.69, the remaining balance:
- 113.25 (1) in the forests for the future conservation easement account under section 84.68;
- 113.26 and
- 113.27 (2) of all appropriations to the Department of Natural Resources from the outdoor
- 113.28 heritage fund for the establishment of conservation easement monitoring and enforcement
- 113.29 accounts.
- 113.30 (b) On June 30, 2015, the commissioner of management and budget shall transfer to
- 113.31 the water and soil conservation easement stewardship account, established in Minnesota
- 113.32 Statutes, section 103B.103, the remaining balance of all appropriations to the board from
- 114.1 the outdoor heritage fund for the establishment of conservation easement monitoring
- 114.2 and enforcement accounts.
- 114.3 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the day following final enactment.

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- 119.7 (c) The commissioner of management and budget shall transfer additional
- 119.8 amounts from Laws 2013, chapter 137, article 1, section 2, subdivision 2, paragraph
- 119.9 (c), to the natural resources conservation easement stewardship account, established in
- 119.10 Minnesota Statutes, section 84.69, upon closing on conservation easements funded by the
- 119.11 appropriation, provided that total transfers to the account shall not exceed \$42.000.
- 119.12 (d) The commissioner of management and budget shall transfer amounts from
- 119.13 Laws 2014, chapter 256, article 1, section 2, subdivision 2, paragraph (e), to the natural
- 119.14 resources conservation easement stewardship account, established in Minnesota Statutes.
- 119.15 section 84.69, upon closing on conservation easements funded by the appropriation,
- 119.16 provided that total transfers to the account shall not exceed \$112,000.
- 119.17 (e) By June 30, 2015, the commissioner of management and budget shall transfer to
- 119.18 the water and soil conservation easement stewardship account, established in Minnesota
- 119.19 Statutes, section 103B.103, the following amounts:
- 119.20 (1) \$191,667 from Laws 2011, First Special Session chapter 6, article 1, section
- 119.21 2, subdivision 2, paragraph (c);
- 119.22 (2) \$57,750 from Laws 2011, First Special Session chapter 6, article 1, section
- 119.23 2, subdivision 4, paragraph (a);
- 119.24 (3) \$15,750 from Laws 2011, First Special Session chapter 6, article 1, section
- 119.25 2, subdivision 4, paragraph (c);
- 119.26 (4) \$48,000 from Laws 2012, chapter 264, article 1, section 2, subdivision 2,
- 119.27 paragraph (a);
- 119.28 (5) \$1,821 from Laws 2012, chapter 264, article 1, section 2, subdivision 3,
- 119.29 paragraph (a);
- 119.30 (6) \$26,400 from Laws 2013, chapter 137, article 1, section 2, subdivision 3,
- 119.31 paragraph (b);
- 119.32 (7) \$26,400 from Laws 2013, chapter 137, article 1, section 2, subdivision 2,
- 119.33 paragraph (e);
- 119.34 (8) \$4,800 from Laws 2013, chapter 137, article 1, section 2, subdivision 4,
- 119.35 paragraph (d); and
- 120.1 (9) \$4,500 from Laws 2014, chapter 256, article 1, section 2, subdivision 2,
- 120.2 paragraph (f).

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- 120.3 (f) The commissioner of management and budget shall continue to transfer money,
- 120.4 appropriated to the Board of Water and Soil Resources on or before June 30, 2015,
- 120.5 for conservation easement monitoring and enforcement funds to the water and soil
- 120.6 conservation easement stewardship account, established in Minnesota Statutes, section
- 120.7 103B.103, upon closing on conservation easements, provided that total transfers to the
- 120.8 account shall not exceed the "up to" amount specified in each appropriation.
- 120.9 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** This section is effective the day following final enactment.

115.7 Sec. 60. **WORKING LANDS WATERSHED RESTORATION** 115.8 **IMPLEMENTATION PLAN.**

115.9 (a) The Board of Water and Soil Resources shall develop a detailed plan to

- 115.10 implement Minnesota Statutes, section 103F.519, that includes the following:
- 115.11 (1) selection of pilot watersheds that are expected to best demonstrate water quality
- 115.12 improvements and exhibit readiness to participate in the program;
- 115.13 (2) an assessment of the quantity of agricultural lands that are expected to be eligible
- 115.14 for the program in each watershed;
- 115.15 (3) an assessment of landowner interest in participating in the program;
- 115.16 (4) an assessment of the contract terms and any recommendations for changes to
- 115.17 the terms;
- 115.18 (5) an assessment of the opportunity to leverage federal funds through the program
- 115.19 and recommendations on how to maximize the use of federal funds in the future;
- 115.20 (6) an estimate of water quality improvements resulting from implementation;
- 115.21 (7) an assessment of potential groundwater quantity use of the proposed advanced
- 115.22 biofuel production facilities;
- 115.23 (8) an assessment of how to best integrate implementation with existing conservation
- 115.24 requirements and practices;
- 115.25 (9) a timeline for implementation, coordinated to the extent possible with the
- 115.26 proposed advanced biofuel production facilities; and
- 115.27 (10) a projection of funding sources needed to complete implementation.

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120.10 Sec. 137. REVISOR'S INSTRUCTIONS.

- 120.11 (a) The revisor of statutes shall delete the range reference "88.47 to 88.53" wherever 120.12 it appears in Minnesota Statutes and Minnesota Rules and insert "88.49 to 88.53."
- 120.13 (b) The revisor of statutes shall renumber the subdivisions of Minnesota Statutes,
- 120.14 section 103G.005, to retain alphabetical order and shall correct cross-references to the
- 120.15 renumbered subdivisions.
- 120.16 Sec. 138. REPEALER.
- 120.17 (a) Minnesota Statutes 2014, sections 84.68; 88.47; 88.48; 88.49, subdivisions 1, 2, 120.18 and 10; 88.491, subdivision 1; 88.51, subdivision 2; 116.02, subdivisions 7, 8, and 10; 120.19 and 282.013, are repealed.
- 120.20 (b) Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 86B.13, subdivisions 2 and 4, are repealed.
- 120.21 (c) Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 477A.19, is repealed.
- 120.22 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** Paragraph (b) of this section is effective the day following 120.23 final enactment.

115.28 (b) The board shall coordinate development of the plan with the commissioners of

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- 115.29 natural resources, agriculture, and the Pollution Control Agency. The implementation plan
- 115.30 must be submitted by October 1, 2016, to the chairs and ranking minority members of the
- 115.31 legislative committees and divisions with jurisdiction over agriculture, natural resources,
- 115.32 and environment policy and finance and to the Clean Water Council.

118.3 Sec. 65. REVISOR'S INSTRUCTION.

- 118.4 The revisor of statutes shall renumber the subdivisions of Minnesota Statutes,
- 118.5 section 103G.005, to retain alphabetical order and shall correct cross-references to the
- 118.6 renumbered subdivisions.

118.7 Sec. 66. REPEALER.

- 118.8 (a) Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 84.68, is repealed.
- 118.9 (b) Minnesota Statutes 2014, section 86B.13, subdivisions 2 and 4, are repealed.
- 118.10 (c) Laws 2010, chapter 215, article 3, section 3, subdivision 6, as amended by Laws
 118.11 2010, First Special Session chapter 1, article 6, section 6, Laws 2013, chapter 114, article
 118.12 3, section 9, is repealed.
- 118.13 **EFFECTIVE DATE.** Paragraph (b) of this section is effective the day following 118.14 final enactment.